REVISED FORMS OF VILLAGE ACCOUNTS

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GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU
1976

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REVISED FORMS OF VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.

N.B.—The word "land cess" wherever it occurs in the manual should be taken to include railway cess also.

Register A	Permanent register of fields and of changes therein.
Enclosure to Register A.	Abstract statement exhibiting the total area and assessment of Government and inam lands under each description of land and class of assessment.
Register B	Permanent field register of inams and their changes.
Register B-1	Register of service-tenure grants recognized under the Madras Estates Abolition Act and Devadasi grants dealt with under the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951.
	Permanent register of conditional assignments.
	Register of lands alienated or exempted.
	Register of lands held on lease.
	Register of lands held on progressive cowle.
Statement No. 1	Monthly register of cultivation.
Enclosure A to do. ..	Abstract showing the extent cultivated under different crops and their estimated outturn. Register showing area under tea, coffee and rubber.
Statement No. 2	Annual statement of occupation and cultivation field by field (adangal).
Enclosure A	Statement showing the extent of land occupied or cultivated without darkhast and the charge thereon.
Enclosure B	[Cancelled.]
Enclosure C	Statement of Government plantations and topes.
Enclosure D	Statement showing the area irrigated under certain sources.
Enclosure E	Statement showing particulars of the ayacut and of changes therein.
Enclosure F	Statement showing the classification of the area under different categories.
Statement No. 3	Annual register of changes of entry of fields.
Enclosure A to do. ..	Abstract of changes in the holdings.
Statement No. 4 ..	Statement of beriz deductions.
Statement No. 5—Part I	Remission statement.
Part II	Abstract statement of season and fixed remissions granted.
Part III	Statement of exceptional remissions granted under Board's Standing Order No. 14.
Statement No. 6	Statement of charges for water not included in the taram assessment.
Enclosure A to do. ..	Posting statement of charges for water.
Statement No. 7 ..	Statement of miscellaneous revenue.

Statement No. 8 ..	[Cancelled.]
Statement No. 8-A ..	Statement of lands irrigated under works of classes I and II.
Statement No. 8-B ..	Statement of lands irrigated under works of class III.
Statement No. 9 ..	Statement of local and special funds other than those collected on ryotwari lands and also of local and special funds levied on unrelinquished eroded lands and for extra charge for achukattu cultivation.
Statement No. 10 ..	Individual chitta or settlement of each individual.
Enclosure A to do. ..	Statement showing the names of deceased pattadars and the individuals in whose names pattas have to be issued.
Enclosure B to do. ..	Register of changes in revenue registry.
Enclosure C to do. ..	Subsidiary register maintained by the karnams for transfer of revenue registry.
Enclosure D to do. ..	Karnams' progress report showing the detection of unregistered cases of transfer of revenue registry.
Statement No. 11 ..	Form of patta.
Enclosure A to do. ..	Form of patta for miscellaneous revenue.
Statement No. 12	Abstract statement of settlement for the whole village.
Statement No. 13 ..	Chitta of daily collections.
Statement No. 14 ..	Abstract of daily collections from each individual.
Enclosure A to do. ..	Demand, collection and balance statement for the entire village.
Enclosure B to do. ..	Detailed statement of irrecoverable arrears.
Enclosure C to do. ..	Statement of overpayments.
Statement No. 15 ..	Remittance list
Statement No. 16 ..	Statement showing the liability of each individual at the end of each month.
Statement No. 17 ..	Monthly demand, collection and balance of interest.
Statement No. 18 ..	Form of receipt.
Statement No. 19 ..	Daily register of births and deaths, statistics of cattle disease and mortality and nominal list of unprotected children.
Statement No. 20 ..	Statement of rainfall and water-supply.
Statement No. 21 ..	Statement showing the agricultural stock.
Statement No. 22 ..	[Abolished.]
Statement No. 23 ..	Statement showing the number of holdings of various values held in the village.
Statement No. 24 ..	Statement of minerals worked in the village.

RULES FOR THE GUIDANCE OF KARNAMS IN THE USE OF THE REVISED FORMS OF VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.

Permanent Register A.

This is the permanent register of fields and of changes therein. In villages for which printed copies of the settlement diglott register and memoir are available, these constitute the permanent A register. For other villages pending the issue of the settlement registers the A register should be in the form given in this manual. The column of remarks should state the nature of poramboke lands, particulars regarding archaeological remains, and mention constructions of a permanent nature such as indigo vats, buildings, wells, channels or embankments used for irrigation and the like, as well as all alterations or additions thereto. In the case of private works of irrigation other than wells, the number and date of the Collector's order sanctioning their construction should invariably be quoted. Particulars of wells constructed, such as the nature and condition of the well with its dimensions and the normal depth of the water and its irrigating capacity, should be entered in the remarks column of this register. The word "Reserved" should be entered in the column of remarks against all lands of the following descriptions which are ordered to be reserved in the Board's Standing Orders on the ground that their assignment is objectionable : (*a*) land which although assessed has been reserved for Government, village or other special purposes; (*b*) lands reserved under rule 5 of the rules under section 20 of the Forest Act; (*c*) lands within port limits; and (*d*) assessed waste lands and all lands including village-site which are or may become at the disposal of Government by relinquishment, escheat, etc., situated within half a mile of the boundary of a railway station. Lands of this class should also be formally transferred to poramboke. Whatever be the form of the permanent registers, all alterations of a permanent nature subsequent to the settlement, such as inam lands transferred to Government, "dry" lands transferred to "wet" and *vice versa*, transfers of portions of registered fields, should be entered up to date in the column of remarks with the number and date of the order sanctioning the change. Thus all cases of subdivisions sanctioned from time to time should be entered in the Permanent Register A with particulars as to extent and assessment and, where necessary, taram, description, etc. In the case of interleaved registers, the entries should be made on the blank sheets against the survey number concerned. When new fields are formed and given number in continuation of the last number of the village, these numbers should be entered not merely against the original numbers out of which they were formed but also at the end of the register in serial order. Similarly, every conditional assignment should be entered in the remarks column thus : conditionally assigned—*see* order

dated . The entries should be made at the same time as the assignments are entered in the permanent register of conditional assignments. When space is insufficient to note changes, additional blank sheets may be inserted. Space may be economized by using abbreviations of revenue terms, for instance, D for dry, W for wet, P for poramboke, and so on. In column (8) of the manual form, the description of the soil as well as class and sort of the land should be given. The karnam should compare the entries in the adangal with those in the printed settlement register as soon as the latter is received and should enter in a separate book all errors he may detect, giving briefly in a remark column the explanation of each discrepancy as it appears to him. At jamabandi, the variations should be all reconciled.

In column (13) of the register, the number and name of the registered ryotwari holder, inamdar or holder in the case of enfranchised inams, and unenfranchised personal inams should be entered. In the case of other inams, the names of the institutions, or works and the nature of service alone should be shown.

State lands vested in local bodies or alienated to them or to private individuals or private institutions for specific purposes free of assessment should be registered as poramboke with their description such as roads, tanks, choultry, school, etc., noted in the remarks column in the case of lands alienated free of assessment the following entry should also be made in the remarks column :—

"Alienated to (name of local body, private individual or private institutions) for (purpose) free of assessment in (number and date of order)".

State lands alienated to local bodies, private individuals or private institutions for specific purposes on payment of assessment should be registered in the name of the local body, private individual or private institution and the following entry made in the remarks column :—

"Alienated to the local body, private individual or private institution for (purpose) subject to assessment in (number and date of order)."

A miscellaneous patta should be issued to the local body, private individual or private institution in respect of such lands and the assessment thereon brought to Statement No. 7.

Lands acquired by local bodies or on behalf of private individuals or private institutions under the Land Acquisition Act and lands acquired by local bodies by private purchase should be registered in the name of the local body, private individual or private institution, the following entry being made in the remarks column in the case of lands acquired under the Act :—

"Acquired by the local body or on behalf of the private individual or private institution for (purpose) in (number and date of award)." If land revenue is alienated in the case of such lands the following entry should be made in the remarks column :—

"Land revenue alienated in (number and date of order)."

The land revenue alienated should be shown as a fixed remission and brought to Statement No. 5 and remitted at jamabandi.

Private house-sites acquired by local bodies for public purposes should be registered as poramboke with their description such as roads, streets, school, etc., noted in the remarks column. The entry "acquired by the (local body) for (purpose) in (number and date of award)" should also be made in the remarks column.

In the case of inam land columns (5) to (12) will be written up on the basis of the description in the *inam register in the Collector's office* and the current taram rates. Where the settlement description of the land is different, the settlement description and the appropriate taram assessment should be noted in the remarks column.

In the case of villages settled under the Estates Abolition Act, entries should be made in the body of this register in respect of the lands brought to the "Special Register of service-tenure lands and devadasi inams" regarding soil classification, description, taram, assessment, etc., with reference to the state of things on ground. Brief entries should be made in the "Remarks" column specifying the amount actually payable to the Government and the nature of the grant, the date and number of the order of the Assistant Settlement Officer, recognizing the grant under the Estates Abolition Act or the Collector levying the rent under Act XIX of 1951 according as the case relates to service-tenure grants or devadasi inams.

This register should be maintained in duplicate, one register being kept in the taluk office and the other by the karnam. When a change is entered in the village copy, it should also be carried out in the taluk copy. For detailed instructions regarding the procedure to be followed in carrying out permanent changes in the village and taluk copies, *see* Board's Standing Order No. 34-A, paragraph 13 (*b*) and also the instructions contained in the Manual of Taluk Accounts for the maintenance of Nos. 7

and 8-A registers. All changes in the taluk copy of the register should invariably be attested by the Tahsildar or Taluk Head Accountant. At the time of jamabandi the village and taluk copies of the A register should be carefully tallied in respect of all changes except those involving subdivisions which are still pending incorporation in the taluk copy of the Field Measurement Book.

In villages included wholly in a municipality which has been surveyed on the town survey system, the permanent A register will be written according to the town survey numbers in order of wards and survey numbers. Each town survey number will be given a separate line, showing its tenure and area. But no details will be entered in respect of private holdings which pay no revenue to Government. In villages partly within and partly without a municipality, the permanent A register will be in two parts, that for the part within the municipality being in the above form and that for the part outside, in the ordinary form.

In villages in which there are lands accepted by the Government of Madras to be military lands, the words " Military land (Government of India) " should be entered against the survey number of such land in the "Remarks" column leaving all the other columns except column 11 (extent) blank. The nature and description of each such land (e.g., rifle range, camping ground, barracks, parade ground, etc.), should also be entered in that column.

Enclosure to Register A.

This is an abstract of register A showing the extent of land under each description and rate of assessment. Government land should be exhibited separately under " occupied " and " unoccupied ". The abstract should changes, if any, which may have occurred since the survey and it should thereafter be revised annually. The revision need however be confined only to the enclosure to the village copy of the register.

When copies of the settlement register are received, register A and its enclosure should be deposited in the taluk cutcherry.

Permanent Register B.

1. *General instructions.*—Register B is the permanent field register of inams. The title-deeds should be arranged under the different descriptions of inam to which they belong, viz., religious, charitable, personal, service and dasabandam and the fields under each title-deed should be shown against it. The numbèr of title-deed, not that of ayan patta, should be noted in column (2). The description as wet and dry and single and double crop in columns (5) and (6) respectively should correspond with that given in the main register in the collector's office. Where there has been change in the description of the land since the quit-rent was fixed, note the fact in the remarks column of this register as well as of register A and adopt the description in columns (5) and (6) of register B in all the other village accounts. In column (8) should be shown the current assessment in all cases except (i) where no settlement assessment has been fixed in which case the assessment is to be fixed by the Collector with reference to the settlement rate for similar land in the neighbourhood; (ii) where there has been a change in the description of any or all of the fields composing the inam since the issue of the title-deed, in which case the current assessment appropriate to the description of the land as given at the inam settlement should be entered in column (8), the settlement description of the land and assessment being entered in the remarks column. The amount of quit-rent entered in the register must be exclusive of land-cess and any other miscellaneous charges such as kaval fees. Any difference there may be between the amount of quit-rent shown in this register and that shown in the vernacular quit-rent register should be accounted for in the abstract form entered for the purpose at the foot of the register. The figures in the abstract should agree with the totals in

village statement No. 7. Alterations of a permanent nature subsequent to the preparation of the register should, as in regiser A, be noted in the column of remarks with the number and date of the order sanctioning the change.

2. (i) *Apportionment of quit-rent.*—The quit-rent must not be entered in lump, but must be apportioned to each field constituting the inam. The object of the apportionment once for all is to secure a correct record for reference and for revision of quit-rent when changes take place in the inam holdings by relinquishments, transfers and the like. Where quit-rent has already been apportioned on an assessment other than the current assessment, note the fact in the remarks column as well as the assessment on which the quite-rent has been apportioned. Where quit-rent has not already been apportioned, it should be apportioned on the basis of the current assessment, that is, the assessment in force at the time of making the apportionment. In cases where the description of the land in columns (5) and (6) of the register has been altered subsequent to the grant, the apportionment should be made on the current assessment appropriate to the description of the land as given at the inam settlement. Subject to the provisions in clause (iv) below, an apportionment once made is not liable to revision, except in the case of village service inams in proprietary estates enfranchised under Madras Act II of 1894.

(ii) *Apportionment of excess charge.*—Column (10) should give the assessment charged upon excess found in the inam subsequent to the inam settlement under Board's Standing Order No. 61. In determining this assessment for the excess area, the current assessment on the excess or deficiency in each field will be worked out and the resulting net excess will be charged. Such net excess charge will then be apportioned among such of the fields only as shown excess areas.

(iii) *Apportionment of kaval fees.*—Kaval fees, if any, should be apportioned on each field and shown in the remarks column. Any apportionment of kaval fees newly to be made should be made with reference to the assessment of the fields as shown in column (8) of the register.

(iv) *Apportionment to be carried down to Paise.*—The apportionment should be carried down to Paise, fractions of over half a Paise begin rounded to the next higher Paise and those of half a Paise and below being omitted. When the inam comes to be actually subdivided as a result of acquisition, relinquishment or resumption and is in consequence reduced in area, the quit-rent on the total area which continues as inam should be calculated in the case of village service inams in accordance with rule XXI—note 4, and in the case of other inams in accordance with rule VIII of the inam rules in Appendix I to Board's Standing Order No. 52 and the rounded quit-rent apportioned on the survey fields and subdivisions constituting the inam. When, however, the subdivision is the result of sale or partition and the total area of the inam remains thus undiminished, there should be no rounding of quit-rent. I both cases the apportionment will be carried down to Paise. When an inam has been enfranchised and a quit-rent equal to the full assessment has been imposed subject to revision at resettlements, the quit-rent fixed on the area subdivided should be equal to the assessment that would be payable on it if it were assessed at ordinary ryotwari rates.

(G.O. Ms. No. 2082, Revenue, dated 6th June 1958.)

3. *Disposal of the register.*—This register should be prepared in duplicate and a copy deposited in the taluk; when a change is noted in the village copy of the register, it should also be carried out in the taluk copy. At jamabandi the two copies should be compared. When the register is re-written the old one should also be deposited in the taluk cutcherry.

Permanent Register B-I.

This is a special register distinct from the permanent B register for T.D. inams and relates only to villages settled under the Madras Estates (Abolition and Conversion into Ryotwari) Act, 1948 (Act XXVI of 1948). This register should be maintained in

two parts. Part I containing the cases recognized under section 17 (1) (*b*) and (2) of the Madras Estates (Abolition and Conversion into Ryotwari) Act, 1948 (Act XXVI of 1948), and Part II containing devadasi inams enfranchised under section 34 (2) of the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951 (Act XIX of 1951).

Part I will be maintained in five sections as follows :—

I Religious grants.

II Charitable grants.

III Village service grants.

IV Dasabandam grants.

V Other grants not covered by sections I to IV.

Part II.—This part deals with Devadasi inams dealt with under section 34 (2) of the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951 and will contain particulars of lands held by devadasis on conditions of service in temples which are enfranchised or freed under the Act.

The taram assessment should be shown in column (10) on the basis of which only cess should be charged. The gross rent fixed on the land by the Collector under section 34 (2) of the Act XIX of 1951 should be shown in column 10 (*a*). The amount payable to the Government, i.e., the jodi that was formerly payable by the devadasi to the landholder should be shown in column (11). The net amount payable to the devadasi or for the religious institutions, as the case may be, i.e., the amount arrived at by substracting the amount payable to the Government by the holder of the land from the gross rent fixed by the Collector should be shown in column 11 (*a*). This amount should be paid as beriz deduction to the devadasi during her lifetime, and then to the temple concerned. A note of the above should be recorded in column 14 of the register. The amount in column 10 (*a*). i.e., the gross amount to be collected from the holder of the land should be shown in Village Account No. 7 (Miscellaneous Revenue) and the net amount to be paid out [shown in column 11 (*a*)] should be shown in the corresponding village Account No. and Taluk Account No. 10 as beriz deduction.

The register should be maintained in duplicate, one copy being kept in Taluk office and one with the karnam and both the registers should be compared at jamabandi. When the register is re-written, the old one should be deposited in the Taluk office. This permanent Register B-1 will be supplied by the Settlement Party along with other fair accounts.

NOTE.—As regards the question as to the person in whose name the enfranchised inam should be shown, the Settlement Officers and Assistant Settlement Officers will be guided by the registry on the notified date with reference to the orders of the Collector and the person from whom the rent fixed by the Collector has all these days been collected. All cases of doubt will, however, be referred to the Collector by the Settlement Officers.

Register of conditional assignments.—This is a permanent register of conditional assignments corresponding to the taluk permanent register D. It should be written up in the form of one register in six sections : section I will relate to conditional assignments to Scheduled Castes, Section II to conditional assignments to military and ex-military men, section III to assignments of land affected by irrigation projects as contemplated in Board's Standing Order No. 15-22 (3), section IV to grants under special house-site rules, section V to cowles granted under paragraph 1 of Board's Standing Order No. 19 and other conditional grants and section VI to assignments made to political sufferers under G.O. No. 3102, Revenue, dated 23rd December 1947.

In the case of sections I to IV and VI and in section V in the case of cowles granted under the rules governing them is inserted at the beginning of each section and if an entry under paragraph 1 of Board's Standing Order No. 19, it will be sufficient if a specimen printed from containing the special conditions normally applicable to every such grant is made in column (6) in the case of each such assignment that it is governed by the conditions in the specimen form at the beginning of the section and if any special conditions

governing a particular case are noted in full in the same column. Against cases falling under section V other than cowles granted under paragraph 1 of Board's Standing Order No. 19 the conditions of each grant should be noted in full. In the case of assignments of valuable lands to the Scheduled Castes subject to payment of value in instalments, the karnams should note in section I of the register the amount collected and the date of collection in the appropriate columns as each instalment is paid at the same time as he posts the collections from Village Account No. 13 to Village Account No. 14 and then send an extract from the village register to the Taluk office with the remittance list and fair chitta. The notes of inspection of private topes (Board's Standing Order No 19-1) by Revenue Inspectors, Deputy Tahsildars and Tahsildars should be entered briefly in the remarks column in section V.

This is a register of house-sites acquired and assigned to the Scheduled Castes under G.O. No. 52, Revenue, dated 7th January 1928.

Register of alienations.—This is a permanent register of lands alienated or exempted from assessment corresponding to the Taluk Register F. Cowles granted under paragraph 2 of Board's Standing Order No. 19 should be entered in this register. Exemptions from land revenue sanctioned under section II of Board's Standing Order No. 24 in favour of any person, institution or local body should also be entered in this register.

Register of lands held on leases.—This is a permanent register of lands held on lease corresponding to Taluk Register C. It should be written up in three sections: section I relating to long-term leases, section II to short-term leases and section III to grants of land sanctioned under Board's Standing Order No. 24-A. Leases of five years and less will be classed as short-term leases and leases for periods exceeding five years as long-term leases.

Village Cowle Register.—This is a permanent register of lands held on progressive cowle and corresponds to Taluk Register No. 13. The details of the fields, the dates and terms on which they were granted, and other particulars should be posted with reference to the order sanctioning the cowle. Cowles granted for plantations of topes should not be entered in this account.

STATEMENT NO. 1.

Statement No. 1 is the monthly register of cultivation in the village. It constitutes the monthly return rendered to the Taluk office.

The figures from the adangal (Statement No. 2) should be posted in Statement No. 1 according to the following rules.

Statement No. 1 should be written separately for each month, the name of the month appearing at the head of each month's entries. The statement should include both Government and inam and it should be written up in the order of crops given in column (1) of the Enclosure A to Statement No. 1, only such of the crops being entered in column (1) as have been cultivated in the village. Each variety of cotton in the following districts, viz., Cambodia, Nadam, Uppam and Bourbon in Salem and Tiruchirappalli, Cambodia, Karunganni, Uppam, Nadam and Bourbon in Coimbatore and Cambodia, Tinnevellies, Karunganni and Uppam in Madurai, Ramanathapuram and Tirunelveli should be entered as separate crops both in the adangal and account No. 1 maintained in these districts. The following should be entered as separate crops in this statement :—

(1) Summer groundnut, irrigated.

(2) Summer groundnut, unirrigated.

(3) Monsoon groundnut, irrigated.

(4) Monsoon groundnut, unirrigated.

(5) Sugarcane planted.

(6) Sugarcane rato--

(7) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.
(8) All other varieties of Nicotiana tabacum
(9) Nicotiana rustica.
(10) Chillies.
(11) Ginger.
(12) Onions.

There should be separate sections under each crop for the area cultivated in each description of land "wet", "dry" and "poramboke". The area cultivated under each crop should be posted from the adangal. Columns (3) and (4) should show the total area cultivated (i.e., both irrigated and unirrigated) under each crop in each survey number and subdivision. Columns (5) and (6) should show the area irrigated in each field out of those shown in columns (3) and (4) as well as areas cultivated with unirrigated crops in previous months but brought under irrigation during the month. In each month the total area cultivated in the month and up to the month must be entered under each crop. In the districts of North Arcot, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Tiruchirappalli, Madurai, Ramanathapuram and Tirunelveli, the area under cotton standing on the ground for Kar or second pickings and its estimated outturn in Paise should be recorded separately in the statement for June. In the district of Madurai, the area under ginger standing on the ground and its estimated outturn in naya Paise (in terms of dried ginger) should be separately recorded in the statements for the months of August, December and January. At the end of the statement, a grand total should be struck showing the area cultivated in and up to the month under all the crops in each description of land and the total cultivated area in the village.

(G.O. Ms. No. 2082, Revenue, dated 6th June 1958.)

The statement should be dated and signed by the karnam and despatched to the Revenue Inspector punctually before the 25th of every month to be returned with his signature and date after making the necessary entries in his abstract which has to be sent to the taluk. The account should be checked with Statement No. 20 (season report), to see if cultivation, wet or dry, has followed rainfall. The Revenue Inspector should not only initial these returns, but also write therein such remarks regarding the accuracy of the accounts, the prospects and condition of crops, etc., as may be necessary and relevant. Tahsildars should also do the same whenever they visit a village. The karnam will be held solely responsible for the accuracy of the return and his signature alone should be affixed to it. The village munsif is, however, competent to call upon the karnam to explain if any particular field has been entered or not and should report to the Tahsildar any concealment or omission of cultivation which he may detect. The account should be carried on to the end of March every year: and all lands sown or planted after that date should be shown in the next year's account as they are generally brought to harvest in the next fasli. If, however, all or portions of any crops cultivated after March are harvested before the end of June, such area should be deducted from the accounts up to June and added to those for the previous March in supplemental return.

The area of crops (sugarcane, groundnut, etc.) which are planted or sown before the end of March and are standing on the ground at the end of June should be deducted from the accounts up to March and added to those for the following July. These monthly returns should be finally deposited in the taluk two months after the close of the fasli to which they relate.

(Copy of No. F-1-3292/66-1, dated 11th May 1965.)

Amendment.

(i) Page 9—Instructions for preparation of Enclosure A to Statement No. 1—

(*a*) In the seventh sentence beginning with " It should be renumbered, etc. " for the number and letters " 75 naye Paise " substitute the numbers and letters " 100 per cent ".

(*b*) In the tenth and eleventh sentences, for the words " naye Paise " substitute the word " percentage ".

Enclosure A to Statement No. 1.

This is an abstract statement of the area under different crops and the estimated outturn of produce. The area reported in this return should include Government and inam lands, dry, wet and poramboke, first, second and third crops until the whole area sown in the village has been brought to harvest and the totals in this account should agree with those in No. 1. Column (2) should show the area under each crop shown in Account No. 1. Particulars for columns (2) to (10) should be furnished separately for the irrigated and unirrigated area under each of the several varieties of cotton in the districts referred to in the instructions for the preparation of Village Account No. 1. Particulars for columns (2) to (9) should be furnished separately for the areas under planted sugarcane, ratoon, sugarcane, tobacco—Virginia variety of *Nicotiana tabacum*—all other varieties of *Nicotiana tabacum*—*Nicotiana rustica*. In respect of the tracts shown in the margin particulars for columns (2) to (10) should be furnished separately for irrigated groundnut sown during the months January to May and for the other varieties of groundnut. Particulars for columns (3) to (8) should be based on the entries made in the Statement No. 2. It should be remembered that a normal crop should be represented by "100 per cent". In column (9) the area under the crop standing at the end of the month should be entered and in column (10) the condition of the standing crop should be noted as good, normal, fair, poor or bad. The totals of the area in columns (8) and (9) should agree with the area shown in column (2). In the districts of North Arcot, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Tiruchirappalli, Madurai, Ramanathapuram and Tirunelveli, the karnam should also enter separate particulars regarding area under cotton standing on the ground for Kar or second pickings and its estimated outturn in naye Paise in the statement for June. In the district of Madurai, the area under ginger standing on the ground and its estimated outturn in naye Paise (in terms of dried ginger) should be separately recorded in the statements for the months of August, December and January. This account should be maintained from month to month and must be forwarded to the Revenue Inspector with the culivation account for his examination and he should note therein such remarks as he may think necessary with reference to his own personal observation made during the month.

Districts. (1)	*Taluks.* (2)
South Arcot	Whole district.
North Arcot	Whole district.
Thanjavur	Whole district.
Chingleput	Ponneri. Tiruvallur. Chingleput.
Tiruchirappalli	Karur. Udaiyarpalayam. Kulittali.
Madurai	Dindigul. Palani. Periyakulam. Tirumangalam.
Ramanathapuram ..	Srivilliputhur. Aruppukkottai.

In the districts mentioned in the table below, the karnam shall prepare returns in duplicate showing the area under tea and rubber on 31st December and the area under coffee on 30th June in the forms prescribed, separately for tea, coffee and rubber and send one copy of each return to the Taluk office through the Revenue Inspector by 25th January in the case of tea and rubber and 25th July in the case of coffee. Separate returns should be sent for each crop and the totals for the several columns should be struck at the end of each return :—

Crop.	*Districts in which the crop is important.*
Tea	Coimbatore, Madurai and Tirunelveli.
Coffee	Salem, Coimbatore, Madurai and Tirunelveli.
Rubber	Salem.

(G.O. Ms. No. 2082, Revenue, dated 6th June 1958.)

Statement No. 2.

Statement No. 2 is the annual statement of occupation and cultivation field by field. It is intended to give all the particulars required for azmoish and the jamabandi and all second-crop cultivation including cultivation of dry land under wells, whether charged for or not. It should be prepared from the commencement of the fasli. The fields should be entered in the accounts under the following groups and sections in the order of their survey numbers and subdivisions within each group and section save that, under " wet ", registered double crop and compounded double crop fields should be entered first and separately from the registered single crop :—

I. Government—

(a) Wet.

(b) Dry.

(c) Poramboke.

II. Inam—

(a) Wet.

(b) Dry.

The wet fields should be further grouped under the particular irrigation source under which they are registered. Should the actual source of irrigation in any year be other than the registered source, the fact must be noted in the column of remarks against the field, if the entire cultivated area in the field is so irrigated, but if part only of that area is so irrigated, that part should be entered in the account in a separate line and the necessary remark made against that line. In making these remarks, in the case of wells supplementing other irrigation they should be described by stating the survey number (and letter, if any) of the fields in which they are respectively situated. The irrigation under wells having independent wet ayacuts should be entered separately under " wet " after other sources are written up. All other wells either in wet, dry or poramboke should be noted in the remarks column of the adangal against the survey numbers in which they are situated. In special tracts like the Periyar-irrigated villages, where, though most of the lands are classed as "dry" they are irrigated every year from the Government of source irrigation and wet crops are raised under them, such dry fields also should be grouped according to their actual source of irrigation. In villages where unsurveyed or unassessed areas exist, these will be treated as an extra subdivision under " I. Government " preceding the poramboke areas thus—

(c) (i) Forest.

(ii) Other porambokes.

In villages in which there are lands accepted by the Government of Madras to be military lands those lands with their extents should be entered, after poramboke lands in a separate section under the heading " Military lands " the nature and description of each such land (e.g., rifle range, camping ground, barracks, parade ground, etc.) being specified in the " Remarks column."

Each sub-number will, in this account, be treated as a separate field. For each field sufficient space must be allowed between the lines to admit of the entry on separate lines of portions of fields on which different crops are raised. But in villages included in whole or in part within a municipality which has been surveyed on the town survey system, the town survey numbers which are natham poramboke in private occupation need not be shown as separate fields; it is sufficient, if, at the end of the " other porambokes section ", an entry " natham poramboke in private occupation " with the total area is made. When any such field or part of such a field is acquired or transferred to any other category, the area acquired or transferred should be deducted from the total area when the next year's adangal is written, the part or field acquired or transferred being

shown separately in the appropriate section of the adangal. In villages where house-sites have been acquired and assigned to the Scheduled Classes, the lands covered by the grants should be entered in a separate sub-section under the heading " other porambokes ". In column (2) of the statement, the site number according to the layout plan should be entered and the name of the guarantee should be entered in column (6). Azmoishing Officer should inspect these sites to see whether there has been any breach of the conditions of the grants.

The first five columns will be filled up from the previous year's records. All changes of entry due to relinquishments, transfers, etc., that may be sanctioned and recorded in the settlement register and Statement No. 3 should be noted in the respective columns. In column (6), the name of the registered-holder or inamdar or the person occupying the land with or without permission should be entered; where the land has been brought in by the Government, the fact should be noted in this column. Where land has escheated to the Government and awaits final disposal, the words " The State of Tamil Nadu (Escheat) " should be entered in column (6).

In cases of occupation of land not registered in holdings, whether cultivation takes place or not and whether the occupation is with or without permission, full particulars of extent and assessment should, as soon as occupation takes place, be entered in column (17).

The entries in column (4) will be exclusive of water-rate on dry lands or on dry crops watered or for second crop, except where the latter is compounded and included in assessment. These charges will appear in Statement No. 6 provided for the purpose. In the case of inams, the assessment fixed at the time of inam settlement will appear in column (4) and the inam description in column (5); where the assessment and the description (wet, single or double crop or dry) in the inam title deeds differ from those given in the settlement register, the settlement assessment alone should appear in column (4), while in column (5) the settlement description should be entered as well as the inam description, the two being differentiated by prefixing the letters " S " and " I " respectively. Columns (7) to (16) should be filled in as indicated below.

The karnam is to proceed to the fields in the latter half of the month and after inspecting them, to enter against the respective survey fields in the adangal the actual cultivation, if any, during the month. The entries, if made in pencil, should be inked on the same day. The following should be entered as separate crops in this statement :—

(1) Summer groundnut, irrigated.

(2) Summer groundnut, unirrigated.

(3) Monsoon groundnut, irrigated.

(4) Monsoon groundnut, unirrigated.

(5) Sugarcane planted.

(6) Sugarcane ratoon.

(7) Tobacco—*Nicotiana rustica.*

(8) Tobacco —*Nicotian tabacum* —Virginia types (flue cured).

(9) Tobacco—*Nicotiana tabacum* —Desi types (sun cured).

Should different portions of one and the same number be cultivated with different species of crop in the same month or irrigated by different sources, a distinct line should be allotted to each such portion; where two or more crops are sown in rows, i.e., each crop in a separate row or where a mixture of seed is sown, the area occupied by each should be estimated by the karnam. In cases where a second crop such as groundnut is sown amongst an already standing crop and where such crop occupies the land long after the first crop has been harvested, it should be treated as a second crop grown on the same field. If any of the fields are cultivated in one month and irrigated in a subse-

quent month, the fact of irrigation, the extent irrigated where it is less than the extent already recorded and the month and source of irrigation with particulars of "lift" or "flow" should be clearly stated in column (17) of this statement against the field in question. Care should be taken that the entire cultivation is recorded in the month in which it takes place, whether cultivated after March or not and whether the crops grown thereon are likely to be harvested or not before the end of June. It may here be explained that it will not be necessary for the karnams to measure every field. Where the entire number or a registered subdivision thereof is cultivated, its area according to the settlement register will be recorded. Where part of a number or subdivision thereof is cultivated, the area to be recorded may be estimated, where no charge for water has to be imposed; but all part field cultivation, in which a charge for water has to be imposed, must be measured. It should be remembered that all lands cultivated for the first time in the fasli should be entered under first crop and land cultivated for the second and third time under second or third crop. A third crop being rare, no separate column has been provided, but when required, an additional column may be opened. Land cultivated with cholam, varagu, korra, samai, etc., should be entered under "kharif" if sown during the period June to October and under "rabi" if sown during the period November to May. Cumbu, ragi and maize need not be classified as kharif or rabi.

It may be that, in some districts, the first crop is less important than the second, but this should make no difference in the classification of cultivation into first and second crop. Land cultivated a second time should be entered whether the crop is liable to charge or not. For instance, a second dry crop raised without the aid of Government source of irrigation on dry land though not liable to a charge should be shown. The karnam will, in the course of his monthly inspection, note which fields have been harvested since his last inspection and enter the month of harvest with the estimated outturn in columns (10), (11) or (15) and (16) of this statement, as the case may be. Lands containing such permanent crops as topes, coconut trees, etc., should be shown as under cultivation in the first month of the fasli, viz., July.

The following lands also should be shown as under cultivation in July :—

(*a*) Lands on which crops (sugarcane, groundnut, etc.) planted or sown before the end of March are standing on the ground at the end of June.

(*b*) Lands on which cotton crops are standing at the end of the June or second pickings.

In column (17), the karnam is to note those particulars to which it is necessary to draw the attention of the inspecting officer, such as shavi, short produce, relinquishments, transfers, etc., where in the case of I and II works, the first crop on wet fields is irrigated by lift, the word "lift" should be written in this column to enable the total of such areas under each source to be readily calculated for No. 8-A account. Particulars regarding the period and amount of lease and the conditions of grant in respect of lands held on long-term leases, cowles and conditional grants should be noted in this column. The word "Reserved" should be entered in column (17) (remarks of the karnam) against all lands of the following descriptions which are ordered to be reserved in the Board's Standing Orders on the ground that their assignment is objectionable :—

(*a*) Land which although assessed has been reserved for Government, village or other special purposes;

(*b*) land reserved under rule 5 of the rules under section 26 of Forest Act;

(*c*) land within port limits; and

(*d*) assessed waste lands and all lands including village-site which are or may become at the disposal of Government by relinquishment, escheat, etc., situated within half a mile of the boundary of a railway station. Lands of this class should also be formally transferred to poramboke.

If the land belongs to a soldier, who is still in service, the fact should also be noted by the karnam in this column in all cases, whether the land is owned by him singly or jointly and whether it has been assigned to him for service during the war or has been inherited by him or acquired by him by sale, gift or otherwise, so that action may be taken in accordance with the note under paragraph 32, Chapter IV of the Village Officers' and Ryots' Manual and Note (2) to B.S.O. No. 41-8.

State lands vested in local bodies or alienated to them or to private individuals or private institutions for specific purposes free of assessment should be registered as poramboke with their description such as roads, tanks, choultry, school, etc., noted in column (17). In the case of lands alienated free of assessment the name of the local body, private individual or private institution should be entered in column (6) and the following entry made in column (17) :—

"Alienated to the local body or private individual or private institution for (purposes) free of assessment in (number and date of order)."

State lands alienated to local bodies or private individuals or private institutions subject to the payment of assessment should be registered in the name of the local body or private individual or private institution and the following entry made in column (17) :—

"Alienated to the local body or private individual or private institution for (purpose) subject to assessment in (number and date of order)."

Lands acquired by local bodies either by private purchase or under the Land Acquisition Act and lands acquired on behalf of private individuals or private institutions under the Land Acquisition Act should be registered in the name of the local body or private individual or private institution concerned, the following entry being made in column (17) in the case of lands acquired under the Act : "Acquired by the local body or on behalf of the private individual or the private institution for (purpose) in (number and date of award)." If land revenue is alienated in the case of such lands the following additional entry should be made in column (17) :—

"Land revenue alienated in (number and date of order)."

Private house-sites acquired by local bodies for public purposes should be registered as poramboke, with their description such as roads, streets, schools, etc., noted in the remarks column. The entry "acquired by the (local body) for (purpose) in (number and date of award)" should also be noted in the remarks column.

The Revenue Inspector, on his tours, should go over the fields with the statement in his hand, verifying the entries, correcting them where they are erroneous, noting with fieldwar particulars any omitted cultivation and entering any remarks he may have to make in column (18). He should affix his initials and date against every field thus inspected. He should pay particular attention to cases of dry lands irrigated with Government water, cultivation of poramboke, and the like and make a note thereof affixing the date and his signature to it. At the end of the statement, blank pages will be left in which the Revenue Inspector will enter on the occasion of his visit the general results of his inspection specifying the condition of the crop of the people and cattle, the state of water-supply and note which portions of the village he may have inspected. Other azmoishing officers will also similarly enter their remarks on the occasion of their visit to the village. For the purpose of jamabandi, the Tahsildar will send the karnam an order stating the date by which the account should be closed. The karnam should then bring the account up to that date, total each group and section and affix his signature. This statement is to be continued afresh after the jamabandi, the particulars of culti-

vation being given in the same manner and subjected to the same checks as those before the jamabandi, and account should be deposited in the Taluk office at the jamabandi of the succeeding fasli. At jamabandi, the entries in Statement No. 1 should be compared with those in this statement.

Column (17-A) is intended to provide statistics showing clearly the proportion of land which is absolutely barren, land which is cultivable but which is not cultivated due to certain specific reasons, land which is occupied by forests and land not available for cultivation being occupied by buildings, canals, etc., lands appropriated for other purposes and the net area sown. The Government of India have directed that the area in each village should be classified under the following categories as defined and explained below :—

Category. (1)	*Classification of area. Definition.* (2)	*Explanatory note.* (3)
A. Forest	All actually forested areas on the lands classed or administered as forests under any legal enactment dealing with forests, whether State owned or private.	If any portion of such is not actually wooded but put to some agricultural use, that portion shall be included under the appropriate heading of cultivated or uncultivated land.
B. Barren and unculturable land.	All barren and unculturable land like mountains, deserts, etc.	Land which cannot be brought under cultivation unless at a high cost shall be classed as unculturable, whether such land is in isolated blocks or within cultivated holdings.
C. Land put to non-agricultural uses.	All lands occupied by buildings, roads and railways or under water, e.g., rivers and canals and other lands put to non-agricultural uses.	....
D. Culturable waste ..	All lands available for cultivation, whether not taken up for cultivation or abandoned after a few years for one reason or the other.	Such lands may be either fallow or covered with shrubs and jungles which are not put to any use. They may be assessed or unassessed and may lie in isolated blocks or within cultivated holdings. Land once cultivated but not cultivated for five years in succession shall also be included in this category.
E. Permanent pastures and other grazing lands.	All grazing lands, whether they are permanent pastures and meadows or not.	Village common and grazing lands within forested areas shall be included under this head.
F. Miscellaneous tree crops and groves not included in the net area sown.	All cultivable land, which is not included under net area sown, but is put to some agricultural use.	Lands under casuarina trees, thatching grass, bamboo bushes and other groves for fuel, etc., which are not included under ' orchard's, shall be classed under this category.
G. Current fallows	Cropped areas which are kept fallow during the current year.	E.g., if any seedling area is not cropped again in the same year, it may be treated as current fallow.
H. Other fallow land ..	All lands which were taken up for cultivation but temporarily left out of cultivation for a period of not less than one year and not more than five years.	The reason for keeping such lands fallow may be any of the following :—(1) poverty of the cultivators (2) inadequate supply of water, (3) malarial climate, (4) silting of canals and rivers and (5) unremunerative nature of farming.

The karnam should note in this column against each survey number or subdivision which remains wholly or partly uncultivated, the category or categories to which the uncultivated part belongs and the extent under each category. The category should be denoted by letters A to H mentioned above.

For instance, if an extent of 50 cents is left fallow in a field in that year and the rest cultivated, the following entries should be made in column (17) :—

G—0·50.

The azmoish officers should in the course of their inspection of the village verify whether the category or categories and their extent have been noted correctly.

In the districts of North Arcot, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Tiruchirappalli, Madurai, Ramanathapuram and Tirunelveli, the karnams should also note the extent under cotton standing for Kar or second pickings, if any, and the estimated outturn thereof in percentage by making additional entries in the remarks column of the statement.

(G.O. Ms. No. 2082, Revenue, dated 6th June 1958.)

Enclosure A to Statement No. 2.

This statement should give particulars of all items of miscellaneous revenue depending on occupation or cultivation of lands other than those held on ryotwari tenure and on the cultivation of wet crops on lands classed as dry with the aid of surface drainage flowing to Government sources of irrigation by intercepting it behind achukattus. It should be prepared from the information recorded in the settlement register, the adangal (No. 2) and the orders passed on A and B memos., and other reports relating to such occupation or cultivation.

In this statement occupation with darkhast, whether poramboke, assessed or unassessed and whether previously disposed of by the Tahsildar or Divisional Officer or reported for the orders of the settling officer at jamabandi as well as all achukattu cultivation of dry lands should be separately shown. In column (7), the extent actually cultivated should be entered. In column (8) the extent *occupied* but left waste should be entered, but not unoccupied waste.

All cases of occupation without darkhast should be reported by village officers in the manner prescribed in the Board's Standing Order No. 15, paragraph 25 (1920 edition), in the very first month of occupation whether the ryots want assignment or not and whether the lands are assessed or unassessed.

All the columns except column (12) should be filled up before the jamabandi, and column (12) as soon as orders have been passed on A and B memoranda.

Enclosure B to Statement No. 2.

[Cancelled.]

Enclosure C to Statement No. 2.

All Government topes in charge of the Revenue Department, all trees on which tree-tax is leviable under the Revenue Rules standing on porambokes vesting in the local boards and in which the local boards have relinquished their right to Government and all cowle topes planted under the Public Tope Rules, and scattered trees on which a separate tax is levied or which are rented out should be shown in this statement. No topes or trees in charge of the forest and the Public Works Departments should appear in this statement unless the revenue, if any, is collected by the Revenue Officers. The account will be prepared from the previous year's statement and the actual transactions for the

year. The statement should consist of four sections, the first for Government plantations, the second for public topes, the third for scattered trees taxed or rented out by the Government and the fourth for the trees standing on porambokes vested in local boards referred to above. Cowles granted under paragraph 2 of B.S.O. No. 19 fall under the category of public topes and should be exhibited in section II of the statement. Topes on lands held on ryotwari tenure should not be shown in this account unless the trees are separately assessed. The column of remarks should specify the terms of the lease or grant with other particulars concerning the rights of Government or the tope owners. The notes of inspection of public topes by Revenue Inspectors, Deputy Tahsildars and Tahsildars should be entered fully in this account. The account should remain with the karnam till the jamabandi of the following year.

Enclosure D to Statement No. 2.

This is an annual statement which should be submitted to the taluk by the 1st of July, together with all other accounts. It should be prepared from the adangal No. 2. In column (1) every registered source having an ayacut of more than 10 acres should be shown the area irrigated by wells having separate ayacuts as well as the area that is wholly irrigated by wells situated in the ayacut of other irrigation works and not charged for under the main sources. The area irrigated by wells which lie in the wet ayacuts of recognized sources of irrigation and which are used to supplement the supply in those sources, must be included in the figures shown against the irrigation sources which they supplement and also against the last item—" wells supplementing other irrigation sources." But the area shown against the last item should be excluded in totalling the entries. The number of oil-engines and pumps in working order should be noted at the foot of column (1), but no particulars need be entered under columns (2) to (6) in respect of this item. In column (4) should be shown the area of dry land for which water was taken, as per village statement No. 6 as well in the case of land irrigated by wells as the area of dry land irrigated from such wells as have a separate ayacut. The area on which a second irrigated crop is grown should not be included unless the first crop has been grown by the aid of the falling rain alone. In column (5), the areas of wet land not left waste, i.e., the areas cropped once as per adangal should be entered against the respective works. No distinction need be made as regards areas irrigated under Government and minor inam land, but all works, whether Government, dasabandam or private, must be entered and the class to which they belong shown in column (2) by the letters, G.D. or P. as the case may be. Works which have been abandoned should be excluded altogether from this statement.

Enclosure E to Statement No. 2.

This statement summarizes the changes that may have been made in the area and assessment of the classified land (Government or inam), poramboke areas or any other portion of the village. It should be prepared only for those years in which any permanent changes have taken place. In other years it will suffice if the karnam reports that " no changes affecting the classification of the ayacut or the area and assessment of the assed land have occurred ". It should be prepared from the previous year's account and the settlement and inam registers corrected up to date.

In preparing the return, it is only necessary to specify in column (2) those heads under which changes have occurred. The assessments should be entered only for items 1 and 2 (Government assessed and inam land) and the areas only in the case of items 3, 4 and 5. In the case of transfers from single crop to double crop and *vice versa* both the area and the assessment should be shown. Government classified land under occupation and left waste need not be distinguished in this statement. If there be any unsurveyed area in the village, that portion of it which remains unassessed but is available for occupation should be shown at the foot of the statement, such portion of it as may have been transferred to Government classified land, inam, poramboke or to forest, etc., being included under the respective heads to which it may have been transferred.

Unassessed or poramboke land occupied without permission should not be deducted from part (3) or part (4) of the statement and added to part (1) until sanction has been received and recorded in the settlement register. Areas reserved for forest should be shown separately from other porambokes.

Enclosure F to Statement No. 2.

This statement is an abstract of the particulars noted in column (17-A) of statement No. 2. It should be prepared by the karnam before the jamabandi of each village, the karnam should hand over this account to the Taluk office for preparing the Taluk Register No. 2-A. It should also show the area shown more than once, which is obtained by deducting net area sown from the total cropped area, and the total cropped area which represents the sum total of the areas covered by all the individual crops, areas sown with crops more than once during the year being counted as separate areas for each crop.

Statement No. 3.

Statement No. 3 is the annual register of changes of entry of fields ordered by a superior revenue authority, showing particulars of sanctioned changes in holdings. It should be written up in four sections—I for relinquishments, II for assignments, III for transfers of registry and IV for all other changes. A number of consecutive pages should be allotted for each section. All changes occurring under each section should be entered together in the section concerned, the form of the heading of the account being left unchagned. Each change will, of course, have to be entered as sanction is received, a reference being made to the order sanctioning it in column (8). Particular care should be taken to note full information in column (9) of the statement as per the sample entries. In regard to cases coming under section III, the number and name of the registered holder both before and after change should invariably be noted. Item III should have the sub-sections given below :—

(1) Sold for arrears of revenue—

(a) Bought in by Government.

(b) Purchased by private individuals.

(2) Sold or transferred by order of court.

(3) Transferred by private contract or gift.

(4) Transferred by succession.

(5) Transferred after an uninterrupted possession of twelve years or more and absence of the registered holder for like period. [Board's Standing Order No. 31 (7).]

(6) Lands which have escheated to the Government.

In the case of land purchased by private individuals at sales for arrears of revenue, the name of purchaser should be registered in the accounts as soon as the sale is approved without waiting for the issue of the sale certificate.

In cases where land has escheated to the Government and awaits final disposal "The State of Madras (Escheat)" should be entered as the registered holder. If, however, the existing holding contains also non-escheated lands, then, the escheated lands alone should be shown under a separate holding "State of Madras (Escheat)".

In section IV should appear changes, such as transfers from dry to wet, inam to Government, assessed to poramboke, single crop to double crop or *vice versa*, excess in measurement and the like so far as they relate to holdings. Such of the changes as are of a permanent character should also be noted in the column of remarks of the settlement and inam registers (registers A and B) opposite the field concerned. To ensure that all the changes have been duly noticed at the jamabandi and that all permanent changes have been recorded in the settlement and inam registers (registers A and B), the fact of the alterations having been noted in the several registers and accounts should be entered in the column of remarks. Particulars of all assignments whether on application or upon reports of unauthorized occupation must be entered in this account, but applications rejected or lands left in sivayijama account should be totally excluded from it. In the preparation of this account and its enclosure, no distinction need be made between assignments on formal darkhast and assignments without darkhast in cases of lands ordered to be assigned. Both classes of cases should be treated as "taken on darkhast". Changes in inam holding should be noted separately in sections I, III ond IV after leaving sufficient space for showing changes in ryotwari holdings. Each section should be totalled when the account is closed at jamabandi and an abstract made for submission to the taluk in Form No- 3-A. This account and its enclosure should be deposited in the taluk cutcherry at the jamabandi of the fasli following that to which they relate.

Enclosure A to Statement No. 3.

Enclosure A to No. 3 is an abstract of changes in the holdings that have occurred during the fasli. It should be prepared in Form No. 3 for Government and inam separately. Item I will show the occupation in the previous fasli as finally settled. Item II will show the total of section I of No. 3; item III, the totals under the several heads of section III, and item VII that of section II. Item III (1) (*b*) and VIII (1) will be identical, so also item III (2) and VIII (2), III (3) and VIII (3), III (4) and VIII (4), III (5) and III. Item IV and IX will include all entries in section IV of account No. 3, but details showing the nature of the changes should be specified.

Statement No. 4.

No. 4 is a statement showing beriz deductions of all kinds. It will be prepared in two sections—one showing deductions in favour of religious institutions, and the other deductions made for other purposes. Columns (1) to (5) of the statement should be filled in from the orders sanctioning the beriz which particulars should be furnished to the village officers. This statement should be deposited in the taluk cutcherry at the jamabandi of the fasli following that to which it relates.

Except where it is the practice to pay in instalments during the kist months, beriz deductions shall be paid during the last kist month of the fasli. Arrears of beriz deductions shall be paid in full for two years.

Parts of beriz deductions which are in arrears for more than two years shall be paid as follows :—

Current year	In full.
First year in arrear	In full.
Second year in arrear	In full.
Third year in arrear	Ten per cent deduction.
Fourth year in arrear	Fifteen per cent deduction.
Fifth or any other year in arrear ..	Twenty per cent deduction.

Illustration.—An allowance due from the year 1939 if applied for in 1943 shall be paid as follows :—

Current	1943 in full.
Arrears	1942 in full. 1941 in full. 1940 ten per cent deduction. 1939 fifteen per cent deduction. 1938 twenty per cent deduction.

The village officers should report all cases of claims to arrears of beriz deductions to the Tahsildar, obtain his orders regarding the net amount to be paid after making the necessary percentage deduction and then disburse the amount from the village collections.

In villages where devadasi inams have been enfranchised under section 34 of the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951 (Act XIX of 1951), the amount of beriz deductions payable to the devadasi or to the temple after the former's lifetime, as shown in column 11 (*a*) of Part II of the Permanent Register B-1 should be brought to this account. Columns (1) to (5) of the statement should be filled in with reference to the particulars in Part II of Permanent Register B-1. The certificate regarding performance of services will not, however, be recorded in respect of these items since services have been free.

Statement No. 5.

Statement No. 5 is an annual register of land account remissions. It should include not only occasional remissions granted on account of adverse season such as remissions for waste and loss of crops, but also all fixed remissions granted independently of the state of the season. Land revenue alienated in the case of lands acquired by local bodies under the Land Acquisition Act or by private purchase or in the case of lands acquired on behalf of private individuals or private institutions under the Land Acquisition Act or by private individuals or private institutions by private purchase should be shown as fixed remission. At the jamabandi the entries relating to such lands should be checked with the alienation register maintained in the Taluk office before the assessment is remitted.

Beriz deductions should not be shown in this account and the assessment of land taken up for public purposes should, if not already struck off the patta, be treated as an item of irrecoverable arrears. This item should not be brought to Statement No. 5 and remitted as season or other remission.

It is to be kept in three parts.

Part I is the form in which cases for remission are placed before the Divisional Officer or Jamabandi Officer for orders.

It should be written in order of irrigation sources in different sections for Government and inam. In each section the fields in respect of which applications have been received and those in respect of which the azmoishing officers have noted in the adangal that the conditions require to make them eligible for remission exist, should be entered separately under each source of irrigation. The date of receipt by the officer who first received the application should be given in column (2). In column (3) should be noted the different items of remissions as detailed in Board's Standing Orders Nos. 13 and 14. Column (5) will be posted from the settlement register corrected up to date. From the remarks made by the inspecting and over-inspecting officers in the adangal, the karnam may know what fields are under the rules in force eligible for remissions. In such cases he will enter in column (8) the amount proposed. Should in any case the Tahsildar's remarks in column (11) affect the amount entered by the karnam in column (8), column (8) will be amended with reference to the Tahsildar's remarks. The entries in columns (7), (8), (9) and (10) should be very carefully checked both by Taluk and Huzur establishments. In column (9) the karnam should copy against the each survey field the remarks he has made in the adangal and add supplementary remarks as to how the surrounding fields fared during the year. In cases of remissions of the difference between " wet " and " dry " assessment, water-rate on dry lands, second crop charge on wet lands, etc., details as to how the amount was calculated should be given. A note of mamul waste should also be made in this column.

It will not suffice for the purposes of granting remission to know the condition of the land alone in respect of which application is made. The azmoishdar should therefore note also in the adangal the conditions of the lands which adjoin the land in respect of which the application is made and in cases where any of the adjoining lands fared well he should not as far as ascertainable the causes that prevented the applicant from having his land in similar condition. In filling up column (10) great care should be bestowed in correctly transcribing the remarks in the adangal both with reference to the land applied for and with reference to the adjoining lands. The remarks, wherever made, of over-azmoishing officer should also be copied into the statement.

Part II will be prepared in order of irrigation sources from Part I. When exceptional remissions are granted under Board's Standing Order No. 14, Part III will be prepared. All fixed remissions will be entered after season remissions are written up at foot of Part II; fieldwar particulars are unnecessary in such cases. In certain cases where the Settlement Department have entered separately in the remarks column of of the settlement register the baling remission allowed for each field, the gross assessment has been shown in column (4) of adangal. Such fields (or portions thereof measuring 25 cents or over) will be transferred permanently from the list of baling remission cases if they become irrigable by direct flow in a *normal* year, portions of fields being subdivided for the purpose. Other baling wet lands irrigated by direct flow in any year owing to abnormal causes beyond the ryot's control will not be removed permanently from the list of baling remission cases but the baling remission should be disallowed in such years of direct irrigation provided that the extent so irrigated was appreciable and the direct irrigation was sufficient and beneficial. The net baling remission allowed in each year will appear fieldwar under each ryot in Part II after other remissions are written up. The remission of land assessment or tree-tax granted in cases where the dual system of levying assessment from both the holder of land on ryotwari tenure and the enjoyer of trees on payment of tree-tax still continues, should be entered in Part II of Statement No. 1.

Statement No. 6.

Statement No. 6 is intended to show all wet fields on which enhanced water-rate for irregular irrigation or extra charge for the cultivation of a second crop is levied and all dry fields on which a separate water-rate is charged, that is, the statement should show all water-cess levied for second crop on single crop wet lands, enchanced water-cess on wet lands and water-cess whether single or penal on dry lands. *It should be submitted by the village officers to the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar every month through the Revenue Inspecter along with account No. 1.* In settled districts, works classed in the first and second groups by the Settlement Department should be shown as first-class works, other sources being shown as second class. In districts not yet settled, the classification ordered by the Collector should be followed. The village officers should, for this purpose, obtain from the Tahsildar a list showing the classification of the sources in their villages. This statement should be written in separate sections for Government and inam. In each section it should be written separately for each source. The name and class of the source, whether the section be Government or inam, should be written across the pages. Under each source, this account should be written in two sections, one for the dry lands including poramboke and other Sivayijama lands and the other for wet lands and the entries under each section should be written by pattas. In column (3), the letters D, W or P may be used to show whether the land is dry, wet or poramboke; in column (4), the letters F or L, whether irrigation was by flow or lift; and in columns (5) and (10) the name of the crop irrigated may also be abbreviated; thus, Rg. Ragi, Ch. Cholam, etc. Columns (1) to (14) should be filled up by the village officers as liabilities arise (before the jamabandi) according to the entries in the adangal the charges being calculated at the single rate chargeable on the area actually irrigated. These charges should be calculated with reference to the existing orders in the instruc-

tions given in the Village Officers' Manual and other orders notified in the village sheet of the district gazette. In the case of single crop wet lands the second crop on which is irrigated with permission the charge should be entered in the column "Extra charge" and when the irrigation is without permission or otherwise irregular the charge should be entered in the column "Charge for water". The amounts of the charges should be rounded off to the nearest Paise in the case of individual fields. In the case of irrigation only three-fourths of the ordinary water-rate by men or animal power should be charged and shown in columns (7), (8), (12) and (13) as the case may be. Where portions of a field are irrigated the charge should be calculated on the actual extent irrigated. Where, however, the extent of such portion is less than 10 cents, it will be left to the discretion of the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar either to charge on actual area or not to charge at all, but cases not charged should be entered in detail at the foot of the statement. Whenever water is irregularly taken from any Government source or work to any land wet or dry, for purposes of irrigation, the Tahsildar or the Deputy Tahsildar may impose enhanced water-rates in accordance with such rules as may from time to time be made by Government in this behalf; such enhanced water-rate less the perscribed rate which has already been entered in column (13) should be entered in column (19). All remissions or deductions to be made from the above charges should be shown in No. 5 only as land-cess must be charged on the water charges shown in this account. Water-rate charged on miscellaneous cultivation should be shown in this account as well as in No. 7. Any additional information that may be required locally under special rules may be provided for by opening special columns. As third crop is very exceptional separate columns have not been provided for it. Charge for such crops may be entered at the end of the account in the columns provided for second crop. A third crop on registered double crop lands should be entered separately from others. *At jamabandi, the entries in the adangal should be carefully checked with the No. 6 account which will consist of the monthly statements already submitted to see that all chargeable items have been brought on to the No. 6 statements.* The jamabandi officer will see that the rates charged in the account are correct. After orders are passed, totals should be made of the figures in columns (6), (8), (11), (13), (18) and (19). Similar statements will be prepared for irrigation after jamabandi and submitted along with the previous No. 6 statement to the taluk cutcherry where they will be subjected to the same check as is ordered above for jamabandi. All the statements (No. 6) should be finally deposited in the taluk cutcherry after the jamabandi of the fasli following that to which it relates.

Enclosure A to Statement No. 6.

"This enclosure is a posting statement for totalling the charge for water for the second crop raised with or without permission on single crop wet and for the crops raised on dry lands incurred by a registered holder to enable such charges to be carried to No. 10-11". The statement will be prepared direct from the monthly No. 6 statements in four sections, viz., "Government", "inam". "sivaviima" and "poramboke and written by pattas Under holding in each section the charges under each particular irrigation source will be collected and posted together so that the charges on each holding under each irrigation source can be totalled straight away.

Statement No. 7.

Statement No. 7 is the register of miscellaneous items under Land Revenue in ryotwari villages It will consist of two parts referring to the periods of the fasli before and after jamabandi. All such Items of revenue as are within the knowledge of the village officers and have been actually credited in their accounts and remitted to the taluk should be shown individualwar in the account. The assessment on unrelinquished eroded lands as well as on State lands alienated to local bodies or private individuals or private institutions subject to the payment of assessment should be shown in this statement. The revenue from trees and from minor produce on unoccupied lands other than

reserved forests and reserved lands should also be shown in this statement. Lease amounts in respect of lands escheated to the Government and leased out should also be brought to this account and shown under ' other items ' in the abstract of the statement. Charges levied for the industrial use of water should also be shown in this statement. Where collections are shown separately, the demand under the same head should also be exhibited separately. The items payable by each individual will be given with fieldwar particulars except in those cases where the items are taken from other statements which contain the details; thus the quit-rent may be entered in lump but not for each field, as fieldwar details are given in register B. The description in column (6) in the case of inam should be taken from inam register B. The statement should be filled up by the karnam up to column (10). The charge for water levied on lands cultivated with the help of achukattus should be shown in column (8). In column (9) should be shown charge for water single and penal on minor inam lands and on land not occupied on ryotwari tenure. The other column should be filled up when claims to remission are settled at the jamabandi or under special orders. In the case of villages settled under the Estates Abolition Act, this statement will contain also the cases brought to Permanent Register B-1. In respect of these cases, the charge to be levied in column (8) of this statement is, the amount payable (if any) to Government by the holders of the lands as shown in column (11) of Part I or column (10) (a) of Part II of the Permanent Register B-1 according as the item relates to service tenure lands or devadasi inams. The amount to be paid out to the devadasi or the temple after the lifetime of the former should be shown in the remarks column of village account No. 7. The items should be written up in consecutive order and a total given for each with an abstract at the end of the statement which should invariably be entered under separate headings and totalled. In items 4 and 5 of the abstract the extent of actual cultivation and that of other occupation should be separately exhibited. The statement should be deposited in the taluk cutcherry at the jamabandi of the fasli following that to which it relates.

Irrigation Revenue Accounts Nos. 8-A and B.

The purpose of these accounts is to afford a ready means of ascertaining the share of revenue due to irrigation derived from all lands irrigated by Government sources. The water-rate charged for the irrigation of Government dry, waste and poramboke lands and of zamindari and inam lands which are not entitled to free irrigation as well as the second-crop charge levied on lands classed or shown in the revenue accounts as single crop wet are directly taken to the credit of the irrigation revenue. But in the case of all occupied Government wet lands assessments of which are consolidated, the assessment due to water should be separated from that due to land in order to arrive at the share of revenue due to irrigation. This separation was hitherto made by karnams field by field in village account No. 8 but as the process entailed considerable labour inconvenience and delay, it has been decided that the work should be done in the Board's office with effect from fasli 1326 for each source of irrigation as a whole and not for each field thereby dispensing with the necessity of maintaining the elaborate village account No. 8. Accordingly, the Board of Revenue has fixed the several proportion in which the consolidated assessment of Government wet lands should be divided into the assessments due to land and water in respect of each work of classes I and II and of all works of class III for each district. The share of the revenue on Government wet lands due to irrigation so determined will then be taken to the credit of irrigation.

2. Karnams have to prepare the irrigation statements annually in the revised form Nos. 8-A and B. Detailed instructions for posting the figures required for these statements are given at the foot of the forms themselves. The following are, however, some of the general instructions which should be carefully observed by all karnams, Tahsildars and jamabandi officers in the preparation and submission of the statements to the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue)

3. The classification of the irrigation works to be followed for the purpose of these statements should be that adopted by the Public Works Department in their financial returns, namely :—

IRRIGATION WORKS FOR WHICH CAPITAL AND REVENUE ACCOUNTS ARE KEPT.

Class I—Productive.		*Class II—Unproductive.*	
Name of work.	*Districts.*	*Name of work.*	*Districts.*
Arakkankottai channel ..	Coimbatore.	Barur tank system	Salem.
Tadepalli channel	Coimbatore.	Madras Water-supply and irrigation system.	Chingleput.
Kalingarayan channel ..	Coimbatore.	Kaniyampalayam anicut system.	Coimbatore.
Chembarambakkam tank ..	Chingleput.	Panjapatti reservoir project ..	Tiruchirappalli.
Poiney anicut system ..	Arcot, North.	Vallur anicut system ..	Chingleput.
Cheyyar anicut system ..	Arcot, North. Chingleput.	Palar anicut system	North Arcot. Chingleput.
Tirukkoyilur anicut system ..	Arcot, South.	Pelandorai anicut system ..	South Arcot.
Shatiatope anicut system ..	Arcot, South.		
Mehamattur anicut system ..	Arcot, South.		
Virudhachalam anicut system.	Arcot, South.		
Toludur project	Arcot, South.		
Lower Coleroon anicut system.	Arcot, South. Thanjavur.		
Cauvery delta system ..	Do. Tiruchirappalli.		
Nandhiyar channel system ..	Do.		
Periyar System	Madurai.		
Srivaikuntam anicut system ..	Tirunelveli.		
Mardur anicut system ..	Tirunelveli.		

Class III—Minor works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are not kept. All other works not falling under classes I and II whether in the charge of the Public Works Department or the Revenue Department.

4. The statement relating to works of classes I and II should be prepared in form No. 8-A and those relating to works of class III in form No. 8-B. In the case of the former, separate statements in form No. 8-A should be prepared for each canal under each work where there are more canals or works than one irrigating a village; while in regard to the latter, separate statements in form 8-B shuld be prepared for sources in charge of the Public Works Department and for those in charge of the Revenue Department in each village. For the Amaravathi river channels in the Tiruchirappalli and Coimbatore districts, and the Tambaraparni river channels in the Tirunelveli district a separate statement should be prepared in form 8-B for each canal as in the case of works of classes I and II. The map number and name of the village as well as the names of the main irrigation work and the canal or the tank which received its supply therefrom should be written neatly and legibly on the heading and the docket sheet of the forms. Both the returns in forms Nos. 8-A and B should be prepared by karnams *pari passu* with the accounts at the second jamabandi, checked by the taluk establishment with reference to village accounts Nos. 1, 1-A, 2, 5 and 6 and passed by the jamabandi officers before submission to the Board. The jamabandi officers should insist on the production

of these statements for their scrutiny before passing village account No. 12 and should satisfy themselves that they have been correctly prepared. Two-thirds of the quit-rent on inams registered as wet is to be credited to irrigation.

(G.O. Ms. No. 2082, Revenue, dated 6th June 1958.)

5. The fair copies of the statements finally passed by the jamabandi officers should be submitted by Tahsildars to the Board within a week after the close of the jamabandi but never later than 1st June in the case of statement No. 8-A relating to works of classes I and II and 7th July in the case of statement No. 8-B relating to works of class III. In all cases where particulars according to canals are required, the statement should be arranged according to canals and tied up in separate boundles for each main work. If all the statements Nos. 8-A and B relating to a taluk are sent in one batch, a detailed list should accompany the returns showing the names of the villages and the number of statements submitted for each village together with a certificate by the Tahsildar that no more returns are due from him. If, however, they are sent in more than one batch, a similar list should accompany each batch, but the certificate should be attached to the list accompanying the last batch of the returns.

Statement No. 9.

Statement No. 9 is the statement of Local and Special Fund Charges other than those collected on ryotwari lands in holding which latter appear in statement No. 10 and also Local and Special Funds levied on unrelinquished eroded lands and for extra charge for achukkattu cultivation. Pound funds should not be included in this account under special funds. It should be prepared from register B, and statements Nos. 2-A and 2-C (in the case of private tope), 6 and 7 and Permanent Register B-1.

"In column (5) should be shown the amounts payable". Land cess should be levied on the gross demand and water-rate payable without regard to any remission that may have been granted. It should not be levied on land included in the village natham or house-site, unless held on payment of quit-rent, ground rent or other assessment. In these cases, the cess should be charged on the quit-rent, etc. Lands utilized by local boards for schools, hospitals and other public purposes, analogous to the communal purposes for which lands are set apart in villages and classed as poramboke are exempted from land cess. Lands occupied by local boards subject to payment of assessment are liable to land cess and village site lands occupied by local boards for profitable purposes are not liable to land cess. No cess is leviable on the income derived by the local boards from the leases of trees standing on lands held revenue free. If, however, the lands are held subject to assessment, the cess should be levied on the assessment. Cess is payable on rents levied on occupied lands in charge of the Public Works Department. The cess should not be charged on rents due from lessees of forest produce or of trees on Government waste and poramboke lands. Where separate tree-tax is levied land cess should not be charged on it, unless the enjoyer of trees on payment of tree-tax has right of occupation in the land and the tree-tax exceeds land assessment. The land assessment in such case should be included with the figures shown under item 2 " deduct " increment remission, etc., in section II of statement No. 10 where prohibitory assessment or water-rate is charged, land cess should be calculated with reference to the ordinary, not the penal assessment or water-rate. Where land occupied by private bungalows and gardens is held on payment of ground or quit-rent, the cess should be charged on the latter and not on the assessment with which land would otherwise bare double crop land on which the double crop assessment has been consolidated or compounded should pay cess on such double crop assessment whether the second crop charge is collected or remitted. In charging land-cess on minor inams, the classification adopted at the inam settlement should be followed, as for instance, when a double-crop inam land has been classed as single crop at the new ryotwari settlement, the cess should be charged on the double-crop assessment. In the case of a dry inam land classed as wet at the new ryotwari

settlement, if the inamdar raises wet crops with Government water, cess should be calculated on the dry assessment *plus* water-rate and in the case of a wet inam land classed as dry at the ryotwari settlement, if the inamdar raises dry crops, the cess should be calculated on the wet assessment. The account should be deposited in the taluk cutcherry at the jamabandi of the next fasli.

Statement No. 10.

Statement No. 10 shows the settlement under each individual holding; it is divided into two sections: the first gives the fieldwar particulars of each holding and the second, the particulars of settlement. Section I, when first prepared, will be a copy of the settlement chitta. When it is renewed, the fields contained in each individual holding should be entered with the particulars of extent and assessment under the different heads of dry and wet with reference to the previous year's statement. The individual statements will be separately and consecutively numbered and an index will be prepared on the first page of the book, showing on which page the statement pertaining to each holder will be found. These numbers are not to be altered until the book is re-written, but should any new holdings be granted they should be numbered consecutively after the last previously recorded. Pattas that disappear should be left blank until the statement is re-written. If the space is not sufficient for the entry of changes pertaining to any holding the statement for that holding should be carried on to a fresh page at the end of the book and the fact noted in the index. Lands granted for private topes under paragraph 1 of B.S.O. No. 19 should also be shown in this section while other lands assigned conditionally should be shown separately in it. During the period of exemption from assessment granted for private topes the assessment should be remitted every year at jamabandi just like fixed remissions. Particulars of unrelinquished eroded lands, if any, and the assessment thereon should be shown as a foot-note in this section.

All changes in the holdings should be made in the body of the account by addition or substraction and the net molding worked out every year when there are changes, the authority for these changes being noted in the remarks column. Any changes in the names of holders should be noted at head of the account with the number and date of the order. In cases where the holder is a minor, the name of the guardian should also be noted In cases where land has escheated to the Government and awaits final disposal. ' The State of Madras (Escheat) ' should be entered as the registered holder. If, however, the existing holding contains also non-escheated lands, then, the escheated lands alone should be shown under a separate holding ' State of Madras (Escheat) '.

In section II the particulars of the settlement should be entered in the following manner; the particulars of each holding as arrived at in section I should be entered in gross under the heads of dry and wet. Then should be deducted increment remission and baling remission, if any. To the remainder should be added A to statement No. 6. To the remainder should be added the net miscellaneous revenue as per statement No. 7 and also local-tax such as land cess leviable on the land. Second crop charge and water rate, single or penal, charged on inam lands should be shown not in columns (10) (*a*) and (10) (*b*) but in column (14). The number given to each individual holding must be the same as that given in section I. Details of the several holdings in the village will appear one below another in this account. The total in column (19) under each holding will show the aggregate land revenue and cess demand for that holding.

(G.O. Ms. No. 2082, Revenue dated 6th June 1958.

All items of charge about which there can be no question should be entered in both the sections before a village is sent to the Huzur for examination. In other cases which necessarily await the orders of the settling officer, such as claims to remissions, etc., the karnam should write up the account immediately after such orders are passed. Where a ryot has no ryotwari lands, but only pays miscellaneous revenue and land-cess thereon, if any, is shown in statements Nos. 7 and 9, his name should be shown in section II of

No. 10, as village account No. 12 is not to be written by holdings. Lands held on cowle under paragraph 1 of B.S.O. No. 19 should be shown separately in section II as per sample entries. The total of all the items in column (19) of section II will be the total beriz and the total in column (15) will be the total land-cess on lands in holdings (ryotwari) of the village and these should agree with the figures for the fasli in columns (39) and (33) respectively of statement No. 12. Ryots who are able to read should be freely allowed to examine this statement and sign their names if they wish. Section I need not be written up annually. It should be in book form and may be re-written at the descretion of the Tahsildar or the jamabandi officer whenever the number of changes that have occurred renders it necessary. When this account is re-written, the original should be lodged in the taluk cutcherry.

Enclosure A to Statement No. 10.

This is a statement showing the names of deceased registered holders and of heirs in whose names pattas have to be issued in ryotwari and inam holdings. The karnam should make out a statement in this form every month for all cases of demise that may have occurred during the month and submit two copies to the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar for orders, one of which will be returned to him with orders in column (5) and the other retained in the Tahsildar's or Deputy Tahsildar's office. If there are no cases in any month the fact should be reported. On receipt of orders the necessary corrections should be made in statement Nos. 2 and 10, the number and the date of the order being noted against the correction in the latter statement. The monthly copies of this statement should be filed together and produced at the jamabandi. In column (4) the village officers should note whether the heirs are divided or undivided, the names of the members of the family, and if undivided, the name of the managing member of the family. In the case of minor heirs, the name of the guardian should also be reported. If a registered holder disappears for more than seven years, he should, in the absence of any evidence to the contrary, be considered as dead and the names of his heirs, if any, should be reported stating clearly all the circumstances of the case in column (4). In the absence of heirs, the name of the person found in possession of the land should be so reported. In these cases, the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar will proceed under Board's Standing Order No. 31, paragraph (6).

Enclosure B to Statement No. 10.

Registers of changes in revenue registry.—The first five columns of this register should be filled up from Village Registers A and B and village account No. 10—Section I. The entries in the remaining columns should be made as indicated below :—

The result of the karnam's verification should be noted in column (6) as also the current number of the cases referred to him for report. The karnam should write up the register in the serial order of survey fields. In the case of ryotwari or inam lands, of the enjoyer is himself the registered holder or inamdar the karnam should note "no change" and affix his initials and date of verification. If the enjoyer is not the registered holder or inamdar, the karnam should enter in column (6) the correct name of the enjoyer with reason for the change and its approximate date and should forthwith submit a report to the Tahsildar. Names of joint holders should also be noted, where necessary, after careful enquiry. The action thus taken should be noted in column (7) and the orders received noted in column (8).

In villages where the period of inspection of stones extends over a year, the work of verification of revenue registry should be confined to the blocks prescribed for stone inspection for the year, with the exception that applications received through the Registration Department should receive prompt attention irrespective of the block in which the land is situated.

The verification of the registry should not be confined to an enquiry at the village. This enquiry by the karnams and all inspecting officers should be supplemented as far as possible by a certain amount of verification in field which can be done quite easily at the time of stone inspection or azmoish.

Enclosure C to Statement No. 10—*Sections I and II.*

A subsidiary register in the form of an abstract showing the cases dealt with under the two separate sub-sections should be maintained by the karnams. This abstract will slow at a glance the number of cases referred to the karnams by the Tahsildar, the number detected independently by the karnams and the several stages of pendency of the cases in both sections.

Enclosure D to Statement No. 10.

The karnams should submit to the Revenue Inspector every month along with the monthly cultivation account, a detailed progress report in the form shown in Enclosure D, showing the number of cases detected by them, the number reported and the number pending action either with the karnams or in the Taluk office. The Revenue Inspector should send a consolidated return for the firka to the Tahsildar by the 5th of every month.

Statement No. 11.

Statement No. 11 is the form of patta granted to each ryot. It is essentially a copy of Statement No. 10 but without the particulars relating to conditional grants and the only additional information which it contains is the monthly kists in which the ryot has to make his payments. In cases in which the miscellaneous revenue shown against item No. 8 in section II includes the assessment on unrelinquished eroded lands the following note should be added against that item :—

"includes Rs. being the assessment on unreliquished eroded lands."

Village officers should be required to collect and produce at the jamabandi all pattas requiring alterations. After the necessary modifications have been carried out in the pattas or new ones are prepared, if necessary, the altered and new pattas with any superseded pattas should be given to the village officers for delivery to the ryots concerned in their own village. If, however, a ryot asks for a revised patta at the jamabandi of his village, it should be prepared at once and given to him by the jambandi officer.

Applications for patta should be received not only at the jamabandi of the village but at all times during the year. The revised or fresh pattas should be issued free of any charge if applied for at the jamabandi orally or in writing. Applications received at other times should be in writing or reduced to writing and court-fee labels of the value of annas two should be affixed. The applications may be received either by the Revenue Inspector or by other Touring Revenue Officers. The latter should forward them to the Revenue Inspector for necessary action. On receipt of the applications, whether directly or from other officers, the Revenue Inspector should have the pattas prepared from Village Account No. 10 (1) and submit the applications and the pattas with his certificate of verification to the Tahsildar. The Tahsildar need not send the pattas to the Revenue Divisional Officer but may himself sign and seal and issue them. The covers containing the pattas should be sent ' Service paid ' to the applicants direct from the Taluk office.

Enclosure A to Statement No. 11.

This is the form of patta for miscellaneous revenue. It should be granted only in those cases where the ryot holds no land revenue patta, inam title-deed or other document specifying the amount he is liable to pay.

Statement No. 12.

Statement No. 12 is an abstract of the settlement for the whole village showing in a tabular form the total demand of the village under each item. It need not be written by holdings. Columns (1) to (6) will be posted from Enclosure A to village statement No. 3, columns (7) to (12) from village statement No. 5 and columns (13) and (18) from statement No. 2. The difference between the extent of waste lands in holding and the extent of waste remitted is the extent of waste charged. The former is available in statement No. 2 and the latter in statement No. 5, Columns (17) and (22) will be posted from statement No. 6. Any items occurring after the settlement should be added below and the account finally closed at the end of the fasli. Such supplemental items should also be added at foot of statements No. 2-A, 6, 7 and 9 and inserted in statement No. 10, section II. Beriz deductions of all kinds should be included in the village demand. This account should be lodged in the Taluk office at the next year's jamabandi.

Statement No. 13.

Statement No. 13 is the chittah of daily collections in the village. For purposes of the treasury accounts, the Accountant-General requires the collections under (*b*), *other items* [column (6), etc., of the statement] to be shown in detail under the following heads : (1) Process-service fees, (2) stone quarry receipts, (3) fines and forfeitures of Revenue Courts, (4) rents of railway C class lands, (5) recoveries of overpayments in previous years, (6) receipts of the Survey department, (7) interest on suspended land revenue and (8) recoveries in India on account of law charges in England on account of appeals from India. Most of these items and collections under interest and special funds, occur but rarely in the villages. It is therefore unnecessary to open a column in the village account for each of them. It will be sufficient if they are entered in columns (6) and (7) giving the description of the particular item in column (7). All the other collections on account of ryotwari and miscellaneous revenue and of land-cess should be shown under the head (*a*) land revenue and land-cess excluding items entered under (*b*). Collections should, as far as practicable, be received at the village chavadi or other notified place of assembly and as far as possible, both the karnam and monigar should be present and sign the receipts granted for payment. When price of land sold for arrears of revenue is paid to village officers it should included in this account and No. 15, but shown separately, as the procedure for the recovery of instalments of the purchase money remaining unpaid is different. The amounts should b eentered as received under the appropriate heads and the daily totals made for each individual, for each item and for the whole village. The account should be closed at the time of remittance, the amount disbursed on account of the salaries of village servants and allowances to religious institutions, etc., granted by deductions from the beriz or demand should then be entered and the balance struck. Collections on account of other villages should also be included in the account and a note made to that effect. Collections on account of trees standing on porambokes vested in local boards should be shown separately in the account. The money collected should always be in charge of the monigar, but the karnam as well as the monigar should sign the receipt granted to the payer, the monigar in proof of his having received the amount and the karnam in proof of his having entered it in the accounts. The karnam should never receive the money. This account should be prepared in duplicate. The original will be prepared and retained by the monigar; the duplicate will be prepared by the karnam attested both by the karnam and the headman concerned in token of its corrections and forwarded to the taluk cutcherry with the remittance list. The original will be retained by thes headman until at least the end of the succeding fasli and should be inspected by the Revenue Inspector, the Tahsildar and Divisional Officer whenever they visit the village. The duplicate should be filed in the taluk cutcherry after scrutiny and be retained for ten years. The original account should be obtained from the headman and lodged in the Taluk office at the end of the succeeding fasli and retained there for ten years.

Statement No. 14.

Statement No. 14 is an abstract of the foregoing, showing the collections of each individual. It will be prepared from No. 13, immediately after the transactions of the day is closed, column (2) being posted from column (5) of No. 13. It would be sufficient to allot one page for each individual so as to enter the transactions for the year. Collections on account of items having no demand such as process-fees, etc., should be included in the current demand and collection in this account. All items of land revenue demand including second crop charge should be shown in this account. The arrear demand outstanding will be entered from the previous year's statement in separate sections for each fasli. The demand on account of the current fasli will not, however, be shown until it is finally settled after jamabandi. The demand on account of interest will be entered from statement No. 17 for each fasli separately. The amount to be shown against each fasli is the interest which accrued during that fasli, and remained unpaid at the beginning of the fasli to which the account relates. As the collections are made, they should be entered in the different columns; at the end of the year irrecoverable arrears ordered to be written off should be entered beneath the collections, the whole totalled and a balance struct and carried forward to the next year's statement. Care should be taken to see that all irrecoverable arrears sanctioned to be written off have been entered, and that all subsequent collections are brought to account in this statement. When at the end of the fasli the account is closed and it is found that any person has paid in more than the final demand settled on his account, the sum thus found to be an overpayment should at once be entered in No. 14-C and the ryots should be allowed the liberty to inspect the account. Where, however, through error in calculating the demand, there has been collected from a person who is not a registered holder in the village a sum differing by not more than ten naye Paise less or more from the amount strictly due, the difference should be ignored and no attempt should be made to correct the demand. The sum collected should be accepted and passed as the correct demand. This account should be checked and corrected after the close of the fasli in the manner prescribed in the instructions appended to these rules for closing the village cash accounts. This account need not be forwarded to the taluk with the remittance but should be written daily and should be deposited in the taluk at the next year's jamabandi. The overpayments of the previous fasli ordered to be brought to the current year's credit of the registered holders concerned, should be duly entered under " collections ". Amount paid in excess of the "arrear" demand should be credited to the current fasli and should not appear in the section of the account No. 14 relating to the fasli to which the arrear relates.

(G.O. Ms. No. 2032, Revenue, dated 6th June 1958).

Enclosure A to Statement No. 14.

Enclosure A to No. 14 is an abstract almost in the same form as No. 14 and should be prepared at the end of the year to show the demand, collection and balance of the whole village in the manner prescribed in the instructions for closing village cash accounts appended to these rules. The demand for the village as a whole should be entered first; then the collections from each registered holder and the total amount of irrecoverable arrears written off during the year. From the total of the last two items overpayments should be deducted. The net collections should then be deducted from the demand and the balance struck.

Enclosure B to Statement No. 14.

Enclosure B to No. 14 is statement for reporting particulars or arrears considered irrecoverable. Arrears of land revenue become irrecoverable in two ways; either they represent the balance which remains uncollected after exhaustion of all process against the defaulter and his property or they are erroneous charges, and as such should not be recovered but remitted. As soon as any arrear due is ascertained to be irrecoverable on either of the above grounds, the karnam should prepare a statement in this form and submit it to the taluk through the Revenue Inspector with the signature of the munsif or headman of the village. The particulars of the demand, collection and balance of the revenue due from the defaulter should be posted in columns (3) to (7) from statements Nos. 10—section II and 14. In columns (3) to (5) the *total* demand (under the specified heads) should be

entered and not the irrecoverable portion only and in column (6) the amount collected under each of the two forms of processes, movable and immovable, should be noted separately. Column (8) should show why the village officers consider the amount to be irrecoverable, whether all processe have been exhausted against the defaulter for the recovery of the amount, and whether he as no property in the village or elsewhere, etc. The Revenue Inspector should verify the village officers' remarks and note the result briefly in column (9). He should certify that particulars of all the items mentioned in this statement has been tested by himself by examination of the village accounts and careful enquiry. In column (10), the Tahsildar should certify that after careful inquiry and after exhausting all forms and processes the arrears shown in the statement are irrecoverable. He will then apportion the amount finally recommended to be written off against each individual, between land revenue and land-cess with reference to the total demand under each and enter them in column (11) and submit the statement to the Divisional Officer who will record his orders in columns (12) to (15). The assessment on lands taken up for public purposes should, if not already struck off the holding, be treated as an item irrecoverable arrears. At the jamabandh, the statement will be again produced for the inspection of, and examination by the Jamabandi Officer. He will among other things, see that the apportionment is made as correctly as possible.

In cases where land which has escheated to the Government and awaits final disposal cannot be leased out in any year, the land revenue and cesses thereon, should be brought to this account and written off.

Enclosure C to Statement No. 14.

Enclosure C to No. 14 is a statement showing particulars of overpayments and should be compiled in the manner prescribed in the instructions appended to these rules for closing the village cash accounts. It will be in three sections, the first showing overpayments under holdings which are to be adjusted towards the demand under the same holdings for the following fasli, the second showing overpayments which cannot be so adjusted and must be refunded in cash, but excluding under the latter, sums of ten Paise or less, which should be entered in the third section. The amounts shown in the third section will neither be refunded nor carried forward to the accounts of the succeeding fasli. It should include all overpayments that have not been up to 30th June adjusted or refunded or eliminated from the accounts under proper authority. The items should be entered in the accounts chronologically according to the fasli year of their accrual, the amounts for each fasli year being separately totalled; only those individuals by whom overpayments were made should be noted in this statement. As soon as the village accounts are closed and statement No. 14-C complete, necessary credit should be made in statement No. 14 of the next year (in the case of all registered holders, the amount being treated as " advance " payments).

(G.O. Ms. No. 2082, Revenue, dated 6th June 1958.)

Statement No. 15.

Statement No. 15 is the remittance list, exhibiting the particulars of the collections under the several items noted in statement No. 13 of the amount expended at the village, and of the particulars of coil in which the balance is despatched to the taluk with other information provided for in the headings of the several columns. Payments in the village must be supported by proper vouchers which should bear ten Paise stamp when the amount paid exceeds Rs. 20. Particulars of the net amount remitted should be given in columns (5) and (6) in currency notes, sovereigns, half-sovereigns, rupees, half-rupees, etc. Totals should be made for columns (3), (4) and (6), and the grand total of column (6) should be equal to that of columns (3) and (4) combined. The list should be signed by the karnam and by the munsif or headman and should be sent to the taluk with No. 13. On receipt of the remittance at the taluk, the Tahsildar or the Taluk Head Accountant should see whether there has been any delay or irregularity in the remittance from the village

and sign the remittance list; and when the remittance is counted and found correct, an attestation to that effect should be made at the foot with the signature of the shroff cash gumasta, Taluk Head Accountant and the Tahsildar when he is present at the head-quarters, and the list returned to the person accompanying the remittance. The duplicate chitta (No. 13) will, as stated already, be filed at the taluk cutcherry. The remittance list must also be compared with the statement of daily collections (No. 13) which should be carefully totalled and explanations called for as to any undue detention of money in the village. If it is not possible for the clerk in charge of land revenue to check the tandals (statement of daily collections) with the village remittance lists of all the villages before returning them to the village officers, the taluk head accountant must make arrangements to have some of the lists checked by other clerks before the money is received and the village remittance lists are signed and returned. If any corrections or alterations are noticed either in the village remittance list or tandals they must be initialled by the checking clerk in red ink. Amounts collected after the despatch of the remittance list, or of the last such list when there is more than one remittance in the month will necessarily go into the next month's collection. When price of lands sold for arrears of revenue is paid to village officers, it should be included in this account, but shown separately as in No. 13. In cases where remittance is received at the Tauk office too late in the day for examination and the amount is placed in *amanat* in a sealed bag under double locks, the person accompanying the remittance should obtain from the Treasury Officer a preliminary receipt for the sealed bag of money. This receipt sholud be returned to the Treasury Officer on the following morning, when the sealed bag will be made over to the depositor intact.

Statement No. 16.

Statement No. 16 shows the liability of each individual at the end of every month with reference to the faslis to which the arrears appertain. The account should be prepared for all the months of a fasli when there is a balance outstanding, and in preparing the account separate pages may be allotted for each item so that the perpendicular columns in a page can be readily totalled. The kists will be calculated before the issue of the holding with reference to the demand of the previous year, and subsequent changes, if any, and after issue of the patta with reference to the demand entered therein and the collections being entered from statement No. 14, the balance will be struck for each month. When the beriz of a holding is less than one rupee, it should be collected in one instalment in the most convenient kist to be fixed by the Collector. At the foot of the statement, an abstract should be given showing the demand, collection and balance for the whole village under each item and against each fasli. The abstract should also show the amounts, the collection of which has been ordered, to be suspended temporarily and which are practically certain to be remitted at the jamabandi. These amounts should be deducted at the foot of the account and the net "recoverable balance" worked out. Ryotwari, miscellaneous and land cess should be treated as a single head in crediting collections. Special funds should be treated as a separate head. The account should be forwarded to the taluk with each remittance. In the case of a second remittance, the entries may be made in the next of four columns, the same month being repeated and the words " first remittance " and " second remittance " being written under the month in the major column. The Tahsildar should return the statement to karnam either at once or within five days of its receipt at the latest. Inorder to enable the karnam to prepare and submit the statements with remittance and the Tahsildar to return it without delay, the accounts in the village should be close a day or two previous to the remittance and the dates on which the remittance are to be sent from the various villages in each taluk should be regulated so that only a certain number of village remittance and statement No. 16 should be received on any one day. The expression " up to the month " in the form means up to the date on which the remittance is closed and note the last day of the month. As this account is intended to be sent along with every remittance, it must show only the collections actually remitted to the treasury, and sums collected after the despatch of the remittances will necessary go into the next month's collections unless they are remitted a second time within the month itself. The entries in " amount collected or written off ", however, should include overpayments of the previous fasli ordered to be brought to the current year's credit of the registered holders concerned.

Transfers of registration finally sanctioned should be given effect to before this account is prepared for the first kist month of each fasli. The account will thus be closed with the fasli and deposited at the taluk at the next year's jamabandi.

(G.O. Ms. No. 2082, Revenue, dated 6th June 1958.)

Statement No. 17.

Statement No. 17 shows the particulars of demand, collection and balance of interest against each individual. The account should be written up in two separate sections, viz., Section I—Land revenue and land cess and II—Special funds interest on land revenue and land cess need not be shown separately. Interest will not be charged on arrears of revenue until the end of the year. Suppose a ryot owes to Government Rs. 500 and he pays Rs. 400 within the fasli but, after the due dates, no interest will be charged on account of default to pay the kist according to instalment; but it will be charged only on the balance of Rs. 100 left outstanding at the end of the fasli. Interest will not also be calculated for portions of months. For instance, if, out of the balance above mentioned, Rs. 50 be paid on the 29th July following, interest for that month will be charged only on the remaining balance and not that due for 29 days on the amount paid. Interest need not be charged on fractions of a rupee. As soon as any payment is received on account of arrears and interest and noted in the day-book (No. 13), the amount should at once be credited to the person concerned in the account; the balance under interest being, so far as possible, first quitted and the remainder, if any, of the amount received credited to the land revenue or other head of arrear. Interests on amounts considered as irrecoverable should continue to be calculated and entered in the account until the arrears are actually written off the accounts. When the arrears are written off the accounts, the interest relating to them should also be written off. No special sanction is necessary for this purpose. This account should be prepared month by month and forwarded to the taluk with No. 16 and remittance list (No. 15) until all the arrears in the village have been collected or are written off. It should be kept in the book form, and will be returned to the villge after the totals have been posted into the taluk accounts.

(Government Memo No. 5561-A 1/57-14, Revenue, dated 3rd February 1958.

Statement No. 18.

Statement No. 18 is the form of receipt to be granted to the ryot in acknowledgment of the sum paid by him during the year towards the liquidation of the amount due by him. The monigar will be supplied with books of blank forms of these receipts numbered and sealed by the Tahsildar for issue to the ryots from time to time. The sums paid by him on account of arrears or current demand shall be entered then and there with the necessary details and attested with the signatures of the monigar and also of the karnam as far as possible. In the receipt, Arabic figures should be used, but the items should be given in the regional language and the total amount paid should be repeated in words in the regional language. When payment is made by a person other than the registered holders and the receipt book is not produced, a separate receipt must be granted in the form of statement No. 18, village headman being supplied with books having perforated sheets for *this purpose*. The amounts so received will be transcribed into the receipt book when it is next produced with a note in the remarks column that it is only a transcription. Over-payments of the previous fasli ordered to be brought to the current year's credit should be entered in the receipt form explaining the entry clearly in column (2).

Satement No. 19 (Secions I, II and III).

Statement No. 19 (sections I, II and III) is the register of births and deaths and of cattle disease and mortality. These registers shall be kept for the calendar year in book form bound in thin card-board and machine numbered. Abstracts of sections I and II in Form No. 19-A, showing the totals for the village for each month under the several heads

will be sent by the village headman to the Tahsildar on or before the third day of the following month. A copy of the abstract should be forwarded at the same time to the president of the village panchayat if such a panchayat exists. Village headman should give the village panchayat facilities to enable it to take extracts from the birth and death registers for the purpose of checking the monthly abstracts sent to it. The panchayat will make its own arrangements for taking the extracts. The president of the village panchayat will [illegible] the monthly abstracts of births and deaths sent by the village headman before the panchayat at its next meeting. The panchayat will pass the abstracts to the Tahsildar through the Registrar with a certificate stating that the abstracts are correct, or if incorrect, what alterations are necessary. The registers should be filled up by the headman. The entries should be made as soon as possible after the occurrence of a birth or death, as the case may be. Births and deaths occurring within railway limits should not be entered in these registers as station-masters have been entrusted with the duty of registering such occurrences. They should however be included in the village abstract. For this purpose, the village headman should arrange to receive on the first day of the succeeding month of the returns relating to railway limits from the station-masters. In column (1) of sections I and II, the serial number of the case should be entered commencing from the 1st January and the series should be continued up to the 31st December. In making entries in column (7) of the Register of Births and column (11) of the Register of Deaths, it should be stated whether the child born or the person deceased is or was a Hindu and if so, of which caste and sub-caste or a Muhammadan or an Indian Christian or of any other religion or an Anglo-Indian or a European British subject or a foreigner and if so, of what nationality. At the end of the year, an abstract for the whole year should be made in the same form at the end of the registers. These registers should be submitted to the Taluk office twelve months after the close of the year. Tahsildars and Deputy Tahsildars in independent charge will see that these registers are obtained from the village officers immediately after the expiry of this period. Collectors should prescribe a register to be maintained by Tahsildars and independent Deputy Tahsildars to show the dates on which the accounts are due and the dates of their receipt. In the case of villages where Madras Act III of 1899 is in force, the registers should be checked and transmitted as required by rule 9 of the rules framed under the Act to the Registrar or Sub-Registrar of Assurances of the registration district or sub-district in which the village is situated and should be filed in his office. In the case of village in which the Act is not in force the registers should be filed in the Taluk office. At the end of each month the column head "Males" and "Females" should be totalled for the period and the number of births or deaths, as the case may be, that have occurred in each caste or class of the communities should be worked out. In the case of deaths the number of "Males" and "females" should be worked out separately from each cause and age-group.

In column 8 of section 1 (birth register) the name of the new-born child should be entered as soon as it is ascertained. In the case of illegitimate births, the word "illegimate" should be entered in the remarks column and no person's name should be entered as that of the father except as provided in the second proviso to section 8 of the Madras Registration of Births and Deaths Act, 1899. In column (5) of section II (death register) such particulars as may be necessary to clearly identify the deceased should be given in cases of doubt. The age of the deceased should be entered as accurately as possible and the causes of death to be specified should be those shown in the monthly abstract of Account No. 19-II. All still births should be entered in both the birth and death registers in red ink without being given any serial numbers but they should be excluded from the totals of both births and deaths in the compilation of the monthly abstracts. In the case of the death of a European British subject or a foreigner particulars as to the age and cause of death should be given at the foot of the return. For ascertaining the cause of death the hints furnished by the Director of Public Health and published in the District Gazette should be made use of, in cases of doubt. In the case of deaths due to wild animals, their names such as elephants, tigers, leopards, panthers or cheetahs, bears, wolves, hyaenas, crocodiles, wild pigs, etc., should be entered in the remarks column.

Columns (14) to (17) in the Register of Births and columns (30) to (33) in the Register of Deaths should be left blank in the villages in which Madras Act III of 1899 is not in force.

The several columns of section III explain themselves. Animals slaughtered should not be entered in this section; so also deaths from natural decay or accidents. If in column (10) or (15) of Form No. 19, section III, the mortality from any cause is considerable, the particular cause and the number of deaths due to it should be entered in the remarks column of this form and that of the monthly abstract. When cattle are killed by wild animals, the names of the wild animals causing the deaths should be noted in column (18) of the register and the total number of deaths among each description of stock by different wild animals should be entered in the remarks column of the monthly abstract. The number of deaths among cattle need not be entered against surra, as this disease is peculiar to horses, asses and mules and that among horses, asses and mules need not be entered against rinderpest, malignant sore-throat, black quarter and epizootic aptha or foot-and-mouth disease, as no death is caused to horses, etc., by such diseases. These registers should be carefully checked and initialled by the Tahsildars and Revenue Inspectors when they inspect the villages.

A list of all unprotected children should be maintained for each village in Form No. 19-D. The register should be kept for the calendar year in book form. It should be written legibly and kept up-to-date and should be inspected by all revenue officials visiting the village. If a village consists of several hamlets besides the parent village, the list should be prepared hamletwar by allotting a few pages in the register, first for the parent village and then for each of the hamlets, in order to facilitate the identification of cases for vaccination and the verification of those under vaccination by the officers of the Public Health Department. The register shall be maintained by the village headmen or the Registrars of Births and Deaths appointed under Madras Act III of 1899 as the case may be. In the case of a village comprising within its limits of a railway station or part of a railway line the register of unprotected children should be maintained for the whole village including the portion within railway limits. Particulars regarding births within railway limits will be furnished by the station-masters concerned. When a fresh register is opened all the children shown as unprotected in the previous register should first be brought forward. The names of all other children in the village, under 12 years of age in the case of male children and 10 years of age in the case of female children, who have not been vaccinated or have not had smallpox should be entered next. Below these entries should be noted cases of new births simultaneously with their record in the birth register and in the same order. At the beginning of each month inquiries shall be made regarding unprotected children born in other villages who have taken up their residence in the village and the names of all such children shall be entered in the register. Columns (1) to (8) are to be filled in by the village headman or the Registrar, as the case may be, column (9) by the vaccinator and columns (10), (11) and (12) by the Health Inspector. Column (13) is intended for the remarks of the inspecting officers and also of the vaccinator in case of postponement of vaccination. When a child dies or leaves the village, the fact should be noted by the village headman, or the Registrar, as the case may be, in the remarks column (13). If there are no numbers to the doors of houses the name of the street and such other particulars as are necessary for the identification of the case should be given in column (8). The register should be retained in the village for one year after the close of the year to which it relates and thereafter it should be deposited in the Taluk office.

Statement No. 20.

This account should be opened on the 1st of April and continued to the end of March. The account should be closed on the 25th of every month and submitted to the Revenue Inspector with statements Nos. I and I-A. As many columns as may be required may be opened for the several irrigation sources in the village. The rainfall should be entered

immediately after it has been measured against the date of the morning on which it is measured. The entry should be made to quarters of an inch as 1/4, 1/2, 3/4, 1, 1-1/4, 1-1/2 and 1-3/4 and so on. In villages where bottle gauges have not been supplied, the existing practice of roughly estimating the fall in padunus should be continued, a padunu being the amount required to fit dry land for ploughing. The total rainfall for the month should also be noted. The capacity of each source, i.e., the number of months' supply it will contain when full should be noted below the name thereof. Any supply received into a source should be noted against the date given in column (1) whenever received and a total made for the month. The consumption during each month should be deducted and the balance struck before the account is closed. The entries should be made in months and days. The account will be kept by the karnam, but monigars are required to attest it before submission to the Revenue Inspector. The state of the season in general, the state of the crops, the health of the people and cattle and such other particulars as may be of importance should be noted in the remark column of each month. The Revenue Inspector should compare the rainfall reported with that in the surrounding villages and see whether the entries are correct and the result noted. The Revenue Inspector on the occasion of his visit should also check the entries relating to supply position of the sources recorded by the karnam and enter in the remarks column the results of his inspection.

Statement No. 21.

Account No. 21 gives the particulars of agricultural stock whether belonging to registered ryots, inamdars or others. It should include stock in cities and cantonments and also that employed by Government departments and municipalities.

The names of the persons whether registered-holders of ryotwari lands, inamdars or others, owning any live or dead stock should be noted in column (1). Bulls are entire animals. Bullocks are castrated or mulled. Columns (2) to (9) relate to cattle (male and Female). For columns (2) to (17) classification by age as given in the headings of the form should be adopted. If any *camels* exist in the village, a special note may be the column for remarks showing their number and the purpose for which they are used.

The quinquennial census of stock should be taken by village officers jointly in the third week of January and a preliminary statement giving only the totals for the whole village should be submitted to the taluk by the 10th February after the Revenue Inspector has checked it as far as possible by personal inquiry before that date. After the despatch of the preliminary return, the enumeration should undergo verification by the Revenue Inspector and the higher Revenue Officers and the account in its entirety should be submitted to the Taluk office before 1st April.

Statement No. 22 (Abolished).

Statement No. 23.

Statement No. 23 shows the number of holdings under ryotwari tenure of various values held in the village and will be prepared from statement No. 10 annually. Petty holdings on which the assessment is one rupee and less should be separately entered. The holdings are to be classified according to the entries in column (7) of village statement No. 10, section II, no account being taken of remissions, water-rate, miscellaneous revenue, land-cess, local and special fund charges and meras, as this will be the simplest course for the karnams to adopt and will convey all essential information regarding the economic aspect of ryotwari holdings. The statement should be prepared from a posting statement which should be in the following form :—

(G.O. Ms. No. 2082, Revenue, dated 6th June 1958.)

Posting Statement No. 22.

Single holdings.							Joint holdings.							
Number of holdings.	Extent of holdings.				Assessment.		Number of holdings.	Number of share-holders.	Extent of holdings.				Assessment.	
	Dry.		Wet.						Dry.		Wet.			
(1)	(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)		(8)		(9)	
	A.	C.	A.	C.	RS.	P.			A.	C.	A.	C.	RS.	P.
Pattas on which the payment is Re. 1 and less.														
Total ..														
Pattas on which the payment is Rs. 10 and less, but over one rupee.														
Total ..														
And so on for all classes entered in column (1) of No. 23.														

N.B.—This will be prepared from statement No. 10, section II, annually. Enter first all pattas whose annual demand inclusive of remission but exclusive of land cess and miscellaneous revenue is one rupee and less and then the other items in the order mentioned in column (1) of No. 23. The total of each item is to be transferred to No. 23.

Statement No. 24.

This is an annual register of minerals worked in the village. It should be kept by village officers for the calendar year and should contain information about those mines only which are not worked under the Indian Mines Act VIII of 1901, whether accurate accounts are or are not maintained by the workers. No information is required (1) regarding clay used for brick-making, (2) regarding anything used in the making and repair of roads except laterite and limestone and then only (*a*) when the amount collected from any one spot is large, (*b*) when the figures are readily procurable and (3) regarding slate and steatite except when the conditions (*a*) and (*b*) referred to are satisfied. The output shown in column (3) should be given in *troy ounces* in the case of *gold*, in *carats* in the case of *gem stones*, in *cwt.* (or in *cwt.* and *lb.* where the circumstances require greater particularization in order to give an accurate estimate of small outputs), in the case of *alum*, *amber*, *asbestos*, *chromite corundum* (not being *gem corundum*), *graphite*,

jadestone, mica, steatite and *tin ore*, and in *tons*, in the case of *clays, iron ore, limestone, magnesite, manganese ore*, other *unspecified metalliferous ores* and *slate*. Information should also be furnished regarding any mineral found in the village in addition to those enumerated here, but *salt* need not be included as it is not mined in this State. The total amount of mineral raised during the year should be given. The value of the mineral shown in column (4) should be based on the actual or estimated wholesale price of the mineral at the pit's mouth and should include neither cart-hire, nor the cost of removal, nor any penal assessment charged on the land. The average number of persons employed daily should be obtained by dividing the aggregate number of daily attendances (permanent and temporary) by the number of working days. This information should be ascertained from the employer, in case the latter keeps trustworthy accounts, or in case such accounts are not kept, the number should be estimated by the village officers. Every person of or above the age of 15 years should be entered as an adult. At the close of each calendar year, the register should be submitted to the Taluk office.

NOTE.—The money values given in the forms do not relate to current accounts but are intended to serve as illustrations. In any reference made to the money value expressed in terms of annas and pies in these forms, the naye Paise equivalents according to conversion rates should be adopted. The words " naye Paise" should be substituted for the words " annas and pies ".

(G.O. Ms. No. 2082, Revenue, dated 6th June 1958.)

REGISTER A

PERMANENT FIELD REGISTER AND ABSTRACT REGISTER OF CHANGES OF ENTRY OF FIELDS FOR THE VILLAGE OF SALAVADI IN THE TINDIVANAM TALUK, SOUTH ARCOT DISTRICT, PREPARED FOR FASLI 1325

Register A—Permanent Field Register and Abstract Register of changes of entry of fields for the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, prepared for fasli 1335.

Survey number.	Sub-division letter.	Old Survey number and letter, if any.	Government or inam.	Dry, wet, unassessed or poramboke.	Source of irrigation.	Single or double crop	Class and sort of soil.	Taram.	Rate per acre.	Extent.	Assessment.	Number and name of registered ryotwari holder, inamdar, or holder in the case of enfranchised inams and unenfranchised personal inams and the name of the institution or work or the nature of service in the case of other inams.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
									RS. A.	ACS.	RS. A. P.		
1	A	32, 38	Government.	D	..	..	Red loam VII-3	5	1 8	10·40	15 10 0	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	Wells 2. One is a square well of 20′×18′×17′, revetted with rough stone. Normal depth of water is 5 feet. It can irrigate 2½ acres. The other is a round well, diameter 12 feet, constructed with brick and mortar. Normal depth of water is 4 feet. It can irrigate 75 cents.
..	B	34	Do.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	1·63	2 7 0	1. Srinivasa Kavandan.	Transferred to single-crop wet taram 6. Assessment Rs. 7-5-0 under Nagasamudram Tangal (flow)—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 8 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1335, dated 17th July 1925.
..	C	34, 35	Do.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	3·32	5 0 0	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	Wells 2. One is square well of 18′×16′×16′, constructed with stone and mortar. Normal depth of water is 5½ feet can irrigate 3 acres. The other also is a square well which is out of repair. Subdivided in fasli 1332 into—C-1, acs. 1·69, Rs. 2-9-0. C-2, acs. 1·63, Rs. 2-7-0—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 165 of No. 6 Register (Section 1) of fasli 1332, dated 5th August 1922.
..	D	Do.	Do.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	1·64	2 7 0	....	Well 1. Round well, diameter 14 feet, constructed with brick and mortar. Normal depth of water 4 feet. Can irrigate nearly 1½ acre.
..	E	Do.	Do.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	1·48	2 4 0	1. Srinivasa Kavandan.	....
..	F	Do.	Do.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	5·25	7 14 0	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	....

1	..	7	Do.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	3·29	4 15 0	4. Ranga Reddi and Narayana Reddi.	Well 1. Square well of 25′ × 20′ × 18′ constructed with rough stone. Normal depth of water is 5½ feet. Can irrigate 4 acres.
3	..	3	Inam.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	7·06	10 9 0	8. Thoti Seilan ..	Wells 2. One is a square well of 16′×15′×16′ constructed with rough stone. Normal depth 5 feet. It can irrigate 2 acres and the other is a round well, diameter 15 feet, constructed with brick and mortar. Normal depth of water is 6 feet. It can irrigate 1½ acres.
4	..	12	Do.	D	..	..	Red loam VII-3	5	1 8	2·10	3 2 0	Panchangam Krishnayyan.	Incorporated permanently with Government land in fasli 1323 — *vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 15 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1323, dated 16th August 1918.
5	..	11	Do.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	0·04	0 1 0	Blacksmith	....
6	..	10	Do.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	0·46	0 11 0	Carpenter	....
7	A	36	Government.	W	Nagasamudram Tangal.	1	VII-3	6	4 8	1·96	8 13 0	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	Well 1. Round well, diameter 12 feet, constructed with brick and mortar. Normal depth of water is 4 feet. Can irrigate 1 acre. Permanently transferred to dry 5th taram in fasli 1335 and assessed at Rs. 2-15-0—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 9 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1335, dated 17th July 1925.
7	B	36	Inam.	W	Do.	1	VII-3	6	4 8	5·24	23 9 0	Nagasamudram Tangal.	....
8	A	46	Government.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	0·80	1 3 0	4. Ranga Reddi and Narayana Reddi.	....
..	B	46	Do.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	1·00	1 8 0	...	Conditionally assigned. *See* C.'s Endorsement No. A-3-1106/20, dated 2nd September 1920, communicated with Tahsildar's R.Dis. No. 122 of 1920, dated 20th September 1920.
9	..	55	Do.	W	Nagasamudram Tangal.	1	VII-2	5	5 0	3·23	13 2 0	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	Well 1. Square well of 15′×15′×20′ revetted with rough stones. Normal depth of water is 5 feet. Can irrigate 2 acres. Transferred permanently to double crop in fasli 1332 and assessed at Rs. 18-2-0 *vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 13 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1332, dated 7th August 1922

Register A—Permanent Field Register and Abstract Register of changes of entry of fields for the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, prepared for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Survey number.	Sub-division letter.	Old Survey number and letter, if any.	Government or inam.	Dry, wet, unassessed or poramboke.	Source of irrigation.	Single or double crop.	Class and sort of soil.	Taram.	Rate per acre.	Extent.	Assessment.	Number and name of registered ryotwari holder, inamdar, or holder in the case of enfranchised inams and unenfranchised personal inams and the name of the institution or work or the nature of service in the case of other inams.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
									RS. A.	ACS.	RS. A. P.		
10	..	53	Government.	W	Nagasamudram Tangal.	1	VII–2	5	5 0	0·30	1 8 0	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	....
11	..	30	Do.	W	Do.	1	VII–3	6	4 8	2·23	10 1 0	....	Assigned as inam to Narasimhaswami temple in fasli 1335 in lieu of ready-money allowances on a quit rent of Rs. 2—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 5 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1335, dated 15th July 1925.
12	A	30	Do.	W	Do.	1	VII–2	5	5 0	0·78	3 14 0	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	....
„	B	30	Do.	W	Do.	1	VII–2	5	5 0	3·16	15 13 0	1. Srinivasa Kavandan.	Well 1. Round well, diameter [illegible] constructed with brick and mortar. Normal depth of water 5 feet; can irrigate 1 acre. Subdivided in fasli 1335 into— ACS. RS A. P. B-1 0·24 1 3 0 B-2 2·92 14 10 0 —*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 100 of No. 6 Register (Section I) of fasli 1335, dated 21st July 1925.
„	C	30	Do.	W	Do.	1	VII–2	5	5 0	1·20	6 0 0	3. Kari Narayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	Well 1. Square well of 20′×18′×16′ constructed partly with brick and mortar and partly with rough stone. Depth 4 feet; can irrigate 2½ acres. Subdivided in fasli 1335 into— C-1 Dry, 4th taram, single crop acre 0·53, Rs. 1—1—0. C-2 Wet, 5th taram, single crop, acre 0·67, Rs. 3—6—0—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 55 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1335, dated 10th November 1925.

13	A	9	Do.	W	Do.	..	VII-2	5	5	0	2·95	44	12	0	1. Srinivasa Kavandan.	Well 1. Square well of 25' × 20' × 20' revetted with rough stone. Normal depth of water is 6 feet; can irrigate 45 acres. In fasli 1335, this was permanently transferred to double crop and assessed at Rs. 16–10–0—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 75 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1335, dated 22nd January 1926.
..	B	9	Do.	W	Do.	1	VII-2	5	5	0	1·33	6	10	0	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	In fasli 1334, this was subdivided into— ACS. RS. A. P. B-1 0·67 3 5 0; B-2 0·66 2 5 0 —*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 165 of No. 6 Register (Section I) of fasli 1334, dated 28th August 1924. in fasli 1335. B-2 was transferred permanently to double crop and assessed at Rs. 3–12–0—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 16 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1335, dated 24th August 1925.
14	..	32	Inam.	W	Do.	1	VII-2	5	5	0	2·00	10	0	0	Krishnaswami temple ..	Dry on ground. Assessment Rs. 2.
15	..	31	Government.	P	..	..	..	..	..		0·35	..			....	Pagoda.
16	..	37	Inam.	D	..	..	VII-2	4	2	0	0·41	0	13	0	Blacksmith	..
17	..	13	Government.	D	..	..	VII-2	4	2	0	2·55	5	2	0	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	..
18	A	14	Do.	W	River.	1	VII-2	5	5	0	0·60	3	0	0	3. Kari Narayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	..
..	B	14	Do.	P	..	..	..	..	..		0·02	..			....	Channel.
..	C	14	Do.	W	Big tank.	1	VII-2	5	5	0	0·40	2	0	0	3. Kari Narayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	..
19	A	14	Do.	W	Do.	1	VII-2	5	5	0	0·61	3	1	0	1. Srinivasa Kavandan.	..
..	B	14	Do.	W	Do.	2	VII-2	5	6	4	1·38	8	5	0	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	Transferred to single crop and assessed at Rs. 6–10–0—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 15 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1335, dated 22nd August 1925.
20	..	15	Do.	W	Do.	1	VII-2	5	5	0	0·10	0	8	0	Do.	Taken up for public purposes in fasli 1335 and transferred to village-site poramboke—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 12 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1335, dated 7th September 1925.

Register A—Permanent Field Register and Abstract Register of changes of entry of fields for the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, prepared for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Survey number.	Sub-division letter.	Old survey number and letter if any.	Government or inam.	Dry, wet, unassessed or poramboke.	Source of irrigation.	Single or double crop.	Class and sort of soil	Taram.	Rate per acre.	Extent.	Assessment.	Number and name of registered ryotwari holder, inamdar, or holder in the case of enfranchised inams and unenfranchised personal inams and the name of the institution or work or the nature of service in the case of other inams.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
									RS. A.	ACS.	RS. A. P.		
21	..	16	Inam.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	2·00	3 0 0	Periya Chatram ..	Wet on ground. Assessment Rs. 10
22	..	18	Do.	W	Big tank.	2	VII-1	4	7 8	2·00	15 0 0	Sankarachar Matam ..	....
23	..	17	Government.	P	..	..	VII-2	..	..	0·66	..	..	Pagoda.
24	A	19	Do.	D	..	..	VII-2	4	2 0	0·21	0 7 0	3. Kari Narayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	Indigo vat 1.
..	B	1	Do.	D	..	..	VII-1	4	2 0	0·16	0 5 0	5. Varada Kavandan.	Well 1, Round well, diameter 15 feet, constructed with brick and mortar. Normal depth of water is 5 feet; can irrigate 12 acres.
25	..	20	Do.	P	..	..	..	..	..	0·60	..	..	Path.
26	..	21	Do	P	..	..	..	..	..	0·40	..	..	Village-site.
27	A	23	Do.	D	..	..	VII-1	3	2 8	0·09	0 4 0	5. Varada Kavandan ..	....
..	B	24	Do.	D	..	..	VII-1	3	2 8	0·18	0 7 0	4. Ranga Reddi and Narayana Reddi.	....
28	..	26	Do.	P	..	..	..	..	..	5·68	..	...	Rail road.
29	..	25	Do.	W	Small tank.	1	VII-1	4	6 0	0·19	1 2 0	1. Sreenivasa Kavandan.	....
30	..	25	Do.	W	Do.	1	VII-1	4	6 0	0·14	0 13 0	Do.	....
31	..	28	Inam.	W	Do.	1	VII-1	4	6 0	2·50	15 0 0	4. Rangareddi, Kattubaddiar.	Well 1. Square well of 25′ × 19′ × 18′, constructed with rough stone. Normal depth of water is 5½ feet; can irrigate 3½ acres.
32	..	29	Do.	W	Do.	1	VII-1	4	6 0	3·00	18 0 0	Do.	....
33	..	27	Do.	W	Do.	2	VII-2	5	6 4	2·00	12 8 0	Do.	....
34	..	39	Do.	D	..	..	VII-2	4	2 0	1·23	2 7 0	9. Talaiyari Raman ..	....
35	..	41	Do.	D	..	..	VII-3	5	1 8	2·40	3 0 0	Do.	Well 1. Squre well of 24′ × 19′ × 18′, revetted with rough stone. Normal depth of water is 4½ feet; can irrigate 3 acres.

36	.	40	Government.	W	Samll tank.	2	VII-1	4	7 8	1·15	8 10 0	4. Ranga Reddi and Narayana Reddi.	....
37	..	43	Inam ..	D	..	..	VII-2	4	2 0	3·50	7 0 0	6. Maniyam Ramaswamy Ayyar.	....
38	..	42	Do.	D	..	..	VII-2	4	2 0	5·00	10 0 0	7. Karnam Virappa Pillai.	Well 1. Square well, 22½′ × 20′ × 19′, revetted with rough stones. Normal depth 5′; can irrigate 3 acres.
39	..	44	Government.	D	.	..	VII-1	3	2 8	0·68	1 11 0	....	Tope.
40	..	45	Inam.	D	..	..	VII-2	4	2 0	2·50	4 2 0	Ramaswami Ayyar ..	Well 1. Round well, diameter 22′; total depth 18′; constructed with brick and mortar. Normal depth of water is 5¼ feet; can irrigate 2½ acres.
41	..	..	Government.	W	Well	1	VII-4	7	4 0	1·75	7 0 0	1. Srinivasa Kavavdan.	Well 1. Square well of 23′ × 21′ × 18′; revetted with rough stones. Normal depth of water is 5′; can irrigate 4 acres. Deduction at Re. 1 per acre for baling, Rs. 1-12-0.
42	..	..	Do.	U	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	Unsurveyed block. The area of this is estimated to be 65 acres. Survey No. 43, measuring 9.22 acres, was formed out of the block in fasli 1335.
								Deduction	Total .. of baling.	101·79 ..	309 0 0 1 12 0		
									Balance.	..	307 4 0		
43	A	..	Do.	D	..	..	VII-4	6	1 4	2·17	2 11 0	....	Surveyed from the unsurveyed block No. 42, for assignment in fasli 1335—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 6 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1335, dated 15th July 1925. — Well 1. Round well, diameter 18′, depth 16′ constructed with brick and mortar Normal depth of water is 4′; can irrigate 1¼ acres.
..	B	..	Do.	W	Small tank.	2	VII-4	7	4 0	2·64	10 9 0	....	Do. — Well 1. Square well of 15′ × 20′ × 15′. Revetted with rough stones. Normal depth of water is 6′; can irrigate 2½ acres.

Register A—Permanent Field Register and Abstract Register of changes of entry of fields for the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, prepared for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Survey number.	Sub-division letter.	Old survey number and letter, if any.	Government or inam.	Dry, wet, unassessed or poramboke.	Source of irrigation.	Single or double crop.	Class and sort of soil.	Taram.	Rate per acre.	Extent.	Assessment.	Number and name of registered ryotwari holder, inamdar, or holder in the case of enfranchised inams and unenfranchised personal inams and the name of the institution or work or the nature of service in the case of other inams.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
									RS. A.	ACS.	RS A. P.		
43	C	.	Government.	D	..	..	VII-4	6	1 4	2·00	2 8 0	....	Surveyed from the unsurveyed block No. 42, for assignment in fasli 1335—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 6 of No. 7 Register of fasli 1335, dated 15th July 1925. Conditionally assigned. *See* Tahsildar's Order No. 8 of No. 4 Register of fasli 1335, dated 30th August 1925.
43	D	..	Do.	D	..	..	VII-4	6	1 4	2·41	3 0 0	....	Do. ....
										111·01	326 0 0		

Memorandum.— The area of the unsurveyed block No. 2 is estimated to be 60 acres.

Enclosure to Register A.—Abstract statement exhibiting the total area and assessment of Government and inam lands under each description of land and class of assessment in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Dry, wet, unassessed or poramboke.	Class and sort of soil.	Taram.	Single or double crop.	Rate per acre.	Government. Occupied. Extent.	Government. Occupied. Assessment.	Government. Unoccupied. Extent.	Government. Unoccupied. Assessment.	Inam. Extent.	Inam. Assessment.	Total. Extent.	Total. Assessment.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
	RED LOAM			RS. A. P.	ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	
Wet	7·1	4	1	6 0 0	0 33	1 15 0	..	..	5 50	33 0 0	5 83	45 15 0	
	..	..	2	7 8 0	1 15	8 10 0	..	..	2 00	15 0 0	3 15	23 10 0	
	7·2	5	1	5 0 0	8 52	42 9 0	..	..	2 00	10 0 0	10 52	52 9 0	
	..	..	2	5 10 0	6 84	38 8 0	..	..	..	..	6 84	38 8 0	
	..	..	..	6 4 0	..	..	..	..	2 00	12 8 0	2 00	12 8 0	
	7·3	6	1	4 8 0	1 63	7 5 0	..	..	7 47	33 10 0	9 10	40 15 0	
	7·4	7	1	4 0 0	4 39	17 9 0	..	..	..	..	4 39	17 9 0	
Single crop	..	..	..	..	14 87	69 6 0	..		14 97	76 10 0	29 84	146 0 0	
Double crop	..	..	..	..	7 99	47 2 0	..	..	4 00	27 8 0	11 99	74 10 0	
Total, both crops	..	..	..	..	22 86	116 8 0	..	..	18 97	104 2 0	41 83	220 10 0	
Deduction for baling	..	..	..	..	.	1 12 0	..	..	..	..	..	1 12 0	
Net total	..	..	..		22 86	114 12 0	..	..	18 97	104 2 0	41 83	218 14 0	
Dry	7.1	3	..	2 8 0	0 27	0 11 0	0 68	1 11 0	..	..	0 95	2 6 0	
	7.2	4	..	2 0 0	0 90	1 13 0	2 55	5 2 0	12 19	24 6 0	15 64	31 5 0	
	7.3	5	..	1 8 0	25 99	39 0 0	5 25	7 14 0	11 96	17 15 0	43 20	64 13 0	
	7.4	6	..	1 4 0	6 58	8 3 0	.	..	.	..	6 58	8 3 0	
Total	..	..	..	..	33 74	49 11 0	8 48	14 11 0	24 15	42 5 0	66 37	106 11 0	
Total, wet and dry	..	..	..	..	56 60	164 7 0	8 48	14 11 0	43 12	146 7 0	108 20	325 9 0	
Add poramboke—													
Pagoda	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 1	..	..	..	1 1	..	
Channel	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 2	..	..	..	0 2	..	
Path	..	..	..	..	..		0 60	..	..	..	0 60	..	
Village site	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 50	..	..	..	0 50	..	
Rail road	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 68	..	..	..	0 68	..	
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	2 81	..	.	..	2 81	..	
Total including poramboke	..	..	..	..	56 60	164 7 0	11 29	14 11 0	43 12	146 7 0	111 01	325 9 0	
Unassessed	..	..	..	..	..	..	50 78	..	..	..	50 78	..	

Register B.—Permanent register of inams and changes therein for the Government village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, prepared for fasli 1335.

Description of inam.	Number of title deed.	Survey field. Number.	Survey field. Sub-division letter.	Description of the land in inam register. Dry or wet.	Description of the land in inam register. Single or double crop.	Extent by survey, etc.	Assessment.	Quit-rent payable to Government. Quit-rent including old jodi.	Quit-rent payable to Government. Charge for excess found subsequent to title deed.	Quit-rent payable to Government. Total.	Name of registered inamdar or holder in the case of unenfranchised personal inams and the name of the institution or work of the nature of the service in the case of other inams.	Assessment, if any, other than the current assessment on which quit-rent was apportioned.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
						ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.			
Religious ..	1	14	..	Wet.	1	2 0	10 0 0	0 8 0	..	0 8 0	Krishnaswami temple	..	Description of the land altered since issue of title-deed from wet to dry—current settlement assessment, Rs. 2.
	2	22	..	Do.	2	2 0	15 0 0	..	..	..	Sankarachar Matam		
						4 0	25 0 0	0 8 0	..	0 8 0			
Charitable	3	21	..	Dry.	..	2 0	3 0 0	1 0 0	..	1 0 0	Periya Chatram ..	..	Description of the land altered since issue of title-deed from dry to wet—current settlement assessment, Rs. 10.
Personal { Enfranchised ..	4	31	..	Wet.	1	2 50	15 0 0	1 10 4	0 10 4	2 4 8	Ranga Reddi, Kattubaddiar.		
		32	..	Do.	1	3 0	18 0 0	1 15 8	0 12 5	2 12 1	Do.		
		33	..	Do.	1	2 0	12 8 0	1 6 0	0 9 3	1 15 3	Do.		
						7 50	45 8 0	5 0 0	2 0 0	7 0 0			
Personal { Unenfranchised ..	..	40	..	Dry.	..	2 5	4 2 0	..	0 6 0	0 6 0	Ramaswami Ayyer.		
Dasabandam ..	5	7	B.	Wet.	1	5 24	23 9 0	..	..	..	Nagasamudram Tangal		

Village Services.													
Enfranchised. Maniyam	6	37	..	Dry.	..	3 50	7 0 0	3 8 0	0 8 0	4 0 0	Maniyam Ramaswami Ayyar.		
Enfranchised. Karnam	7	38	..	Do.	..	5 00	10 0 0	5 0 0	..	5 0 0	Karnam Virappa Pillai		
Enfranchised. Thoti	8	3	..	Do.	..	7 06	10 9 0	5 3 0	1 0 0	6 3 0	Thoti Sellan.		
Enfranchised. Talayari	9	34	..	Do.	..	1 23	2 7 0	1 4 0	..	1 4 0	Talayari Raman.		
		35	..	Do.	..	2 40	3 10 0	1 14 0	..	1 14 0			
						19 19	33 13 0	16 13 0	1 8 0	18 5 0			
Unenfranchised. Carpenter ..	.	6	..	Do.	..	0 46	0 11 0	..	..	..	Carpenter.		
Unenfranchised. Blacksmith ..	..	5	..	Do.	..	0 4	0 1 0	..	..	..	Blacksmith.		
		15	..	Do.	..	0 41	0 13 0		..	..			
Unenfranchised. Panchangam ..	..	4	..	Do.	.	2 10	3 2 0	..	.	..	Panchangam ..	..	Incorporated with Government in fasli 1328—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 15 of No. 7 register of fasli 1328, dated 16th August 1918.
						3 1	4 11 0	..	..	..			
Religious ..	10	11	..	Wet.	1	2 23	10 1 0	2 0 0		2 0 0	Narasimhaswami temple.	..	Assigned as inam as in fasli 1335 in lieu of ready money allowances—*vide* Tahsildar's Order No. 5 of No. 7 register of fasli 1335, dated 15th July 1925.
Grand total ..	..	..	..	..	.	45 22	149 9 0	25 5 0	3 14 0	29 3 0			

ABSTRACT.

Items.	Religious.	Charitable.	Personal.	Dasabandam.	Village service.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Original quit-rent including jodi and charge for excess as per vernacular quit-rent register.	0 8 0	1 0 0	7 6 0	..	18 5 0
Deduct on account of inams lapsed to Government.	..	..	..	..	..
Remainder ..	0 8 0	1 0 0	7 6 0	..	18 5 0
Add on account of inams newly granted.	2 0 0	..	..	..	..
Quit-rent including charge for excess as per permanent register.	2 8 0	1 0 0	7 6 0	..	18 5 0

Register B-1.—Register of service-tenure grants recognized under the Estates Abolition Act, and Devadas grants dealt with under section 34 (2) of Madras Act XIX of 1951 (The Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951).

PART—I.

Name of the village.	Name of the estate.	Survey number and sub-division.	Boundaries of the land. North— South— East— West—	Description of the land, dry, wet, manavari, etc.	Extent.	Class and sort of soil.	Taram.	Rate per acre.	Taram assessment.	Amount, if any, payable to Government by the holder of the land.	Nature and particulars of service and conditions, if any, governing the grant.	Name of the holder of the land.	Remarks. (Here enter the number and date of the A.S.O.'s or S.O.'s orders recognizing the grant and other important particulars about grant.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
					ACS.			RS. P.	RS. P.	RS. P.			

Section I.—Religious grants.
Section II.—Charitable grants.
Section III.—Village service grants.
Section IV.—Dasabandam grants.
Section V.—Other grants not covered by sections I to IV.

PART—II.

Name of the village.	Name of the estate.	Survey number and sub-division.	Boundaries of the land. North— South— East— West—	Description of the land dry, wet, manavari, etc.	Extent.	Class and sort of soil.	Taram.	Rate per acre.	Taram assessment.	Gross rent fixed on Devadasi inams by the Collector under section 34 of the Act XIX of 1951.	Amount, if any, payable to the Government by the holder of the land.	Net amount payable to the Devadasi for the institution as the case may be under section 34 of the Act XIX of 1951 [column 10 (a) *minus* column (11)].	Nature and particulars of service and conditions, if any, governing the grant.	Name of the holder of the land.	Remarks.—(Here enter the number and date of the A.S.O.'s or S.O.'s orders recognizing the grant and other important particulars. Specific mention about the Devadasi grants dealt with by the Collector under section 34 of the Act XIX of 1951 should also be made.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(10-a)	(11)	(11-a)	(12)	(13)	(14)
					ACS.			RS. P.	RS. P.		RS. P.				

Permanent register of conditional assignments.

Section I—Register of lands assigned to Scheduled Castes under special conditions.

Serial number.	Survey number and extent of the lands comprised in the grant.		Number and date of the grant.	Number of the grantee.	Brief statement of the conditions of the grant.	Amount of market valu and the number of the instalments to be paid.	Instalments due.		Instalments paid.		In the case of default in payment according to column (9) action taken.	Remarks as to (i) whether the conditions have been fulfilled and the grant made absolute; and (ii) if the conditions had been violated, action taken.
	Survey number.	Extent.					Amount.	When due.	Amount.	When paid		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
		ACS.					RS. P.		RS. P.			

Register showing cowles under B.S.O. No. 19-1 and other conditional assigments.

Serial number.	Survey number and extent of lands comprised in the grant.		Number and date of the grant.	Name of the grantee.	Brief statement of the conditions of the grant.	Remarks as to (i) whether the conditions have been fulfilled and the grant made absolute; and (ii) if the conditions have been violated, action taken, etc.
	Survey number.	Extent.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		ACS.				

Register of house-sites acquired and assigned to the Scheduled Castes under G.O. No. 52, Revenue, dated 7th January 1928.

The grant is subject to the following conditions :—

(1) The grant is liable to cancellation without the payment of any compensation, (*a*) if it be found that it was grossly inequitable or was made under a mistake of fact or owing to misrepresentation or fraud or in excess of the limits of authority delegated to the assigning officer by the Board's Standing Order or that there was any irregularity in the procedure, (*b*) or on appeal by a duly constituted appellate authority.

(2) In the event of the cancellation of the assignment either on appeal or in revision, the grantee shall not be entitled to compensation for any improvements that he may have made on the land.

(3) The grantee shall pay to the Government proportionate cost incurred by the Government in acquiring the land by an initial deposit of Rs.   and by subsequent annual payments of Rs.   for   years.

(4) If the compensation payable for the acquisition of the land is subsequently increased by an award of the court on a reference under the Land Acquisition Act or on appeal therefrom, the instalments payable by the grantee shall be increased at the discretion of the Government in amount or in number so as to cover the amount of additional compensation and all expenses incurred by the Government in the conduct of the proceedings in courts and the grantee shall pay to the Government such enhanced instalments accordingly.

(5) The grantee shall pay to the Government on the date fixed for the payment of each instalment the amount of that instalment together with the interest accrued up to that date on the amount of purchase money then remaining unpaid at the rate prevailing for loans granted under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1889, on the date the amount was paid in the first instance by the Government on behalf of the grantee.

If the annual instalment of principal and interest or any portion thereof is not paid on or before the due date, the grantee shall pay interest on the overdue amount at the rate of interest at which the loan was granted from the date of default up to the date of payment.

(6) The grantee shall be at liberty at any time to pay the balance of the purchase money then still unpaid or part thereof provided he pays also at the same time all interest which may have accrued and all assessment which may be then due to the Government. Any advance payments shall be credited first to interest accrued to date, then to principal.

(7) The grantee shall pay the assessment and taxes that may from time to time be imposed or levied on such lands.

(8) The grantee shall not without the sanction of the Government alienate the land to a person other than a citizen of India.

(9) The right of Government shall be reserved to all gold and other minerals or coal and stone or rock containing or supposed to contain gold and other minerals or coal known to exist or which may at any time hereafter be discovered on in, or under the site aforesaid or any part thereof, and the grantee, his heirs or assigns shall not be at liberty to work the said gold and other minerals or coal except after permission or licence duly obtained from Government. The Government also reserve to themselves or to persons authorized by them the powers necessary for the proper working of the mineral such as the full and free liberty and right of ingress, degress and regress, etc., as detailed in Part II of the model form of mining lease in Appendix IX, Chapter VIII of the Madras Mining Manual, subject to the payment or rendering of compensation to the surface owner for all damages that he may sustain by the exercise of such rights.

(10) Until the whole of the instalments of the purchase money and interest shall have been paid, the grantee shall not alienate, let or sell or otherwise part with the possession of the land or of any buildings thereon or charge the land purchased by him or his interest thereon or any part thereof without the previous consent of the Government.

(11) The grantee shall not carry on any trade or business upon the premises or any part thereof, but shall use the plot of land as a house-site and if there is not already a house in the plot, erect thereon within   years a private dwelling house only and shall not use or occupy the same or any part thereof nor permit the same or any part thereof to be used or occupied so as in the opinion of the Government to damage or injuriously affect the adjoining property or create a nuisance.

(12) In the event of the breach of any of the conditions, the Government may declare that the deposit and any money paid by the grantee have been forfeited to the Government, they may also resume the grant and re-enter on the land, or any part thereof and on such resumption and re-entry the land or portion thereof shall vest absolutely in the Government and the grantee shall not be entitled to any compensation whatever.

Serial number.	Survey number and extent of the lands comprised in the grant.		Number and date of the grant.	Name of the grantee.	Brief statement of the conditions of the grant.	Amount of loan and the number of the instalments to be paid.	Instalment due.		Instalments paid.		In case of default in payment according to column (9), action taken.	Remarks as to (i) whether the conditions have been fulfilled and the grant made absolute and (ii) if the conditions had been violated, action taken.
	Survey number.	Extent.					Amount.	When due.	Amount.	When paid.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
		ACS.					RS.		RS.			

REGISTER of lands alienated or exempted from assessment in the village of

Survey number.	Classification.	Extent.	Assessment.	Name of the person, institution or local body to whom land is granted or in whose favour the assessment is remitted.	Purpose for which the land is granted or assessment remitted.	Conditions of the grant of land.	Orders sanctioning the grant or the exemption from assessment.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
		ACS.	RS. P.					

REGISTER of lands held on lease in the village, taluk.

Section I—Lands held on long-term leases.

Serial number.	Survey number and extent of the land comprised in the lease.		Number and date of the order under which the lease was granted.	Name of the lessee.	Period of the lease.	Date of termination of the lease.	Rent payable.	Remarks.
	Survey number.	Extent.						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
		ACS.					RS. P.	

Section II—Lands held on short-term leases.

Serial number.	Survey number and extent of the land comprised in the lease.		Number and date of the order under which the lease was granted.	Name of the lessee.	Period of the lease.	Date of termination of the lease.	Rent payable.	Remarks.
	Survey number.	Extent.						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
		ACS.					RS. P.	

REGISTER of cowles—Lands held on progressive cowle in the village, taluk.

Name of the individual to whom lands were granted on cowle.	Lands granted on cowle.				Date and number of the orders sanctioning the cowle.	Terms of the cowle.	Amount of assessment to be charged in each year during the period of the cowle.	Assessment and water-rate charged during the year.		Remarks.
	Dry, wet, unassessed or poramboke	Field.						Assessment.	Water-rate.	
		Survey number	Area.	Full assessment.						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
			ACS.	RS. P.			RS. P.	RS. P.	RS. P.	

Section III—Lands granted under B.S.O. No. 24-A.

Serial number.	Survey number and extent of the and comprised in the grant.		Number and date of the order sanctioning the grant.	Name of the grantee.	Purpose for which granted (trade purpose, e.g., timber depot, recreation purposes, cinema, laying pipe lines, etc.).	Period of the grant.	Date of termination of the grant.	Charge payable.	Remarks.
	Survey number.	Extent.							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
		ACS. CTS.						RS. P.	

No. 1.—Statement showing the particulars of monthly cultivation in Government and minor inam lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk South Arcot district, for fasli 1340.

Name of crop.	Survey numbers and sub-divisions.	Area cultivated in the month. Total. First crop.	Total. Second crop.	Irrigated. First crop.	Irrigated. Second crop.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		ACS.		ACS.	
		April 1930.			
		Wet.			
Paddy	19–11	0·38	..	0·38	..
	46–3	0·15	..	0·15	..
	143–9	0·19	..	0·19	..
		Dry—Nil.			
		Poramboke—Nil.			
Total in the month	..	0·72	..	0·72	..
Total up to the month	..	0·72	..	0·72	..
		Wet.			
Groundnut (irrigated)	19–14	0·54	..	0·54	..
	20–1	0·14	..	0·14	..
		Dry.			
	37–5	1·44	..	1·44	..
	41–2	0·75	..	0·75	..
		Poramboke—Nil.			
Total in the month	..	2·87	..	2·87	..
Total up to the month	..	2·87	..	2·87	..
		Wet.			
Sugarcane	144–5	1·54	..	1·54	..
		Dry.			
	41–1	0·66	..	0·66	..
		Poramboke—Nil.			
Total in the month	..	2·20	..	2·20	..
Total up to the month	..	2·20	..	2·20	..
		Wet.			
Brinjals	26–9	0·25	..	0·25	..
		Dry—Nil.			
		Poramboke—Nil.			
Total in the month	..	0·25	..	0·25	..
Total up to the month	..	0·25	..	0·25	..
Grand total — In the month—					
Wet	..	3·19	..	3·19	..
Dry	..	2·85	..	2·85	..
Poramboke	..	Nil.	..	Nil.	..
Total	..	6·04	..	6·04	..
Grand total — Up to the month—					
Wet	..	3·19	..	3·19	..
Dry	..	2·85	..	2· 5	..
Poramboke	..	Nil.	..	Nil.	..
Total	..	6·04	..	6·04	..
		May 1930.			
		Wet.			
Paddy	2–79	0·60	..	0·60	..
	30–1	0·42	..	0·42	..
		Dry—Nil.			
		Poramboke—Nil.			
Total in the month	..	1·02	..	1·02	..
Total up to the month	..	1·74	..	1·74	..

No. 1.—Statement showing the particulars of monthly cultivation in Government and minor inam lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1340—*cont.*

Name of crop.	Survey numbers and sub-divisions.	Area cultivated in the month. Total. First crop.	Total. Second crop.	Irrigated. First crop.	Irrigated. Second crop.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	MAY 1930—*cont.*				
	Wet.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Varagu	130–18	0·38	..	0·38	..
	130–19	0·13	..	0·13	..
	Dry—Nil.				
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	0·51	..	0·51	..
Total up to the month	..	0·51	..	0·51	..
	Wet—Nil.				
	Dry.				
Groundnut (irrigated)	144–6	0·62	..	0·62	..
	144–8	0·28	..	0·28	..
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	0·90	..	0·90	..
Total up to the month	..	3·77	..	3·77	..
	Wet.				
Sugarcane	26–10	0·30	..	0·30	..
	26–11	0·29	..	0·29	..
	Dry—Nil.				
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	0·59	..	0·59	..
Total up to the month	..	2·79	..	2·79	..
	Wet—Nil.				
	Dry.				
	181–9	0·23	..	0·23	..
Brinjals	181–12	0·15	..	0·15	..
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	0·38	..	0·38	..
Total up to the month	..	0·63	..	0·63	
Grant total — In the month—					
Wet	..	2·12	..	2·12	..
Dry	..	1·28	..	2·12	..
Poramboke ..		Nil.	..	Nil.	
Total ..	..	3·40	..	3·40	..
Grant total — Up to the month—					
Wet	..	5·31	..	5·31	..
Dry	..	4·13	..	4·13	..
Poramboke ..	..	Nil.	..	Nil.	..
Total ..	..	9·44	..	9·44	..
	JUNE 1930.				
	Wet.				
Paddy	124–4	0·06	..	0·06	..
	129–5	0·21	..	0·21	..
	Dry.				
	72–2	0·50	..	0·50	..
	75	0·58	..	0·58	..
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	1·25	..	1·35	..
Total up to the month	..	3·09	..	3·09	..
	Wet.				
Gingelly	125–5	0·81	..	0·81	—

No. 1.—Statement showing the particulars of monthly cultivation in Government and minor inam lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1340—*cont.*

Name of crop.	Survey numbers and sub-divisions.	Area cultivated in the month.			
		Total.		Irrigated.	
		First crop.	Second crop.	First crop.	Second crop.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
JUNE 1930—*cont.*					
Dry—Nil.					
Poramboke—Nil.					
		ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Gingelly—*cont.*					
Total in the month	..	0·81	..	0·81	..
Total up to the month	..	0·81	..	0·81	..
Wet—Nil.					
Dry.					
Groundnut (irrigated)	204–2	0·25	..	0·25	..
Poramboke—Nil.					
Total in the month	..	0·25	..	0 25	..
Total up to the month	..	4·02	..	4·02	..
Wet—Nil.					
Sugarcane	27–8	0·21	..	0·21	..
Dry.					
Sugarcane	186–7	0·30	..	0·30	..
	186–12	0 26	..	0·26	..
Poramboke—Nil.					
Total in the month	..	0·77	..	0·77	..
Total up to the month	..	3·56	..	3·56	..
Wet—Nil					
Dry.					
Elephant yam	60–1	0·24	..	0·24	..
Poramboke—Nil.					
Total in the month	..	0·24	..	0·24	..
Total up to the month	..	0 24	..	0·24	..
Grand total .. — In the month— Wet	..	1·29	..	1·29	..
Dry	..	2·13	..	2·13	..
Poramboke .. .	..	Nil.	..	Nil.	..
Total ..	..	3·42	..	3·42	..
Up to the month— Wet	..	6·60	..	6·60	..
Dry	..	6 26	..	6 26	..
Poramboke	..	Nil.	..	Nii.	..
Total ..	..	12·86	..	12·86	..
JULY 1930.					
Wet—Nil.					
Dry.					
Paddy	84–4	..	0·23*	..	0·23
Poramboke—Nil.					
Total in the month	..	..	0·23	..	0·23
Total up to the month ..	..	3·09	0·23	3·09	0·23
Wet.					
Kambu	22–2	0·65	..	..	..
	43–4	0·21	..	..	..
	43–5	0·24	..	..	..
Dry—Nil.					
	21 1	0·24	..	..	..
	147–12	0 41	..	..	..
Poramboke—Nil.					
Total in the month	..	1·75	..	..	..
Total up to the month	..	1 75	..	..	..

* Cultivation of May brought to account in July.

No. 1.—Statement showing the particulars of monthly cultivation in Government and minor inam lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1340—*cont.*

Name of crop.	Survey numbers and sub-divisions.	Area cultivated in the month. Total. First crop.	Total. Second crop.	Irrigated. First crop.	Irrigated. Second crop.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	JULY 1930—*cont.*				
	Wet.				
		ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Ragi	19-1	0·06	..	0·06	..
	19-2	0·24	..	0·24	..
	19-3	0·06	..	0·06	..
	19-4	0·06	..	0·06	..
	19-10	0·66	..	0·66	..
	Dry.				
	54-1	0·22	..	0·22	..
	54-2	0·25	..	0·25	..
	54-3	0·33	..	0·33	..
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	1·88	..	1·88	..
Total up to the month	..	1·88	..	1·88	..
	Wet—Nil.				
	Dry.				
Varagu	131-24	0·14	..	0·14	..
	Promboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	0·14	..	0·14	..
Total up to the month	..	0·65	..	0·65	..
	Wet—Nil.				
	Dry.				
Plantain	153	0·06	..	0·06	
	99-4	0·18	..	0·18	
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	0·24	..	0·24	..
Total up to the month	..	0·24	..	0·24	..
	Wet.				
Elephant yam	128-12	0·35	..	0·35	..
	128-14	0·25	..	0·25	..
	128-15	0·17	..	0·17	..
	Dry.				
	145-2	0·50	..	0·50	..
	148-2	0·07	..	0·07	..
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	1·34	..	1·34	..
Total up to the month	..	1·58	..	1·58	..
	Wet.				
Valli	144-2B	0·07	..	0·07	..
	Dry—Nil.				
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	0·07	..	0·07	..
Total up to the month	..	0·07	..	0·07	..
	Wet—Nil.				
	Dry.				
Casuarina	49-2	1·24	..	..	..
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	1·24	..	..	..
Total up to the month	..	1·24	..	..	..
Grand total — In the month—					
Wet	..	3·02	..	1·92	..
Dry	..	3·64	0·23	1·75	0·23
Poramboke	..	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Total ..	..	6·66	0·23	3·67	0·23
Grand total — Up to the month—					
Wet	..	9·62	..	8·52	..
Dry	..	9·90	0·23	8·01	0·23
Poramboke ..	..	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Total ..		19·52	0·23	16·53	0·23

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No. 1.—Statement showing the particulars of monthly cultivation in Government and minor inam lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1340—*cont.*

Name of crop.	Survey numbers and sub-divisions.	Area cultivated in the month.			
		Total.		Irrigated.	
		First crop.	Second crop.	First crop.	Second crop.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
AUGUST 1930.					
Wet—Nil.					
Dry.					
		ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Groundnut (unirrigated)	7-1	2·06	..	..	..
	8-3	0·02	..	..	..
	15-1	1·04	..	..	..
	58-1	0·32	..	..	..
Poramboke—Nil.					
Total in the month	..	3·44	..	..	..
Total up to the month	..	3·44	..	..	..
Grand total — In the month—					
Wet	..	Nil.	..	..	..
Dry	..	3·44	..	..	..
Poramboke ..	..	Nil.	..	..	..
Total ..	..	3·44	..	..	..
Up to the month—					
Wet	..	9·62	..	8·52	..
Dry	..	13·34	0·23	8·01	0·23
Porambake ..	..	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Total ..	..	22·96	0·23	16·53	0·23
SEPTEMBER 1930.					
Wet.					
Paddy	118-3	0·14	..	..	..
	120-2	0·23	..	..	..
	120-6	0·55	..	..	..
Dry—Nil.					
Poramboke—Nil.					
Total in the month	..	0·92	..	..	..
Total up to the month	..	4·01	0·23	3·09	0·23
Grand total — In the month—					
Wet	..	0·92	..	..	..
Dry	..	..	..	..	..
Poramboke	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	..	0·92	..	..	..
Up to the month—					
Wet	..	10·54	..	8·52	..
Dry	..	13·34	0·23	8·01	0·23
Poramboke	..	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Total ..	..	23·88	0·23	16·53	0·23
OCTOBER 1930.					
Wet.					
Paddy	19-5	0·15	..	0·15	..
	19-11	..	0·38	..	0·38
Dry.					
	21-2	0·21	..	..	..
	37-5	..	1·44	..	..
	45-1	0·10	..	0·10	..
Poramboke—Nil.					
Total in the month	..	0·46	1·82	0·25	0·38
Total up to the month	..	4·47	2·05	4·26*	0·61
Wet.					
Varagu	130-5	0·51	..	..	..
	131-5	..	0·35	..	..

* Includes 0·92 cultivated with unirrigated crop in the previous month but brought under irrigation during the month.

No. 1.—Statement showing the particulars of monthly cultivation in Government and minor inam lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district for fasli 1340—*cont.*

Name of crop.	Survey numbers and sub-divisions.	Area cultivated in the month. Total. First crop.	Area cultivated in the month. Total. Second crop.	Area cultivated in the month. Irrigated. First crop.	Area cultivated in the month. Irrigated. Second crop.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		OCTOBER 1930—*cont.*			
		Dry.			
		ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Varagu—*cont.*	10–3	0·42	..	..	..
	146–20	..	0·42	..	..
		Poramboke—Nil.			
Total in the month	..	0·93	0·67	..	..
Total up to the month	..	1·58	0·67	0·65	..
		Wet—Nil.			
		Dry.			
Horsegram	150–1	1·10	..	..	..
		Poramboke—Nil.			
Total in the month	..	1·10	..	..	..
Total up to the month	..	1·10	..	..	..
Grand total — In the month—					
Wet	..	0·66	0·73	0·15	0·38
Dry	..	1·83	1·76	0·10	..
Poramboke	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	2·49	2·49	0·25	0·38
Up to the month—					
Wet	..	11·20	0·73	9·59	0·38
Dry	..	15·17	1·99	8·11	0·23
Total	..	26·37	2·72	17·70	0·61
		NOVEMBER 1930.			
		Wet.			
Paddy	42–9	0·25	..	0·25	..
	42–14	..	0·37	..	0·37
	113–2	0·28	..	0·28	..
		Dry.			
	144–6	..	0·65	..	0·65
	166–5	0·40	..	0·40	..
		Poramboke—Nil.			
Total in the month	..	0·93	1·02	0·93	1·02
Total up to the month	..	5·40	3·07	5·19	1·63
Grand total — In the month—					
Wet	..	0·53	0·37	0·53	0·37
Dry	..	0·40	0·65	0·40	0·65
Poramboke	..	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Total		0·93	1·02	0·93	1·02
Up to the month—					
Wet	..	11·73	1·10	10·12	0·75
Dry	..	15·57	2·64	8·51	0·88
Poramboke	..	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Total	..	27·30	3·74	18·63	1·63

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No. 1.—Statement showing the particulars of monthly cultivation in Government and minor inam lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1340—*cont.*

Name of crop.	Survey numbers and sub-divisions.	Area cultivated in the month.			
		Total.		Irrigated.	
		First crop.	Second crop.	First crop.	Second crop.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		December 1930.			
		ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
	Wet.				
Paddy	27–6	0·24	..	0·24	..
	27–7	..	0·21	..	0·21
	Dry.				
	41–4	..	0·27	..	0·27
	41–5	0·15	0·16	0·15	0·16
	Poramboke.				
	141–3	0·45	..	0·45	..
Total in the month	..	0·84	0·64	0·84	0·64
Total up to the month	..	6·24	3·71	6·03	2·27
	Wet—Nil.				
	Dry.				
Ragi .. .. — ..	205–3	..	1·00	..	..
	205–4	..	1·18	..	..
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	..	2·18	..	..
Total up to the month	..	1·88	2·18	1·88	..
	Wet.				
Valli	27–9	0·02	..	0·02	..
	Dry.				
	69–1	0·15	..	0·15	..
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	0·17	..	0·17	..
Total up to the month	..	0·24	..	0·24	..
Grand total .. In the month—					
Wet	..	0·26	0·21	0·26	0·21
Dry	..	0·30	2·61	0·30	0·43
Poramboke ..	..	0·45	..	0·45	..
Total ..	..	1·01	2·82	1·01	0·64
Grand total .. Up to the month—					
Wet	..	11·99	1·31	10·38	0·96
Dry	..	15·87	5·25	8·81	1·31
Poramboke	..	0·45	..	0·45	..
Total	..	28·31	6·56	19·64	2·27
		January 1931.			
	Wet.				
Paddy	130–5	..	0·51	..	0·51

No. 1.—Statement showing the particulars of monthly cultivation in Government and minor inam lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1340—*cont.*

Name of crop.	Survey numbers and sub-divisions.	Area cultivated in the month.			
		Total.		Irrigated.	
		First crop.	Second crop.	First crop.	Second crop.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(5)
JANUARY 1931—*cont.*					
		ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Dry.					
	54-3	0·31	0·33	0·41	0·33
Poramboke—Nil.					
Total in the month	..	0·41	0·84	0·41	0·84
Total up to the month	..	6·65	4·55	6·44	3·09
Grand total .. In the month—					
Wet	..	..	0·51	..	0·51
Dry	..	0·41	0·33	0·41	0·33
Poramboke ..	..	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Total ..	..	0·41	0·84	0·41	0·84
Up to the month—					
Wet	..	11·99	1·82	10·38	1·47
Dry	..	16·28	5·58	9·22	1·64
Poramboke	..	0·45	..	0·45	..
Total ..	..	28·72	7·40	20·05	3·11
FEBRUARY 1931.					
Wet—Nil.					
Dry.					
Ragi	146-1	..	0·16	..	0·16
	149-12	..	0·22	..	0·22
	149-15	..	0·40	..	0·40
Poramboke—Nil.					
Total in the month	..	..	0·78	..	0·78
Total up to the month	..	1·88	2·96	1·88	0 78
Grand total .. In the month—					
Wet	..	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Dry	..	..	0·78	..	0·78
Poramboke	..	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Total ..	..	..	0·78	..	0·78
Up to the month—					
Wet	..	11·99	1·82	10·38	1·47
Dry	..	16·28	6·36	9·22	2·42
Poramboke	..	0·45	..	0·45	..
Total ..	..	28·72	8·18	20·05	3·89
MARCH 1931.					
Wet.					
Paddy	125-3	..	0.42	..	0·42
Dry—Nil.					
Poramboke—Nil.					
Total in the month	..	..	0·42	..	0·42
Total up to the month	..	6.65	4·97	6·44	3·51

No. 1.—Statement showing the particulars of monthly cultivation in Government and minor inam lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1340—*cont.*

Name of crop.	Survey numbers and sub-divisions.	Area cultivated in the month. Total. First crop.	Area cultivated in the month. Total. Second crop.	Area cultivated in the month. Irrigated. First crop.	Area cultivated in the month. Irrigated. Second crop.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
	MARCH 1931—*cont.*				
		ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
	Wet—Nil.				
	Dry.				
Ragi	49–1	..	0·50	..	0·50
	100–11	0·64	..	6·64	..
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	0·64	0·50	0·64	0·20
Total up to the month	..	2·52	3·46	2·52	1·28
	Wet—Nil.				
	Dry.				
Chillies	84–3	..	0·15	..	0·15
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	..	0·15	..	0·15
Total up to the month	..	..	0·15	..	0·15
	Wet—Nil.				
	Dry.				
Plantain	101–9	0·06	..	0·06	..
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	0·06	..	0·06	..
Total up to the month	..	0·30	..	0·30	..
	Wet—Nil.				
	Dry.				
Brinjals	101–10	0·05	..	0·05	..
	Poramboke—Nil.				
Total in the month	..	0·05	..	0·05	..
Total up to the month	..	0·68	..	0·68	..
Grand total — In the month—					
Wet	..	..	0·42	..	0·42
Dry	..	0·75	0·65	0·75	0·65
Poramboke	..	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Total ..	..	0·75	1·07	0·75	1·07
Grand total — Up to the month—					
Wet	..	11·99	2·24	10·38	1·89
Dry	..	17·03	7·01	9·97	3·07
Poramboke	..	0·45	..	0·45	..
Total ..	..	29·47	9·25	20·80	4·96

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the area under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of .

Crops.	Area cultivated upto the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60 - 90 per cent.	30—50 per cent.	0—20 per cent.	Total.	
APRIL 1930.								
Cereals—	ACS. 0·72							ACS. 0·72 *
1. Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barely	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or jonna.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sazza.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Ragi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7. Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Varagu and arika	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. Italian millet, tenai or korra.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamalu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pulses—								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Kharif pulses—								
(a) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Blackgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Field pean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(d) Other pulses † ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
			..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(a) Horsegram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Dentils	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Other pulses †								
Oil-seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Gingelly or til ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—								
(a) Summer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Monsoon—Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Monsoon—Unirrigated ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20. Castor and lamp oil-seed ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Coconut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments and spices—								
23. Chillies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Coriander	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar—								
29. Sugarcane—								
(a) Planted	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Ratoon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyras	..	..	..		..	..	..	
31. Others	..		..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† Other varieties of pulses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (d) and pulses which are sown mainly during the period October to March should be shown against item 15 (c).

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the area under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of .—*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated upto the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn in estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60—90 per cent.	30—50 per cent.	0—20 per cent.	Total.	
			April 1930—*cont.*					
Fibres—	acs.							acs.
32. Cotton—								
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunnhemp, shanal, janumu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tobacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betel vines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46. Arecanuts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fruits and vegetables, including root crops—								
49. Plantain	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A. Fruits of citrus variety ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51B. Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C. Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51D. Potatoes †—								
(i) Winter crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	0·25	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·25 *
53. Miscellaneous food crops ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Miscellaneous non-food crops—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55. Rubber	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56. Flowers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58. Green-manure crop—								..
(i) Pillipesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Korinji (or vempali or wild indigo).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhaincha	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thegapesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The area sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be shown under summer crop in respect of Salem district.

Note.—The areas under sunnhemp and pillipesara crops which are raised both for green manure and for fodder should be recorded separately as for foddor and green manure.

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the area unuer different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outtern is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60-90 per cent.	30-5 per cent.	0-20 per cent.	Total.	
MAY 1930.								
	ACS.							ACS.
Cereals—								
1. Rice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barley	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or jonna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sazza..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Ragi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7. Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Varagu or arika	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. Italian millet, tenai or korra ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamalu . ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pulses—								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Karif pulses—								
(a) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Blackgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Field bean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(d) Other pulses *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(a) Horsegram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Lentils	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Other pulses *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oil-seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Gingelly or til	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—								
(a) Summer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Monsoon—Irrigated								
(c) Monsoon—Unirrigated ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20. Castor and lamp oil-seed ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Coconut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments and spices—								
23. Chillies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Coriander	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar—								
29. Sugarcane—								
(a) Planted	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Ratoon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Other varieties of pulses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (*d*) and pulses which are sown mainly during the period October to March should be shown against item 15.

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the area under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outtern is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60-90 per cent.	30-50 per cent.	0-20 per cent.	Total.	
				MAY 1930—*cont.*				
	ACS.							ACS.
Fibres—								
32. Cotton—								
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunnhemp, shanal, janumu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tobacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum,	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betel vinee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46. Arecanuts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fruits and vegetables, including root crops—								
49. Plantain	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A. Fruits of citrus variety ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51B. Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C. Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51D. Potatoes†—								
(i) Winter crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	0·63	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·63*
53. Miscellaneous food crops ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous non-food crops—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55. Rubber	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56. Flowers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58. Green-manure crop—								
(i) Pillipesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Kolinji (or vempali of wild indigo),	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhaincha	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thegapesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The area sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter-crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be shown under summer-crop in respect of Salem district.

NOTE.—The areas under sunnhemp and pillipsara crops, which are raised both for green manure and for fodder, should be recorded separately as for fodder and green manure.

I Enosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the area under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0-20 per cent.	Total.	
				JUNE 1930.				
	ACS.							ACS.
Cereals—								
1. Rice	3·09	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.09*
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barley	..	..	..	..	..	.	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or jonna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sazza..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Ragi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7. Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Varagu or arika	0·51	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·51*
9. Italian millet, tenai or korra ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamalu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pulses—								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Kharif pulses—								
(a) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Field bean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(d) Other pulses †..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(a) Horsegram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Lentils	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Other pulses †..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oil-seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Gingelly or til	0·81	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·81*
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—								
(a) Summer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Monsoon—Irrigated	4·02	..	..	..	..	..	..	4·02*
(c) Monsoon—Unirrigated ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20. Castor and lampoil-seed ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Cocoanut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments and spices—								
23. Chillies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Coriander	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar—								
29. Sugarcane	3·56	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·56*
(a) Planted	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Ratoon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† Other varieties of pulses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (d) and pulses which are sown mainly during the period October to March should be shown against item 15 (c).

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Enclosure A to No. 1—Statement showing the area under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
				JUNE 1930—*cont.*				
Sugar—*cont.*	ACS.							ACS.
31. Other	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fibres—								
32 Cotton—								
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunnhemp, shanal, janumu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tabacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betel vines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46. Arecanuts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fruits and vegetables including root crops—								
49. Plantain	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A. Fruits of citrus variety ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51B. Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C. Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51D. Potatoes †—								
(i) Winter crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53. Miscellaneous food crops ..	0·87	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·87 *
Miscellaneous non-food crops—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55. Rubber	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56. Flowers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58. Green-manure crop—								
(i) Pillipesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Kolinji (or vempali or wild indigo).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhaincha	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thegapesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The area sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be shown under summer crop in respect of Salem district.

NOTE.—The areas under sunnhemp and pillipesara crops, which are raised both for green manure and for fodder, should be ecorded separately as for fodder and green manure.

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the area under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60-90 per cent.	30-50 per cent.	0-20 per cent.	Total.	
				JULY 1930.				
	ACS.							ACS.
Cereals—								
1. Rice	3·32	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·32
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barley	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or jonna.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sazza.	1·75	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·75 *
6. Ragi	1·88	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·88 *
7. Maize	0·65	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·65 *
8. Varagu or arika	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. Italian millet, tenai or korra ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamalu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pluses —								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Kharif pulses—								
(*a*) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Blackgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*c*) Field bean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*d*) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(*a*) Horsegram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Lentils	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*c*) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oil-seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Gingelly or til	0·81	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·81 *
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*a*) Summer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Monsoon—Irrigated ..	4·02	..	..	..	..	..	..	4·02 *
(*c*) Monsoon—Unirrigated ..	..	..	..	..	..	—	..	..
20. Castor and lampoil-seed ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Cocoanut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments and spices—								
23. Chillies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Coriander	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar—								
29. Sugarcane—								
(*a*) Planted	3·56	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·56 *
(*b*) Ratoon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fibres—								
32. Cotton	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† Other varieties of pluses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (*d*) and pulses which are sown mainly during the period October to March should be shown against item 15 (*c*).

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Enclosure A to No. 1—Statement showing the area under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
				JULY 1930—*cont.*				
	ACS.							ACS.
Fibres—*cont.*								
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunnhemp, shanal, janumu ..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tobacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotiana tobacum.	.. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betel vines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
46. Arecanuts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
Fruits and vegetables including root crops—								
49. Plantain	0·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·24 *
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A. Fruits of citrus variety ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51B. Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C. Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51D. Potatoes †—								
(i) Winter crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	2·28	..	..	..	..	..	..	2·28*
53. Miscellaneous food crops ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous non-food crops—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55. Rubber	.	..	..	..	..	.	..	..
56. Flowers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	1·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·24 *
58. Green-manure crop—								
(i) Pillipesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Kolinji (or vempali or wild indigo).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhaincha	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thegapesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The area sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be shown under summer crop in respect of Salem district.

NOTE.—The area under sunnhemp and pillipesara crops, which are raised both for green manure and for fodder, should b recorded separately as for foddor and green manure.

Enclosure A to No. 1—Statement showing the area under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
AUGUST 1930.								
	ACS.				ACS.		ACS.	ACS.
Cereals—								
1. Rice	3·32	..	..	..	3·32	..	3·32	..
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barley	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or jonna.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sazza.	1·75	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·75 *
6. Ragi	1·88	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·88 *
7. Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Varagu or arika	0·65	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·65*
9. Italian millet, tenai or korrao.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamalu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pulses—								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Kharif pulses—								
(a) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Blackgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Field bean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(d) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(a) Horsegram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oil-seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Gingelly or til	0·81	..	..	..	0.81	..	0·81	..
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—							..	
(a) Summer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Monsoon—Irrigated	4·02	..	..	..	4·02	..	4·02 *	..
20. Castor and lamp oil-seed	3·44	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·44*
21. Cocoanut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments and spices -								
23. Chillies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Coriander	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar—								
29. Sugarcane—								
(a) Planted	3·56	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·56 *
(b) Ratoon		..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fibres—								
32. Cotton—								
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† Other varieties of pulses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (d) and pulses which are sown mainly during the period October to March should be shown againt item 15 (c).

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the area under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
				AUGUST 1930—*cont.*				
	ACS.	ACS.			ACS.		ACS.	ACS.
Fibres—*cont.*								
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunhemp, sanal, janumu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tobacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotianatabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betel vines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46. Arecanuts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fruits and vegetables, including root crops—								
49. Plantain	0·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·24 *
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A. Fruits of citrus variety ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51B. Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C. Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51D. Potatoes †—								
(i) Winter crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	2·28	..	..	..	0·38	..	0·38	1·90 *
53. Miscellaneous food crops ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous non-food crops—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55. Rubber	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56. Flowers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	..	1·24	..	..	..	..	..	1·24 *
58. Green manure crop—								
(i) Pillipesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Kolinji (or vempali or wild indigo.)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhaincha	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thegapesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The area sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be shown under summer crop in respect of Salem district.

NOTE.—The areas under sunn-hemp and pillipesara crops, which are raised both for green manure and for fodder should be recorded separately as for fodder and green manure.

Enclosure A to No. 1—Statement showing the area under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavad village, Tindivanam taluk, Scuth Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60-90 per cent.	30-50 per cent.	0-20 per cent.	Total.	
		SEPTEMBER—1930.						
Cereals—	ACS.				ACS.		ACS.	ACS.
1. Rice	4·24	..	..	..	3·32	..	3·32	0·92 *
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barley	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or korra	1·75	..	..	..	1·75	..	1·75	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sazza	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Ragi	1·88	..	..	..	1·88	..	1·88	..
7. Maiza	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Varagu or arika	0·65	..	..	..	0·65	..	0·65	..
9. Italian millet, tenai or korra	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamalu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pulses—								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Kariff pulses—								
(*a*) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Blackgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*c*) Field been	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*d*) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(*a*) Horsegram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Lentils	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*c*) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oil seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Gingelly or til	0·81	..	..	..	0·81	..	0·81	..
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—								
(*a*) Summer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Monsoon—Irrigated	4·02	..	..	..	4·02	..	4·02	..
(*c*) Monsoon—Unirrigated	3·44	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·44 *
20. Castor and lamp oil seed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Cocoanut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments and spices—								
23. Chillies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Coriander	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar—								
29. Sugarcane—								
(*a*) Planted	8·56	..	..	..	..	..	..	8·56 *
(*b*) Ratoon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fibres—								
32. Cotton—								
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunnhemp, shanal, janumu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tobacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betel vines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46. Arecanuts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† Other varieties of pulses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (*d*) and pulse which are sown mainly during the period October to March should be shown against item 15 (*c*).

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavac'i village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated upto the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be 100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60-90 per cent.	30-50 per cent.	0-20 per cent.	Total.	Area standing at the end of the month.
SEPTEMBER 1930—*cont.*								
	ACS.				ACS.		ACS.	ACS.
Fruits and vegetables, including root crops—								
49. Plantains	0·24	..				..	..	0·24*
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A Fruits of citrus variety	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
51B Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51D Potatoes †—								
(i) Winter crop	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	2·28	..	..	..	0·38	..	0·38	1·90*
53. Miscellaneous food crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous non-food crops—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass.	..	..	..		..	..	..	
55. Rubbers	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	..
56. Flowers		..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	1·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·24*
58. Green manure crop—								
(i) Pillipesara		..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Kolinji (or vempali or wild indigo).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhaincha	-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thegapesara	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab		..		..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The area sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be shown under summer crop in respect of Salem district.

NOTE.—The areas under sunn hemp and pillipesara crop which are raised both for green manure and for fodder should be recorded eparately as for fodder and green manure.

Enclosure A to No. 1—Statement showing the area under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of—*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60-90 per cent.	30-50 per cent.	0-20 per cent.	Total.	
		OCTOBER 1930.						
Cereals—	ACS.				ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
1. Rice	6·52	..	..	..	3·32	0·14	3·46	3·06*
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barley	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or jonna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sazza	1·75	..	..	..	1·75	..	1·75	..
6. Ragi	1·88	..	..	..	1·88	..	1·88	..
7. Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Varagu or arika	2·25	..	..	..	0·65	..	0·65	1·60*
9. Italian millet, tenai or korra	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamalu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pulses—								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgrem	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Karif pulses—								
(a) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Blackgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Field bean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(d) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(a) Horsegram	1·10	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·10*
(b) Lentils	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oil-seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Gingelly or til	0·81	..	..	..	0·81	..	0·81	..
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—								
(a) Summer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3*
(b) Monsoon—Irrigated	4·02	..	..	..	4·02	..	4·02	44
(c) Monsoon—Unirrigated	3·44	..	..	..	..	..	..	....
20. Castor and lamp oil seed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Coconut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments and spices—								
23. Chillies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Coriander	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar—								
29. Sugarcane—								
(a) Planted	3·56	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·56*
(b) Ratoon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fibres—								
32. Cotton—								
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunnhemp, shanal, janumu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tobacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betal vines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46. Arecanuts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair

† Other varieties of pulses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (*d*) and pu which are shown mainly during the period October to March should be shown against item 15 (*c*)

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district up to the month of—*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
OCTOBER 1930—*cont.*								
	ACS.				ACS.		ACS.	CS.
Fruits and vegetables, including root crops—								
49. Plantains	0·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·24*
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A. Fruits of citrus variety ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51B. Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C. Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51D. Potatoes †—								
(i) Winter crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	2·28	..	..	..	0·63	..	0·63	1·65*
53. Miscellaneous food crops ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous non-food crops—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55. Rubber	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56. Flowers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	1·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·24*
58. Green manure crop—								
(i) Pillipesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Kolinji cor vempali or wild indigo).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhaincha	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thegapesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The area sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be shown under summer crop in respect of Salem district.

NOTE.—The areas under sunnhemp and philipesara crops which are raised both for green manure and for fodder should be recorded separately as for fodder and green manure.

Enclosure A to No. I.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of—*cont.*

NOVEMBER 1930.

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be 100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	Area standing at the end of the month.
	ACS.				ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Cereals—								
1. Rice	8·47	..	..	..	3·32	0·14	3·46	5·01*
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barley	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or jonna.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sazza.	1·75	..	..	..	1·75	..	1·75	..
6. Ragi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7. Maize	1·88	..	..	..	1·88	..	1·88	..
8. Varagu or arika	2·25	..	..	..	0·65	..	0·65	1·60*
9. Italian millet, tenai or korra	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamalu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pulses—								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Karif pulses—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(a) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Blackgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Field bean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(d) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(a) Horsegram	1·10	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·10*
(b) Lentils	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oil-seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Gingelly or til	0·81	..	..	..	0·81	..	0·81	..
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—								
(a) Summer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Monsoon—Irrigated	4·02	..	..	..	4·02	..	4·02	..
(c) Monsoon—Unirrigated	3·44	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·44*
20. Castor and lamp oil-seed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Coconut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments and spices—								
23. Chillies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Coriandar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar—								
29. Sugarcane—								
(a) Planted	3·56	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·56*
(b) Ratoon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fibres—								
32. Cotton—								
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† Other varieties of pulses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (*d*) and pulses which are sown mainly during the period October to March should be shown against item 15 (*c*).

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district up to the month of—*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
			NOVEMBER 1930—*cont.*					
	ACS.				ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Fibres—*cont.*								
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunnhemp, shanal, janumu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tobacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betel vines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46. Arecanuts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fruits and vegetables, including root crops—								
49. Plantains	0·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·24*
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A. Fruits of citrus variety	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51B. Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C. Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51D. Potatoes †—								
(i) Winter crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	2·28	..	..	..	0·63	..	0·63	1·65*
53. Miscellaneous food crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous non-food crops—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55. Rubber	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56. Flowers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	1·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·24*
58. Green manure crop—								
(i) Phillipesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Kolinji (or vempali or wild indigo).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhainicha	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thegapesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The area sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be shown under summer crop in respect of Salem district.

NOTE.—The areas under sunnhemp and phillipesara crops which are raised both for green manure and for fodder should be recorded separately as for fodder and green manure.

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of—*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
December 1930.								
	ACS.				ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Cereals—								
1. Rice	9·95	..	..	..	3·32	0·14	3·46	6·49*
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barley	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or jonna.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sazza.	1·75	..	..	..	1·75	..	1·75	..
6. Ragi	40·6	..	..	..	1·88	..	1·88	2·18*
7. Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Varagu or arika	2·25	..	..	..	0·65	..	0·65	1·60*
9. Italian millet, tenai or koralu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamulu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pulses—								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Karif pulses—								
(*a*) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Blackgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*c*) Field bean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*d*) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(*a*) Horsegram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Lentils	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*c*) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oil-seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	0·81	..	0·81	..
17. Gingelly or til	0·81	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—								
(*a*) Summer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Monsoon—Irrigated	4·02	..	..	..	4·02	..	4·02	..
(*c*) Monsoon—Unirrigated	3·44	..	..	..	3·44	..	3·44	..
20. Castor and lamp oil-seed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Coconut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments and spices—								
23. Chillies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Coriander	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar—								
29. Sugarcane—								
(*a*) Planted	3·56	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·56*
(*b*) Ratoon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyrahs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fibres—								
32. Cotton—								
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† Other varieties of pulses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (*d*) and pulsse which are sown mainly during the period October to March should be shown against item 15 (*c*).

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of—*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
	(Government and inam).	100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
DECEMBER 1930—*cont.*								
	ACS.				ACS.		ACS.	ACS.
Fibres—*cont.*								
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunnhemp, shanal, janumu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tobacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betel vines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46. Arecanut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fruits and vegetables including root crops—								
49. Plantains	0·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·24*
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A. Fruits of citrus variety	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51B. Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C. Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51-D. Potatoes †—								
(i) Winter crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	2·45	..	..	..	0·63	..	0·63	1·82*
53. Miscellaneous food crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous non-food crops—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55. Rubber	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56. Flowers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	1·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·24*
58. Green manure crop—								
(i) Pillipesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Kolinji (or vompali or wild indigo).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhaincha	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thegapesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The area sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be shown under summer crop in respect of Salem district.

NOTE.—The areas under sunnhemp and pillipesara crops, which are raised both for green manure and for fodder, should be recorded separately as for fodder and green manure.

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of—*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
				January 1931.				
	ACS.				ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Cereals—								
1. Rice	11·20	..	..	..	3·83	0·35	4·18	7·02*
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barley	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or jonna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sajja ..	1·75	..	..	..	1·75	..	1.75	..
6. Ragi	4·06	..	..	..	1·88	..	1·88	2·88*
7. Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Varagu or arika	2·25	..	..	..	1·16	..	1·16	1·09*
9. Italian millet, tenai or korra ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamalu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pulses—								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Karif pulses—								
(*a*) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Blackgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*c*) Field bean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*d*) Other pulses †	..	..	..	.	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(*a*) Horsegram	1·10	..	..	..	1·10	..	1·10	..
(*b*) Lentils	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*c*) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oil-seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Gingelly or til	0·81	..	..	..	0·81	..	0·81	..
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—								
(*a*) Summer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Monsoon—Irrigated ..	4·02	..	..	..	4·02	..	4·02	..
(*c*) Monsoon—Unirrigated ..	3·44	..	..	..	3·44	..	3·44	..
20. Castor and lamp oil-seed ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Coconut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments and spices—								
23. Chillies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	.	..	..
25. Coriander	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29. Sugarcane—								
(*a*) Planted	3·56	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·56*
(*b*) Ratoon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyrahs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† Other varieties of pulses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (*d*) and pulses which are sown mainly during the period October to March should be shown against item 15 (*c*).

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of—*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
JANUARY 1931—*cont.*								
Fibres—	ACS.				ACS.		ACS.	ACS.
32. Cotton	..	..		..		..		
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
							..	..
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..		
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunnhemp, shanal, janumu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
							..	..
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tobacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betel vines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46. Arecanuts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fruits and vegetables including root crops—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49. Plantains	0·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·24*
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A. Fruits of citrus variety ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51B. Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C. Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51D. Potatoes †—								
(i) Winter crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	2·45	..	..	..	0·63	..	0·63	1·82
53. Miscellaneous food crops ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous non-food crop—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55. Rubber	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56. Flowers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	1·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·24†
58. Green-manure crop—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(i) Pillipesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Kolinji (or vempali or wild indigo).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhaincha	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thogapesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The area sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be shown under summer-crop in respect of Salem district.

NOTE.—The area under sunnhemp and pillipesara crops which are raised both for green manure and for fodder, should be recorded separately as for fodder and green manure.

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

FEBRUARY 1931.

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be: 100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60-90 per cent.	30-50 per cent.	0-20 per cent.	Total.	Area standing at the end of the month.
	ACS.			ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Cereals—								
1. Rice	11·20	..	..	3·09	3·83	0·35	7·27	3·93*
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barley	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or jonna..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sazza..	1·75	..	..	..	1·75	..	1·75	..
6. Ragi	4·84	..	..	..	4·06	..	4·06	0·78*
7. Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Varagu or arika	2·25	..	..	..	2·25	..	2·25	..
9. Italian millet, tenai or korra ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamalu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pulses—								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Karif pulses—								
(a) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Blackgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Field bean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(d) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(a) Housegram	1·10	..	..	..	1·10	..	1·10	..
(b) Lentils	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oil-seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Gingelly or til	0·81	..	..	..	0·81	..	0·81	..
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—								
(a) Summer	..							
(b) Monsoon—Irrigated ..	4·02	..	..	..	4·02	..	4·02	..
(c) Monsoon—Unirrigated ..	3·44	..	..	..	3·44	..	3·44	..
20. Caster and lamp oil-seed ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Coconut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments and species—								
23. Chillies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Coriander..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Sugar—								
29. Sugarcane—								
(a) Planted	3·56	..	..	..	..	..		3·56 †
(b) Ratoon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyras	..	..	..	..		..	.	..
31. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† Other varieties of pulses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (d) and pulses which are sown mainly during the period October to March should be shown against item 15 (c).

506—19—12

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be: 100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	Area standing at the end of the month.
FEBRUARY 1931—*cont.*								
	ACS.			ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Fibres—								
32. Cotton—								
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunnhemp, shanal, janumu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tobacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betal vines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46. Arecanut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fruits and vegetables including root crops—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49. Plantain	0·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·24*
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A Fruits of citrus variety ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51B Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51D Potatoes †—								
(i) Winter crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	2·45	..	..	..	2·45	..	2·45	..
53. Miscellaneous food crops ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous non-food crops—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55. Rubber	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56. Flowers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	1·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·24*
58. Green-manure crop—								
(i) Pillipesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Kolinji (or vempali or wild indigo).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhaincha	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thegapesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The area sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter-crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be shown under summer crop in respect of Salem district.

NOTE.—The areas under sunnhemp and pillipesara crops which are raised both for green manure and for fodder, should be recorded separately for fodder and green manure.

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

MARCH 1931.

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
	ACS.			ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
Cereals—								
1. Rice	11·62	..	..	5·04	4·62	0·80	10·46	1·16*
2. Wheat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Barley	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Great millet, cholam or jonna.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Spiked millet, cumbu or sazza	1·75	..	..	..	1·75	..	1·75	..
6. Ragi	5·98	..	..	..	4·06	..	4·06	1·92*
7. Maize	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Varagu or arika	2·25	..	..	..	2·25	..	2·25	..
9. Italian millet, tenai or korra	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Shamai or shamalu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pulses—								
12. Bengalgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Redgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Karif pulses—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*a*) Greengram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Blackgram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*c*) Field bean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*d*) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Rabi pulses—								
(*a*) Horsegram	1·10	..	..	..	1·10	..	·10	..
(*b*) Lentils	..	..	..	..	..	..	.	..
(*c*) Other pulses †	..	..	..	..	..	..	.	..
Oil-seeds—								
16. Linseed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Gingelly or til	0·81	..	..	..	0·81	..	0·81	..
18. Rape and mustard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Groundnut—								
(*a*) Summer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) Monsoon—Irrigated	4·02	..	..	..	4·02	..	4·02	..
(*c*) Monsoon—Unirrigated	3·44	..	..	..	3·44	..	3·44	..
20. Castor and lamp oil-seed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Coconut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Condiments—								
23. Chillies	0·15	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·15*
24. Garlic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Coriander	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Turmeric	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Tamarind	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27A. Ginger	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sugar—								
29. Sugarcane—								
(*a*) Planted	3·56	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·5[illegible]
(*b*) Ratoon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30. Palmyras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31. Others	..							
Fibres—								
32. Cotton—								
Irrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unirrigated	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33. Jute	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34. Bombay hemp, pulichai, gogu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35. Sunnhemp, shanal, janumu	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† Other varieties of pulses which are sown during the period June to September should be shown against item 14 (*d*) and pulse which are sown mainly during the period October to March should be shown against item 15 (*c*).

Enclosure A to No. 1.—Statement showing the areas under different crops and their estimated outturn in the Salavadi village, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, up to the month of —*cont.*

Crops.	Area cultivated up to the month (Government and inam).	Area harvested up to the month on which outturn is estimated to be						Area standing at the end of the month.
		100 per cent.	100 per cent.	60–90 per cent.	30–50 per cent.	0–20 per cent.	Total.	
			MARCH 1931—*cont.*					
	ACS.				ACS.		ACS.	ACS.
Dyes—								
37. Indigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Drugs and narcotics—								
39. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40. Coffee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41. Tea	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42. Tobacco—								
(i) Virginia variety of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) All other varieties of Nicotiana tabacum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Nicotiana rustica	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43. Cinchona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44. Indian hemp	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45. Betel vines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
46. Arecanut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47. Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48. Fodder crops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fruits and vegetables including root crops—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49. Plantain	0·30	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·30*
50. Mangoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51. Onions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51A Fruits of citrus variety	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51B Sweet potatoes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51C Tapioca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51D Potatoes †—								
(i) Winter crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Summer crop	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52. Others	2·50	..	..	..	2·45	..	2·45	0·05*
53. Miscellaneous food crops—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous non-food crops—								
54. Babul trees, bamboos and thatching grass.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55. Rubber	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56. Flowers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57. Others	1·24	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·24*
58. Green-manure crop—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(i) Pillipesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Kolinji (or vempali or wild indigo).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iii) Dhaincha	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Thegapesara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(v) Lablab	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Fair.

† The areas sown up to the 27th December should be shown under the winter crop and area sown up to the 25th May should be own under summer-crop in respect of Salem district.

NOTE.—The areas under sunnhemp and pillipesara crops, which are raised, both for green manure and for fodder, should b rded separately as for fodder and green manure.

Statement showing the area under tea.

Name of estate or patch.	Holding number.	Name and address of the registered holder.	Survey number.	Total area under tea as per previous year's statement [column (5) in the return of the previous year].	Area abandoned during the year.	Area of extensions during the year (including replanting in areas abandoned in previous years).		Total area under tea during the year [column (5)—column (6) + column (7-a) + column (7-b)].	Area in the occupation of planters but not under tea cultivation.	Total area of plantations [column (8) + column (9)].
						Extensions during the year on land not previously planted with tea.	Replanting on land previously abandoned.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7-a)	(7-b)	(8)	(9)	(10)
				ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.

Statement showing the area under coffee.

Name of estate or patch.	Holding number.	Name and address of the registered holder.	Survey number.	Total area under coffee as per previous year's statement [column (5) in the return of the previous year].	Area abandoned during the year.	Area of new extensions during the year (including replanting in areas abandoned in previous years).	Total area under coffee during the year [column (5) — column (6) + column (7)].	Area in the occupation of planters but not under coffee cultivation.	Total area of plantations [column (8) + column (9)].
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
				ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.

Statement showing the area under rubber.

Name of estate or patch.	Holding number.	Name and address of the registered holder.	Survey number.	Total area under rubber as per previous year's statement.			Area abandoned during the year.			Area of extensions during the year (including replanting in areas abandoned in previous years.		
				Hevea [column (5-a) in the return of the previous year].	Ceara [column (5-b) in the return of the previous year].	Ficus elastica [column (5-c) in the return of the previous year].	Hevea.	Ceara.	Ficus elastica.	Hevea.	Ceara.	Ficus elastica.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5-a)	(5-b)	(5-c)	(6-a)	(6-b)	(6-c)	(7-a)	(7-b)	(7-c)
				ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.

Total area under rubber during the year.			Area in the occupation of planters but not under rubber cultivation.	Total area of estates [column (8-a) + column (8-b) + column (8-c) + column (9)].	Area (still uncultivated) which it is proposed later on to cultivate with rubber.	Area cleared but not yet planted with rubber.
Havea [column (5-a) — column (6-a) + column (7 a)].	Ceara [column (5-b) —column (6-b) + column (7-b)].	Ficus elastica [column (5-c) —column (6-c) + column (7-c)].				
(8-a)	(8-b)	(8-c)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.

No. 2.—Annual statement of occupation and cultivation field by field for the village of in the taluk, district, for fasli 13 .

Settlement particulars as to field.								First crop.					Second crop.							
Survey number.	Sub-division number	Area.	Assessment.	Single or double crop.	Number and nam of registered holder or name of the occupier.	Name of the cultivating tenant.	Lease amount or share of the landlord in the produce as noted in the lease deed	Month in which cultivated.	Name of crop.	Extent cultivated.	Month in which harvested.	Percentage.	Month in which cultivated.	Name of crop.	Extent cultivated.	Month in which harvested.	Percentage.	Remarks of the karnam. [Here enter also (1) measurement in links in cases of portions of fields cultivated, (2) extent and nature of occupation other than cultivation of lands not in holding, (3) particulars of irrigation in a subsequent month of fields previously recorded as cultivated without the aid of irrigation.]	Particulars of nature and extent of land not under cultivation (in each survey number or part) under the following categories. A. Forest. B. Barren and unculturable land. C. Land put to non-agricultural uses. D. Culturable waste. E. Permanent pastures and other grazing lands. F. Miscellaneous tree crops and greves not included in the net area shown. G. Current fallows. H. Other fallow land. Category. Extent.	Remarks of the azmoishing officer.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(6-a)	(6-b)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(17-a)	(18)

(G.O. Ms. No. 328, Revenue, dated 29th June 1958.)

Enclosure A to No. 2.—Statement showing the extent of land occupied without grant or cultivated with the aid of achukkattus in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Name of the occupant. (1)	Description of land. (2)	Survey number. (3)	Letter of subdivision. (4)	Extent of the whole number or letter. (5)	Kind of crop raised. (6)	Extent occupied. Cultivated. (7)	Extent occupied. Area otherwise occupied. (8)	Extent occupied. Total. (9)	Rate of ordinary assessment per acre on the adjoining similar lands or corresponding wet rate in the case of achukkattu cultivation. (10)	Amount of assessment on the whole occupied area at the rate specified in column (10). (11)	Assessment charged by Tahsildar, Divisional Officer or at jamabandi. Ordinary. (12)	Assessment charged by Tahsildar, Divisional Officer or at jamabandi. Penal or extra charge for achukkattu cultivation. (12)	Remarks. (13)
				ACS. C.		ACS. C.	ACS. C.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
Ramaswami Kavandan ..	Poramboke ..	15	..	0 35	Ragi ..	0 15	0 10	0 25	2 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	2 0 0	
Solai Subbaraya Kavandan.	Path poramboke.	25	..	0 60	Do.	0 28	..	0 28	2 0	0 9 0	0 9 0	2 4 0	
Srinivasa Kavandan ..	Dry	1	D	1 64	Do.	0 66		1 64	1 8	2 7 0	..	..	Ordered to be assigned.
					Varagu ..	0 90							
					Cholam ..	0 08							
						1 64							
Ayyaswami Kavandan ..	Do.	17	..	2 55	Cumbu ..	2 55	..	2 55	2 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	..	Land bought in by Government.
Venkatachala Kavandan ..	Do.	43	D	3 41	Paddy ..	2 41	..	2 41	4 0	9 10 0	..	6 10 0	Achukkattu cultivation.
											6 9 0	10 14 0	

Enclosure B to Statement No. 2—*Cancelled.*

Enclosure C to No. 2.—Statement of Government and private plantations and topes or other than inam lands in village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Government or private. (1)	Name of owners or renters. (2)	Survey number. (3)	Letter of sub-division. (4)	Description of land. (5)	Extent of land occupied. (6)	Extent planted. (7)	Trees. Description of trees. (8)	Trees. Bearing. (9)	Trees. Young. (10)	Revenue derived by Government. (11)	Remarks. (12)
					ACS. C.	ACS. C.				RS. A. P.	
I. Government plantation ..	Ayyaswami Kavandan.	39	..	Dry	0 68	0 68	Mango ..	45	10	25 0 0	Rented on an annual lease.
II. Private plantation dedicated to the public.	Srinivasa Kavandan.	8	B	Do.	1 00	1 00	..	45	15	..	Granted free of assessment for 20 years from fasli 1330—vide Collector's Endorsement No. A-3—1106, dated 2nd September 1920, communicated with the Tahsildar's R. Dis. No. 122, dated 20th September 1920. Terms of the grant are (1) that the trees planted should not be less than 40 to an acre; (2) that not less than 6 of the extent should be planted in each year from the date of grant; and (3) that those parts in which trees wither or fall should be replanted then and there. The whole extent has been planted and the conditions of the grant are kept up.
III. Scattered trees taxed or rented out by Government.	Ranga Reddi ..	15	..	Pagoda poramboke.	..	..	Illuppai.	1	..	0 1 9	
	Ramakrishna Kavandan.	15	..	Do.	..	..	Do.	1	..	0 1 9	
	Ragava Kavandan.	18	B	Channel poramboke.	..	..	Tamarind	1	..	0 3 6	
	Venkatachala Kavandan.	25	..	Path poramboke.	..	..	Palmyra trees.	3	..	0 3 9	
	Sreenivasa Kavandan.	26	..	Village site poramboke.	..	..	Tamarind trees.	20	..	5 0 0	Rented on a lease for three years.
IV. Value of trees on dharkhast land.	Do.	1	D	Dry	..	..	..	..	..	3 5 0	
V. Trees standing on porambokes vested in local boards and in which the local boards have relinquished their rights.	....	..	..	..	..	Nil.	..	..	..	..	

Enclosure D to No. 2.—Statement showing the particulars of irrigation in the village of Salavadi, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Name of work.	Whether Government, dasabandam or private.	Irrigable area.	Area irrigated. Dry.	Area irrigated. Wet.	Area irrigated. Total.	State of repair.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		ACS. C.	ACS. C.	ACS. C.	ACS. C.	
Nagasamudram tangal	D	23 52	4 03	22 78	26 81	Good.
			Poramboke.		0 15	..
Small tank	G	11 62	..	4 59	4 59	Good.
Other tank-1	G	6 44	3 92	4 21	8 13	Do.
			Poramboke.		0 10	..
River—	G	0 60	0 41	0 51	0 92	..
Wells, sole irrigation	G	1 75	..	1 00	1 00	Good.
Wells supplementing other irrigation sources.	P	..	20 53	0 54	22 07	..
		..	28 89	34 63	63 52	
			Poramboke.		0 25	

NOTE.—The figures entered against the last item "wells supplementing other irrigation sources" relate to the area irrigated by wells which lie in the wet ayacuts of recognized sources of irrigation and which are used to supplement the supply in those sources. This area should be excluded in totalling the entries in this account.

Enclosure E to No 2.—Summary of changes affecting the classification, area and assessment of the village of Salavadi, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Classification of ayacut.	Particulars.	Dry. Area.	Dry. Assessment.	Wet. Area.	Wet. Assessment.	Total. Area.	Total. Assessment.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
		ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.
(1) Government assessed land.	As per previous year's account	34 78	54 10	23 41	120 0	58 19	174 10
	Deduct—						
	1. Transferred to inam	..	..	2 23	10 1	2 23	10 1
	2. Do. to poramboke	..	..	0 10	0 8	0 10	0 8
	3. Do. to forests	..	..	..	..	..	..
	4. Dry transferred to wet	1 63	2 7	..	..	1 63	2 7
	5. Wet transferred to dry	..	..	2 49	11 7	2 49	11 7
	6. Double crop transferred to single crop and *vice versa*.	..	..	4 94	28 6	4 94	26 6
	7. Deficiency in Measurement	..	..	..	..	..	..
	7. Deficiency in Assessment	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	1 63	2 7	9 76	48 6	11 39	50 13
	Remainder	33 15	52 3	13 65	71 10	46 80	123 13
	Add—						
	1. Inam transferred to ayan	..	..	..	..	..	..
	2. Poramboke transferred to ayan	..	..	..	..	..	
	3. Forest transferred to ayan	..	..	..	..	..	..
	4. Unassessed transferred to ayan	6 58	8 3	2 64	10 9	9 22	18 12
	5. Dry transferred to wet	..	..	1 63	7 5	1 63	7 5
	6. Wet transferred to dry	2 49	4 0	..	..	2 49	4 0
	7. Single crop to double crop and *vice versa*	..	..	4 94	27 0	4 94	27 0
	8. Excess in Measurement	..	..	..	..	..	..
	8. Excess in Assessment	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	9 07	12 3	9 21	44 14	13 28	57 1
	Grand total	42 22	64 6	22 86	116 8	65 08	180 14
(2) Inam.	As per previous year's account	24 15	42 5	16 74	94 1	40 89	136 6
	Deduct—						
	1. Transferred to Government	..	..	..	..	..	..
	2. Do. to poramboke	..	..	..	..	..	..
	3. Do. to forest	..	..	..	..	..	..
	4. Dry transferred to wet	..	..	..	..	..	..
	5. Wet transferred to dry	..	..	..	..	..	..
	6. Double crop transferred to single crop and *vice versa*.	..	..	..	..	..	.
	7. Deficiency in Measurement	..	..	..	..	..	..
	7. Deficiency in Assessment	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Remainder	24 15	42 5	16 74	94 1	40 89	136 6
	Add—						
	1. Government transferred to inam	..	..	2 23	10 1	2 23	10 1
	2. Poramboke transferred to inam	..	..	..		..	..
	3. Forest transferred to inam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	4. Unassessed transferred to inam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	5. Dry transferred to wet	..	..	..	..	..	..
	6. Wet transferred to dry	..	..	..	..	..	..
	7. Single crop to double crop and *vice versa*	..	..	..	..	..	..
	8. Excess in Measurement	..	..	..	..	..	..
	8. Excess in Assessment	..	..		..	..	..
	Total	..	..	2 23	10 1	2 23	10 1
	Grand total	24 15	42 5	18 97	104 2	43 12	146 7

Enclosure E to No. 2.—Summary of changes affecting the classification, area and assessment of the village of Salavadi, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Classification of ayacut. (1)	Particulars (2)	Dry. Area. (3)	Dry. Assessment. (4)	Wet. Area. (5)	Wet. Assessment. (6)	Total. Area. (7)	Total. Assessment. (8)
		ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.
(3) Unassessed land.	As per last year's account	..	..	..	..	60 00	..
	Deduct—						
	Transferred to classified land	..	..	..	..	9 22	..
	Do. to poramboke	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Do. to forests	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	..	..	..	..	69 22	..
	Remainder	..	..	..	..	50 78*	..
(4) Poramboke.	As per previous year's account	..	..	..	..	2 71	..
	Deduct—						
	Transferred to Government classified land	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Do. to inam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Do. to forest	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Remainder	..	..	..	..	2 71	..
	Add—						
	Transferred from Government classified land	..	..	..	..	0 10	..
	Do. from inam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Do. from unassessed	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Do. from forest	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	..	..	..	..	0 10	..
	Grand total	..	..	..	..	2 81	..
(5) Forest.	As per previous year's account	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Deduct—						
	Transferred to classified land	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Do. to poramboke	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Remainder	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Add—						
	Transferred from classified Government land	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Do. from inam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Do. from unassessed	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Grand total	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Twenty-five acres of this is available for occupation.

Enclosure F to Statement No. 2.—Statement showing the classification of the area under different categories in the village of in the taluk of district for fasli

(To be posted from Statement No. 2.)

Category of land.	Survey.		Extent.
	Number.	Sub-division.	
			ACS.
A. Forest	1	..	21·34
	7	1	45·67
Total ..	..	..	67·01
B. Barren and unculturable land	2	3	9·10
	8	..	8·76
Total ..	..	..	17·86
C. Land put to non-agricultural uses	2	1	1·72
	3	2	2·34
		3	3·45
Total ..	..	..	7·51
D. Culturable waste	2	2	2·34
	3	4	3·45
	4	1	4·56
Total ..	..	..	10·35
E. Permanent pastures and other grazing lands	2	4	56·00
	4	2	67·00
Total ..	..	..	123·00
F. Miscellaneous tree crops and groves not included in the net area sown ..	5	..	68·00
	6	1	12·34
Total ..	..	..	80·34
G. Current fallows	6	2	2·04
	7	2	9·87
Total ..	..	..	11·91
H. Other fallow lands	6	3	3·45
	7	3	4·56
Total ..	..	..	8·01
I. Net area sown	..		..

NOTE.—This will be the difference between the total of items A to H above and the total area of the village.

	ACS.
Total area of the village	447·58
Total of items A to H above	325·99
Balance representing net area sown	121·59
J. Area sown more than once	80·00
K. Total cropped area	201·59

Abstract.

Total of category A	67·01
Do. B	17·86
Do. C	7·51
Do. D	10·35
Do. E	123·00
Do. F	80·34
Do. G	11·91
Do. H	8·01
Do. I	121·59
Grand total ..	447·58

No. 3.—Particulars of changes in holdings in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Serial number of entry.	Description of the land.						Number and date of order sanctioning changes.	By whom given up or to whom transferred or assigned or other particulars.	Remarks.
	Survey number and subdivision.	Class—Government, inam or poramboke.	Dry. Area.	Dry. Assessment or quit-rent.	Wet. Area.	Wet. Assessment or quit-rent.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
			ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	ACS. C.	RS. A. P.			
							I. Relinquishments.		
(1)	1-F	G	5 25	7 14 0	..	..	Tahsildar's order No. 1 of No. 5, register of F. 35, dated 28th July 1925.	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan ..	.. Entered in statements Nos. 10 and 2.
							II. Assignments.		
(1)	43-A	G	2 17	2 11 0	..	..	Tahsildar's order No. 1 of No. 4, register of F. 35, dated 30th July 1925.	1. Srinivasa Kavandan ..	.. Entered in statements Nos. 10 and 2.
(2)	4	G	2 10	3 2 0	..	..	Tahsildar's order No. 3 of No. 4, register of F. 35, dated 3rd August 1925.	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan ..	Do.
(3)	1-D	G	1 64	2 7 0	..	..	Tahsildar's order No. 4 of No. 4, register of F. 35, dated 3rd August 1925.	1. Srinivasa Kavandan ..	.. Do.
(4)	43-B	G	..	..	2 64	10 9 0	Tahsildar's order No. 6 of No. 4, register of F. 35, dated 30th August 1925.	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan ..	.. Do.
(5)	43-C	G	2 00	2 8 0	..	..	Tahsildar's order No. 8 of No 4, register of F. 35, dated 30th August 1925.	6 Karuppan	.. Entered in the A register and in statements Nos. 10 and 2.
(6)	43-C	G	2 41	3 0 0	..	..	Tahsildar's order No. 9 of No. 4, register of F. 35, dated 30th August 1925.	7 Venkatachala Kavandan ..	.. Entered in statements Nos. 10 and 2.
			10 32	13 12 0	2 64	10 9 0			

No. 3.—Particulars of changes in holdings in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335—*cont*

Serial number of entry.	Survey number and subdivision.	Class—Government Inam or Poramboke.	Description of the land. Dry. Area.	Dry. Assessment or quit-rent.	Wet. Area.	Wet. Assessment or quit-rent.	Number and date of order sanctioning changes.	By whom given up or to whom transferred or assigned or other particulars.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
			ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	ACS. C.	RS. A. P.			
							III. Transfers of Registry.		
							(1) *Sold for arrears of revenue.*		
							(a) Bought in by Government.		
(1)	17	G	2 55	5 2 0	..		Tahsildar's order No. 454-Gl. of 25, dated 27th June 1925.	Land held on ryotwari tenure by 2. Ayyaswami Kavandan was sold for arrears of revenue and bought in by Government.	Entered in statements Nos. 10 and 2.
							(b) Purchased by private individuals.		
(1)	36	G	..	..	1 15	8 10 0	Tahsildar's order No. 595-Gl., dated 14th August 1925.	Land held on ryotwari tenure by 4. Ranga Reddi, etc. was sold for arrears of revenue and purchased by 2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	Entered in statements Nos. 10 and 2.
							(2) *Transferred by order of court.*		
(1)	18-C	G	..	..	0 40	2 0 0	Tahsildar's order No. 220 of No. 6, register (section II) for F. 35, dated 14th October 1925.	From 3. Karinarayana Kavandan to 1. Srinivasa Kavandan.	Entered in statements Nos. 10 and 2.
							(3) *Transferred by private contract or gift.*		
(1)	12-B 1.	G	..	..	0 24	1 3 0	Tahsildar's order No. 25 of No. 6, register (section I) of F. 35, dated 30th July 1925.	Field held by 1. Srinivasa Kavandan was subdivided into :— ACS. C. RS. A. P. B-1 0 24 1 3 0 B-2 2 92 14 10 0 and B-1 was transferred to 2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	Entered in the A register and statements Nos. 10 and 2.
(2)	29	G	..	..	0 19	1 2 0	Tahsildar's order No. 110 of No. 6, register (section I) of F. 35, dated 30th August 1925.	Transferred from 1. Srinivasa Kavandan to 2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	Entered in statements Nos. 10 and 2.
(3)	12-C 1	G	..	..	0 53	2 10 0	Tahsildar's order No. 480 of No. 6, register (section I) of F. 35, dated 30th November 1925.	Transferred from 3. Karinarayana Kavandan to 1. Srinivasa Kavandan.	Do.
			..	..	0 96	4 15 0			

(4) *Transferred by succession.*

(1)	1-C 2 24-B. 27-A.	G G G	1 63 0 16 0 09	2 7 0 0 5 0 0 4 0	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	Tahsildar's order No. 150 of No. 6, (section II) register for F. 35, dated 23rd August 1925.	Transferred from 5. Varada Kavandan to 5. Solai Subbaraya Kavandan.	Entered in statements Nos. 10 and 2.
			1 88	3 0 0	..	..			

(5) *Transferred after an uninterrupted possession of 12 years or more and absence of the registered pattadar for like period.*

(6) *Lands which have escheated to the Government.*

IV.—ALL OTHER CHANGES.

(1) *Land taken up for public purposes and transferred to poramboke.*

1	20	G	..	..	0 10	0 8 0	Tahsildar's order No. 8 of No. 7, register of F. 35, dated 7th September 1925.	From 2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	Entered in the A register and in statements Nos. 10 and 2.

(2) *Transferred from dry to wet and* vice versa.

1	1-B	G	1 63	2 7 0	..	..	Tahsildar's order No. 8 of No. 7, register of F. 35, dated 17th July 1925.	Field held by 1. Srinivasa Kavandan. Dry converted to single-crop wet (6th taram) under Nagasamudram tangal (flow) and assessed at Rs. 7-5-0.	Entered in the A register and in statements Nos. 10 and 2.
2	7-A	G	..	..	1 96	8 13 0	Tahsildar's order No. 9 of No. 7, register of F. 35, dated 17th July 1925.	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan. Wet transferred to dry (5th taram) and assessed at Rs. 2-15-0.	Do.
3	12-C/1	G	..	..	0 53	2 10 0	Tahsildar's order No. 55 of No. 7, register of F. 35, dated 10th November 1925.	Land held by 3. Karinarayana Kavandan was subdivided into C/1 dry 0·53 (4th taram), Re. 1-1-0, C/2 wet 0·67 (5th taram), Rs. 2-6-0 (single crop).	Do.
			1 63	2 7 0	2 49	11 7 0			

(3) *Transferred from Government to inam and* vice versa.

1	11	G	..	..	2 23	10 1 0	Tahsildar's order No. 5 of No. 7, register of F. 35, dated 15th July 1925.	Assessed waste was assigned as inam to Narasimhaswami temple in fasli 1335 in lieu of ready money allowances on a quit-rent of Rs. 2.	Entered in A and B registers and in statement No. 3.

No. 3.—Particulars of changes in holdings in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Serial number.	Survey number and subdivision.	Class—Government Inam or Poramboke.	Description of the land. Dry. Area.	Dry. Assessment or quit-rent.	Wet. Area.	Wet. Assessment or quit-rent.	Number and date of order sanctioning charges.	By whom given up or to whom transferred or assigned or other particulars.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
			ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	ACS. C.	RS. A. P.			
							IV.—All other changes—*cont.*		
							(4) *Transferred from single crop to double crop and* vice versa.		
1	19-B	G	..	..	1 33	8 5 0	Tahsildar's order No. 15 of No. 7, register of fasli 1335, dated 22nd August 1925.	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan. Transferred to single crop and assessed at Rs. 6–10–0.	Entered in A register and in statements Nos. 10 and 2.
2	13-B/2	G	..	..	0 66	3 5 0	Tahsildar's order No. 16 of No. 7, register of fasli 1335, dated 22nd August 1925.	2. Ayyaswami Kavandan. Permanently transferred to double crop and assessed at Rs. 3–12–0.	Do.
3	13-A	G	..	..	2 95	14 12 0	Tahsildar's order No. 75 of No. 7, register of fasli 1335, dated 22nd January 1929.	1. Srinivasa Kavandan, Permanently transferred to double crop and assessed at Rs. 16–10–0.	Do.
			..	..	4 94	26 6 0			

Enclosure A to No. 3—Abstract statement showing the particulars of the changes in holding in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Items.	Number of cases.	Dry. Area.	Dry. Assessment or quit-rent.	Wet. Area.	Wet. Assessment or quit-rent.	Total. Area.	Total. Assessment or quit-rent.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
		ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.
GOVERNMENT.							
I. Occupation in previous fasli	..	30 36	47 6	21 18	109 15	51 54	157 5
Deduct.							
II. Relinquished	1	5 25	7 14	..	..	5 25	7 14
III. (1) Sold for arrears of revenue—							
(a) Bought in by Government.	1	2 55	5 2	..	..	2 55	5 2
(b) Purchased by private individuals.	..	..	..	1 15	8 10	1 15	8 10
(2) Sold or transferred by order of Court.	..	..	..	0 40	2 0	0 40	2 0
(3) Transferred by private contract or gift.	..	..	..	0 96	4 15	0 96	4 15
(4) Transferred by succession ..	1	1 88	3 0	..	..	1 88	3 0
(5) Transferred after an uninterrupted possession of 12 years or more and absence of the registered holder for like period.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(6) Lands which have escheated to the Government.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
IV. Other changes—							
(1) Taken up for public purposes ..	1	..	..	0 10	0 8	0 10	0 8
(2) Transferred from dry to wet ..	1	1 63	2 7	..	..	1 63	2 7
(3) Transferred from wet to dry ..	2	..	..	2 49	11 7	2 49	11 7
(4) Transferred from Government to inam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(5) Transferred from single crop to double crop.	2	..	..	3 61	18 1	3 61	18 1
(6) Transferred from double crop to single crop.	1	..	..	1 33	8 5	1 33	8 5
V. Total deductions	..	11 31	18 7	10 04	53 14	21 35	72 5
VI. Net occupation	..	19 05	28 15	11 14	56 1	30 19	85 0
Add.							
VII. Taken up on darkhast .. .	6	10 32	13 12	2 64	10 9	12 96	24 5
VIII. (1) Purchased by private individuals at revenue sales.	1	..	..	1 15	8 10	1 15	8 10
(2) Purchased at Court-sales or transferred by order of Court.	1	..	..	0 40	2 0	0 40	2 0
(3) Transferred by private contract or gift.	3	..	..	0 96	4 15	0 96	4 15
(4) Transferred by succession ..	1	1 88	3 0	..	..	1 88	3 0
(5) Transferred after an uninterrupted possession of 12 years or more and absence of the registered holder for like period.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
IX. Other changes—							
(1) Transferred from dry to wet ..	1	..	..	1 63	7 5	1 63	7 5
(2) Transferred from wet to dry ..	2	2 40	4 0	..	..	2 49	4 0
(3) Transferred from single crop to double crop.	2	..	..	3 61	20 6	3 61	20 6
(4) Transferred from double crop to single crop.	1	..	..	1 33	6 10	1 33	6 10
X. Total additions	..	14 69	20 12	11 72	60 7	26 41	81 3
XI. Total occupation	..	33 74	49 11	22 86	116 8	56 60	166 3

Enclosure A to No. 3—Abstract statement showing the particulars of the changes in holding in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Items.	Number of cases.	Dry. Area.	Dry. Assessment or quit-rent.	Wet. Area.	Wet. Assessment or quit-rent.	Total. Area.	Total. Assessment or quit-rent.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
		ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.
INAM.							
I. Occupation as per previous fasli ..	..	24 15	19 11	16 74	7 8	40 89	27 3
Deduct.							
II. Relinquished	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
III. (1) Sold for arrears and—							
(a) Bought in by Government ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Purchased by private individuals.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(2) Sold or transferred by order of Court.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(3) Transferred by private contract or gift.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(4) Transferred by succession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(5) Transferred after an uninterrupted possession of 12 years or more and absence of the registered pattadar for like period.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(6) Lands which have escheated to the Government.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
IV. Other charges	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
V. Total deductions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
VI. Net occupation	..	24 15	19 11	16 74	7 8	40 89	27 3
Add.							
VII. Taken up on darkhast	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
VIII. (1) Purchased by private individuals at revenue sales.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(2) Purchased at court-sales or transferred by order of court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(3) Transferred by private contract or gift.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(4) Transferred by succession ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(5) Transferred after an uninterrupted possession of 12 years or more and absence of the registered pattadar for like period.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
IX. Other changes—							
Transferred from Government to inam.	..	..	..	2 23	2 0	2 23	2 0
X. Total additions	..	..	..	2 23	2 0	2 23	2 0
XI. Total occupations	..	24 15	19 11	18 97	9 8	43 12	29 3

No. 4.—Statement showing beriz deductions of all kinds in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Name of the religious institution or service or nature of the inam and the village in which situated.	Name of the manager or the holder of the inam for the time being and the purpose for which the beriz deduction was sanctioned.	Date of order sanctioning payment by beriz deductions.	Amount of allowance ordered to be deducted from the beriz.		Jodi, quit-rent or excess charge on the inam.	Net amount of allowance ordered to be deducted from the beriz [col. (5) minus col. (6)].	Amount due on account of previous year.	Total due.	Particulars of actual deductions made from the beriz in the year.		Balance.	Remarks.
			Name of the village from the beriz of which the allowance should be deducted.	Amount of assessment on the inam (i.e., subject to suspensions and remissions).					Month.	Amount deducted.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
				RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
Krishnaswamy Temple, Salavadi village.	Srinivasachari.	Collector's Order No. 564, dated 8th April 1884.	Salavadi	10 0 0			2 0 0	12 0 0	January 1926.	12 0 0		

No. 5—**Part I.—Remission statement** in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Number and name of registered holder, inamdar or occupier.	Date of receipt of application by any of the officers named in paragraph 1 of Board's Standing Order No. 13.	Nature of the remission (waste, loss of crop, etc.)	Survey number and letter.	Description of land.	Extent applied for.	Extent proposed.	Amount of assessment or water-rate.	Report of the karnam giving results of his inspection in detail and details as to how the amount in column (8) was arrived at.	Copy of azmoishdar's remarks at the time of inspection in adangal with such supplementary remarks.	Remarks of Tahsildar.	Orders of the Divisional Officer or Jamabandi Officer.	Amount sanctioned with reference to the entries in column (12).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
					ACS. C.	ACS. C.	RS. A. P.					RS. A. P.
								SMALL TANK.				
								GOVERNMENT.				
1 Srinivasa Kavandan.	11 Dec. 1925.	Tirwa-kammi.	30	Wet.	0 14	0 14	0 9 0	Supply received in the tank was insufficient and dry crop was raised in consequence under well. The amount shown in column (8) is the difference between wet and dry assessments on the extent shown in column (7).	The tank received one month and five days' supply in all, which is not sufficient to raise a wet crop. The dry crop raised was due to deficiency of water-supply. The difference between wet and dry may be remitted.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendations may be approved.	Remit. difference between wet and dry. (Sd.) A.B., *Sub-collr.*	0 9 0
2 Ayyaswami Kavandan	15 Dec. 1925.	Waste	29	Wet.	0 19	0 19	1 2 0	Entire waste due to deficiency of water-supply in the tank. The amount shown in column (8) is the full wet assessment on the extent shown in column (7).	Owing to deficiency of water-supply in the tank some lands had to be left waste.	Full wet assessment shown in column (8) may be remitted.	Remit. (Sd.) A.B., *Sub-Collr.*	1 2 0
	5 Jan. 1926.	Waste } savi }	36	Wet.	{ 0 20 { 0 95	} 1 15	8 10 0	Partial waste and partial savi was due to short supply in the tank as above stated. Amount shown in column (8) is the full wet assessment on the land.	Waste and savi due to short supply. Amount shown in column (8) may be approved.	Revenue Inspector's recommendations may be approved.	Approved. (Sd.) A.B., *Sub-Collr.*	8 10 0

No. 5—Part I.—Remission statement in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Number and name of registered holder, inamdar or occupier. (1)	Date of receipt of application by any of the officers named in paragraph 1 of Board's Standing Order No. 13. (2)	Nature of the remission (waste, loss of crop, etc.). (3)	Survey number and letter. (4)	Description of land. (5)	Extent applied for. (6)	Extent proposed. (7)	Amount of assessment or water-rate. (8)	Report of the karnam giving results of his inspection in detail and details as to how the amount in column (8) was arrived at. (9)	Copy of amneishdar's remarks at the time of inspection in adangal with such supplementary remarks. (10)	Remarks of Tahsildar. (11)	Orders of the Divisional Officer or Jamabandi Officer. (12)	Amount sanctioned with reference to the entries in column (12). (13)
					ACS. C.	ACS. C.	RS. A. P.					RS. A. P.
								BIG TANK.				
								GOVERNMENT.				
....	22nd Feb. 1926.	Savi.	19-B	Wet.	0 78	0 78	0 14 0	Second-crop paddy on single crop wet land became savi owing to deficiency of water-supply in the tank during the second crop season. Amount shown in column (8) is the water-rate at Rs. 1-2-0 per acre on the portion cultivated.	Paddy was cultivated in January when there was some water in the tank. After February there was no water and paddy became savi.	Amount shown in column (8) may be remitted.	Remit. (Sd.) A.B., *Sub-Collr.*	0 14 0
								INAM.				
Periya Chatram ..	19th Feb. 1926.	Savi.	21	Dry.	1 0	1 0	3 0 0	Paddy was irrigated in December from big tank by flow but owing to deficiency of supply during the latter part of the season it became savi. Amount shown in column (8) is the water-rate on the portion irrigated.	Water was taken with permission but owing to short supply towards the end of the season paddy became savi. Water-rate may be remitted.	Revenue Inspector's recommendation may be approved.	Remit. (Sd.) A.B., *Sub-Collr.*	3 0 0
Sankarachar Matam ..	15th Feb. 1926.	Do.	22	Wet.	1 0	1 0	..	Compounded double-crop land in which first crop ragi was raised with tank water. Second-crop paddy cultivated in December became savi owing to deficiency of supply in the latter part of the season.	There was sufficient supply in the tank during the first-crop season. The land being a compounded one, no remission can be granted.	No remission is recommended.	Charge. (Sd.) A.B., *Sub-Collr.*	

No. 5—Part II.—Statement showing the amount of remissions sanctioned in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

(a) Season remissions.

Number and name of registered holder, inamdar or occupier.	Survey number and letter.	Wet waste.		Total loss of crop on wet lands.		Loss of one crop on registered double-crop land.		Loss of second crop on registered single crop wet lands.				For dry crops grown without the aid of Government water on wet lands, difference between wet and dry assessment.		For a dry irrigated crop raised on wet land, difference between wet and dry and dry water-rate.		Water-rate on dry lands.				Total for each individual.	
								Government.		Inam.						Government.		Inam.			
		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
		ACS.	RS. A. P.	ACS.	RS. A. P.	ACS.	RS. A. P.	ACS.	RS.A.P.	ACS.	RS.A.P.	ACS.	RS. A. P.	ACS.	RS. A. P.	ACS.	RS.A.P.	ACS.	RS.A.P.	ACS.	RS. A. P.
								BIG TANK.													
2 Ayyaswami Kavandan	19-B.	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·78	0 14 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.	..	0·78	0 14 0
3 Peria Chatram ..	21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·00	3 0 0	1·00	3 0 0
		..	..	..	..	..	..	0·78	0 14 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·00	3 0 0	1·78	3 14 0
								SMALL TANK.													
1 Srinivasa Kavandan.	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 14	0 9 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·14	0 9 0
2 Ayyaswami Kavandan	29	0·19	1 2 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·19	1 2 0
	36	0·20	1 8 0	0·95	7 2 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·15	8 10 0
		0·39	2 10 0	0·95	7 2 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 14	0 9 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·48	10 5 0
Total, season remissions.		0·39	2 10 0	0·95	7 2 0	..	..	0·78	0 14 0	..	..	0 14	0 9 0	..	..	..	..	1·00	3 0 0	3·26	14 3 9

No. 5—Part II.—Statement showing the amount of remissions sanctioned in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Number and name of registered holder, inamdar or occupier.	Survey number and letter.	(*b*), (*c*) and (*d*) Baling, etc., remissions.																			
		Wet waste.		Total loss of crop on wet lands.		Loss of one crop on registered double crop lands.		Loss of second crop on registered single crop wet lands.				For dry crops grown without the aid of Government water on wet lands, difference between wet and dry assessment.		For a dry irrigated crop raised on wet land, difference between wet and dry and dry water-rate.		Water-rate on dry lands.				Total for each individual.	
								Government.		Inam.						Government.		Inam.			
		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
		ACS.	RS. A. P.	ACS.	RS. A. P.	ACS.	RS. A. P.	ACS.	RS.A.P.	ACS.	RS.A.P.	ACS.	RS. A. P.	ACS.	RS. A. P.	ACS.	RS.A.P.	ACS.	RS.A.P.	ACS.	RS. A. P.
(*b*) *Baling remissions.*																					
Srinivasa Kavandan ..	41	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·75	1 12 0
(*c*) *Dasabandam remission in favour of dasabandamdar.*																					
Srinivasa Kavandan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 13 7
2 Ayyaswami Kavandan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 13 8
3 Karinarayana Kavandan and Munia Kavandan.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 6 9
1 Krishnaswami temple	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 4 9
10 Narasimhaswami temple.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 4 1
3 Dasabandam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 10 2
Ramaswami Kavandan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 2 0
																					9 7 0
(*d*) *Cowl remissions.*																					
Srinivasa Kavandan ..	8-B	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·00	1 8 0

Abstract.

	RS. A. P.
Wastes remissions	2 10 0
Other remissions as per statement No. 5 ..	17 15 0
Remissions brought to No. 7 account ..	6 5 0
Total ..	26 14 0

	RS. A. P.
Total, fixed remissions ..	12 11 0
Total, remissions	26 14 0

No. 5—Part III.—**Statement of remission granted under Board's Standing Order No. 14 in the village of** Salavadi in Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Number and name of individual.	Survey number and letter.	Partial loss on wet lands (paragraph 4 of Board's Standing Order No. 14).		Loss of crop on dry lands [paragraph 5 (i) and (ii) of Board's Standing Order No. 14].		Dry waste [paragraph 5 (iii) of Board's Standing Order No. 14].		Lands cultivated without permission [paragraph 6 of Board's Standing Order No. 14].			Loss of crops on inam lands (paragraph 6 of Board's Standing Order No. 14).				
											Dry.			Wet.	
		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Charge for water.	Extent.	Assessment.	Charge for water.	Extent.	Assessment.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
		ACS. C.	RS. P.	ACS. C.	RS. P.	ACS. C.	RS. P.	ACS. C.	RS. P.	RS. P.	ACS. C.	RS. P.	RS. P.	ACS. C.	RS. P.

No.— **Statement of charges for water on wet and dry lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district.**

Number and name of registered holder on ryotwari tenure or inamdar.	Particulars of fields irrigated.		Particulars of areas irrigated.						
			First corp.					Second crop.	
	Survey number and letter.	Description—Dry, wet or poramboke.	(1) By flow or lift and (2) whether systematically or occasionally irrigated.	Name.	Area.	Rate.	Charge for water.	(1) By flow or lift and (2) whether systematically or occasionally irrigated.	Name.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
August (fasli 1335).									
GOVERNMENT.									
NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS.									
Charge for water.									
					ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		
2 **Ayyaswami Kavandan**	7-A ..	D ..	F.S.	Ragi	0 67	2 4 0	1 8 1	....	....
Water-rate on poramboke lands.									
Ramaswami Kavandan	15 ..	P ..	F.S.	Ragi	0 15	2 4 0	0 5 5	....	....
September.									
GOVERNMENT.									
NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS.									
Charge for water.									
1 Srinivasa Kavandan	1-E ..	D ..	F.S.	Ragi	0 40	2 4 0	0 14 5	....	....
			F.S.	Paddy	0 72	3 0 0	2 2 7	....	....

No. 6.—Statement of charges for water on wet and dry lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district—*cont.*

Number and name of registered holder on ryotwari tenure or inamdar—*cont.*					Particulars of areas irrigated—*cont.* Second crop—*cont.* Area. (11)	Rate. (12)	Charge for water. (13)	Whether irrigation was with in excess of, or without, permission. (14)	Remarks of village officers and Revenue Inspectors. (15)	Orders of Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar. (16)	Orders of Divisional Officer or Jamabandi Officer, if any. (17)	Penal charge. Extent. (18)	Penal charge. Charge. (19)
..	8-A	D	F.S.	Paddy	0 24	3 0 0	0 11 6	....	....				
					1 36	..	3 12 6						
Big Tank—Second Class. *Charge for water.*													
2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	1-A	D	L.S.	Paddy	1 50	3 4 0	3 6 0	....	....				
Small Tank—Second Class. *Charge for water.*													
1. Srinivasa Kavandan	41	W	F.S.	Paddy	0 50	1 0 0	0 8 0	....	....				
Inam. Nagasamudram Tangal. River—Second Class. *Charge for water.*													
2 Blacksmith	16	D	L.S.	Paddy	0 41	2 4 0	4 14 9	....	....				

August (fasli 1335)—*cont.*

GOVERNMENT—*cont.*

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

	ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.					ACS. C.	RS. A. P.
2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	..	..	..	..	Without permission.	One and a half times the amounts shown in column (8) may be charged.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved A.B., *Tahsildar*, 15th Sep. 1925.	..	0 15	0 12 1

Water-rate on poramboke lands—cont.

Ramaswami Kavandan	..	..	..	..	Without permission.	One and a half times the amounts shown in column (8) may be charged.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B., *Tahsildar*, 15th Sep. 1925.	..	0 15	0 2 9

September—*cont.*

GOVERNMENT—*cont.*

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

1 Srinivasa Kavandan	..	..	..	..	Without permission.	There was no deficiency of water-supply in the tank. One and a half times the amount shown in column (8) may be charged.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B., *Tahsildar*, 14th Oct. 1925.	..	1 12	1 8 6

October.

GOVERNMENT.

BIG TANK—SECOND CLASS.

Charge for water.

3. Karinarayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	24-A ..	D	L.S.	Ragi	0 5	1 11 0	1 4 0	....	....

506—19—15A

No. 6.—Statement of charges for water on wet and dry lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district—*cont.*

Number and name of registered holder on ryotwari tenure or inamdar.	Particulars of fields irrigated.		Particulars of areas irrigated.							
			First crop					Second crop.		
	Survey number and letter.	Description—Dry, wet or poramboke.	(1) By flow or lift and (2) whether systematically or occasionally irrigated.	Name.	Area.	Rate.	Charge for water.	(1) By flow or lift and (2) whether systematically or occasionally irrigated.	Name.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
					ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.			
....	..	..	..	..	With permission.	The amount shown in column (8) may be charged.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B., *Tahsildar*, 14th Oct. 1925.	..	..	..

BIG TANK—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	..	..	..	..	Permission taken only for one acre.	There was no deficiency of water-supply during the first-crop season. Single rate may be charged for one acre irrigated with permission and 12 times for the 50 cents irrigated in excess.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B., *Tahsildar*, 14th Oct. 1925.	..	0 50	0 9 0

SMALL TANK—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

1. Srinivasa Kavandan	..	..	..	..	Without permission.	Survey No. 41 is registered as wet under a well having independent ayacut. Small tank water was used for 50 cents of paddy. There was deficiency of water-supply in the tank.	Rs. 2 to be charged as prohibitory assessment in addition to the amount shown in column (8). A.B., *Tahsildar*. 14th Oct. 1925.	..	0 50	2 0 0

November.

GOVERNMENT.

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS.

Charge for water.

2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	7-A ..	D ..	....	....	....	....	....	F.S.	Paddy.
1. Srinivasa Kavandan	1-B ..	W ..	....	....	....	....	....	F.S.	Paddy.
2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	12-A ..	W ..	....	....	....	....	....	F.S.	Paddy.
	12-B/1 ..	W ..	....	....	....	....	....	F.S.	Paddy.

INAM—*cont.*

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—*cont.*

RIVER—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

2. Blacksmith	..	..	..	..	Without permission.	One and a half time the amount shown in column (8) may be charged.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B., *Tahsildar*, 14th Oct. 1925.	..	0 41	0 7

October—*cont.*

GOVERNMENT—*cont.*

BIG TANK—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

3. Karinarayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	..	..	..	..	With permission.	The area irrigated is less than 10 cents. No charge need be made.	No charge. A.B., *Tahsildar*, 14th Oct. 1925.	..	..	..

No. 6.—Statement of charges for water on wet and dry lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district—*cont.*

Number and name of registered holder on ryotwari tenure or inamdar—*cont.*	Particulars of fields irrigated—*cont.* Second crop—*cont.* Area. (11)	Rate. (12)		Charge for water. (13)	Whether irrigation was with in excess of, or without, permission. (14)	Remarks of village officers and Revenue Inspectors. (15)	Orders of Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar. (16)	Orders of Divisional Officer or Jamabandi Officer, if any. (17)	Penal charge. Extent. (18)	Penal charge. charge. (19)
	ACS.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.					ACS. C.	RS. A. P.
Karinarayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	12-C/2 ..	W	..	....	....	....	....	F.S.	.. ..	Paddy.
Big Tank—Second Class. *Charge or water.*										
1. Srinivasa Kavandan	18-C ..	W ..	....	....	....	....	....	F.S.	.. ..	Paddy.
2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	19-B ..	W ..	....	....	....	....	....	F.S.	.. .	Paddy.
INAM. **Nagasamudram Tangal.** *Charge for water.*										
. Dasabandham	7-B ..	W ..	....	....	....	....	....	F.S.	.. ..	Paddy.
1. Krishnaswami temple	14 ..	W ..	....	....	....	....	....	F.S.	.. ..	Paddy.

BIG TANK—SECOND CLASS.

Charge for water.

9. Talaiyari Raman	35 ..	D ..	F.S.	Paddy	3 37	3 0 0	4 2 0	....	....

November—*cont.*

GOVERNMENT—*cont.*

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	0 67	1 8 0	....	1 0 1	Without permission.	One and a half times the amounts shown in column (13) may be charged.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B., *Tahsildar*, 15th Dec. 1925.	....	0 67	0 11

Charge for water.

1. Srinivasa Kavandan	0 35	1 2 0	0 6 4	..	With permission.	First crop ragi was systematically irrigated from the tank. Charge for water as shown in column (13) may be charged for the second crop.	The amount shown in column (13) to be charged. A.B., *Tahsildar* 15th Dec. 1925.	....	..	..
2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	0 7	1 2 0	0 14 0	..	Do.	Second irrigated crop on single crop wet land. First crop ragi was irrigated from tank systematically.	In both the cases the amount shown in column (13) to be charged. A.B., *Tahsildar*, 15th Dec. 1925.	....	..	..
	0 24	1 2 0	0 4 4	..	Do.	Do.	Do.	....	..	..
	1 2	..	1 2 5							

No. 6.—**Statement** of **charges for** water **on** wet and dry **lands** in **the village of** Salavadi in **the** Tindivanam **taluk, South** Arcot **district**—*cont.*

Number and name of registered holder on ryotwari tenure or inamdar.	Particulars of fields irrigated.		Particulars of areas irrigated.								
			First crop.					Second crop.			
	Survey number and letter.	Description—Dry, wet or poramboke.	(1) By flow or lift and (2) whether systematically or occasionally irrigated.	Name.	Area.	Rate.	Charge for water.	(1) By flow or lift and (2) whether systematically or occasionally irrigated.	Name.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
					A CS. C.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.				
2. Karinarayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	0 67	1 2 0	0 12 1	..	Do.	First crop ragi was irrigated from tank systematically. Second crop was also raised with tank water by flow.	The amount shown in column (13-*a*) to be charged. A.B., *Tahsildar*, 15th Dec. 1925.	..	..	..	

Big Tank—Second Class—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
1. Srinivasa Kavandan	0 30	1 2 0	0 5 5	..	With permission.	First crop ragi was systematically irrigated from the tank. Charge for water as shown in column (13-*a*) may be charged for the second crop.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is apporoved. A.B., *Tahsildar.*	..	..	..
2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	0 78	1 2 0	0 14 0	..	..	First crop ragi was systematically irrigated from the tank. Charge for water as shown in column (13-*a*) may be charged for the second crop.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B., *Tahsildar.* 5th Dec. 1925.	..	..	..

INAM—*cont.*

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

3. Desabandham	3 33	1 2 0	3 11 11	..	..	First crop ragi was systematically irrigated with tank water. Amount shown in column (13-*a*) may be charged as charge for water.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B *Tahsildar.*	..	..	..
1. Krishnaswami temple	1 6	1 2 0	1 3 1	..	..	First crop ragi with tank water systematically irrigated. Amount shown in column (13-*a*) may be charged.	Approved. A.B., *Tahsildar.*	..	..	..

BIG TANK—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

9. Talaiyari Raman	..	..	..	..	With permission.	Amount shown in column (8) may be charged.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B., *Tahsildar,* 15th Dec. 1925.	..	..	..

December.

GOVERNMENT.

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS.

Charge for water.

1. Srinivasa Kavandan	12-B/2 ..	W ..	....	....	..	..	.. Third crop.	F.S. .. .. F.S.	Sunnhem, . Paddy.

January.

INAM.

BIG TANK—SECOND CLASS.

Charge for water.

2. Periya Chatram	21 ..	D ..	F.S.	Paddy	1 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	....	..

February.

GOVERNMENT.

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS.

Charge for water.

No. 6.—Statement of charges for water on wet and dry lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district—*cont.*

Number and name of registered holder on ryotwari tenure or inamdar—*cont.*	Particulars of fieds irrigated—*cont.* Second crop—*cont.* Area. (11)	Rate. (12)	Extra charge. (13)	Charge for water. (13-*a*)	Whether irrigation was with, in excess of, or without permission. (14)	Remarks of village officers and Revenue Inspectors. (15)	Orders of Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar. (16)	Orders of Divisional Officer or Jamabandi Officer, if any. (17)	Penal charge. Extent. (18)	Penal charge. Charge. (19)
Ayyaswami Kavandan	A ..	D ..	F.S. .. .	Cocoa ..	2 0	4 0 8	9 0 0	....		[illegible]

INAM.

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL.

Charge for water.

5. Dasabandham	7-B ..	W ..	..	..	....	....	....	F.S.	Paddy.
10. Narasimhaswami temple	11 .	W ..	..	....	....	....	....	F.S. .. .	Do.

Ma h.

GOVERNMENT.

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS.

Charge for water.

2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	7-A ..	D ..	....	....	Third crop.	....	F.S.	Paddy.

December—*cont.*

GOVERNMENT—*cont.*

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

1. Srinivasa Kavandan	1 50	1 2 0	1 11 0	..	..	For the first crop ragi raised with the aid of tank water systematically irrigated. Sunnhemp was cultivated in September with the aid of tank water but it was grazed over in November before the ripening of the seed and paddy sown in December.	No charge for sunnhemp. Paddy to be charged as second crop. A-B , *Tahsildars* 15th Jan. 1926.	..	..	..

January—*cont.*

INAM—*cont.*

BIG TANK—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

3. Periya Chatram	..	..	..	..	With permission.	Amount shown in column (8) may by charged.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A B., *Tahsildar,* 15th Jan. 1926.	..	..

February—*cont.*

GOVERNMENT—*cont.*

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

Ayyaswami Kavandan	..	..	..	..	With permission.	Water was taken for a number of months in the year sufficient for raising two rice crops. This may be treated as garden crop and charged at Rs. 4–8–0 per acre.	Amount shown in column (8) to be charged. A.B, *Tahsildar*, 14th Mar. 1926.	..	..	

INAM—*cont.*

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

5. **Dasabandham**	1 24	2 4 0	2 12 8	..	..	First crop paddy with tank water. Amount shown in column (13-*a*) may be charged as charge for water.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B., *Tahsildar*.	..	..	
10. **Narasimhaswami temple**	2 23	2 4 0	5 0 3	..	..	First crop paddy with tank water. Amount shown in column (13-*a*) may be charged.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B., *Tahsildar*.	..	..	

March—*cont.*

GOVERNMENT—*cont.*

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Charge for water—cont.

2. **Ayyaswami Kavandan**	0 67	1 8 0	..	1 0 1	Without permission.	One and a half times the amount shown in column (13-*b*) may be charged.	The Revenue Inspector's recommendation is approved. A.B., *Tahsildar*, 22nd Apr. 1925.	..	0 67	0 8 1

No. —6. Statement of charges for water on wet and dry lands in the village Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district—*cont*.

Number and name of registered holder on ryotwari tenure or inamdar.	Particulars of fields irrigated.		Particulars of areas irrigated.							
			First crop.					Second crop.	
	Survey number and letter.	Description—Dry wet or poramboke.	(1) By flow or lift and (2) whether systematically or occasionally irrigated.	Name.	Area.	Rate.	Charge for water.	(1) By flow or lift and (2) whether systematically or occasionally irrigated.	Name.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)

March—*cont*.

GOVERNMENT—*cont*.

NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS—*cont*.

Charge of water.

3. Karinarayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	12–C/2 ..	W ..	....	..	Third crop.		....	F. S.	Paddy.

No. 6.—Statement of charges for water on wet and dry lands in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district—*cont.*

Number and name of registered holder on ryotwari tenure or inamdar—*cont.*	Particulars of arears irrigated—*cont.* Second crop—*cont.* Area. (11)	Rate. (12)	Extra charge. (13)	Charge for water. (13-a)	Whether irrigation was with, in excess of, or without, permission. (14)	Remarks of village officers and Revenue Inspector. (15)	Orders of Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar. (16)	Orders of Divisional Officer or Jamabandi Officer, if any. (17)	Penal charge. Extent. (18)	Penal charge. Charge. (19)
	ACS. C.	RS. P.	RS. P.							
March—*cont.*										
GOVERNMENT—*cont.*										
NAGASAMUDRAM TANGAL—SECOND CLASS—*cont.*										
Charge for water—**cont.**										
3. Karinarayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	0 67	1 6 0	0 14 9	..	With permission.	First crop ragi was irrigated from tank systematically. Second and third crops (paddy; were also raised with tank water by flow. Already charge for water at the rate of Rs. 1·12 per acre has been charged for the second crop paddy. The difference between half the wet assessment and the charge for water already levied may be charged for the third crop.	The amount shown in column 13 (*a*) to be charged. A.B., *Tahsildar*, 2nd Apr. 1926.	..	..	..

* No lands classed in the Settlement Register as irrigable only by baling other than S. No. 41 brought to the account for September have been irrigated by direct flow during the fasli.

VIRAPPA PILLAI
Karnam.

Posting statement of charge for water in the village of Salavadi in Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Name and number of registered holder. (1)	Source of irrigation. (2)	Extra charge on wet lands. (3)	Charge for water on wet lands. (4)	Charge for water on dry lands. (5)	Total of columns (3) and (4). (6)	Penal charge for water. (7)	Remarks. (8)
	GOVERNMENT.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	
	Nagasamudram Tangal.						
	September	..	..	3 13	3 13	1 9	
	November	0 6	..	..	..	..	
	December	1 11	..	..	..	..	
	Total ..	2 1	..	3 13	3 13	1 9	
1. Srinivasa Kavandan	*Big tank.*						
	November ..	0 5	..	..	..	..	
	Total ..	0 5	..	..	..	..	
	Small tank.						
	September	..	0 8	..	0 8	2 0	
	Grand total ..	2 6	0 8	3 13	4 5	3 9	
	Nagasamudram Tangal.						
	August	..	..	1 8	1 8	0 12	
	November	1 2	..	1 0	1 0	0 8	
	February	..	..	9 0	9 0	..	
	March	..	..	1 0	1 0	0 8	
	Total ..	1 2		12 8	12 8	1 12	
2. Ayyaswami Kavandan ..	*Big tank.*						
	September	..	..	3 6	3 6	0 9	
	November ..	0 14	..	..	..		
	Grand total ..	2 0	..	15 14	15 14	2 5	
	Nagasamudram Tangal.						
3. Karinarayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	November	0 12	..	..	..	..	
	March	0 15	..	..	..	..	
	Grand total ..	1 11	..	..	..	..	
	INAM.						
	Nagasamudram Tangal.						
5. Dasabandham	November	3 12	..	..	..	..	
	February	2 13	..	..	..	..	
	Grand total ..	6 9	..	..		..	
	Nagasamudram Tangal.						
10. Narasimhaswami temple ..	February	5 0	..	..	..	..	
	Grand total ..	5 0	..	..	..	..	
	Nagasamudram Tangal.						
11. Krishnaswami temple ..	November	1 3	..	..		..	
	Grand total ..	1 3	..	..	..	..	

Posting statement of charge for water in the village of Salavadi in Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Name and number of registered holder. (1)	Source of irrigation. (2)	Extra charge on wet lands. (3)	Charge for water on wet lands. (4)	Charge for water on dry lands. (5)	Total of columns (3) and (4). (6)	Penal charge for water. (7)	Remarks. (8)
				RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	
	INAM—*cont.*						
	River.						
Blacksmith	September ..	..	..	0 15	0 15	0 7	
	Grand total ..	..	..	0 15	0 15	0 7	
	Big Tank.						
9. Talayari Ram n	November	..	..	4 2	4 2	..	
	Grand total ..	..	..	4 2	4 2	..	
	Big tank.						
3. Periya Chatram	December	..	..	3 0	3 0	..	
	Grand total ..		..	3 0	3 0	..	
Sivayijama—Nil.							
Poramboke.	*Nagasamudram Tangal.*						
Ramaswami Kavandan	August	..	..	0 5	0 5	0 3	
	Grand total ..	..	..	0 5	0 5	0 3	
	Total of column (6) ..	..	..	..	..	6 8	

No. 7.—Statement of miscellaneous revenue in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Name of individual.	Items.	Number of patta or title deed, if any.	Filed.				Charge thereon.		Charge for water on wet any dry lands.	Total of charges in cols. (8), (9-*a*) and (9-*b*).	Deduct remissions and deductions.	Remainder charged.	Remarks.
			Survey number.	Letter or sub-division.	Description.	Extent.							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(8A)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
						ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
Venkatachala Kavandan ..	Extra charge for achukattu cultivation.	7	43	D	D	2 41	9 10 0	..	..	9 10 0	..	9 10 0	
Krishnaswami temple ..	Inam quite-rent, extra charge on wet inams and water-rate.	1	14	..	W	2 0	0 8 0	1 3 0	..	1 11 0	0 4 9	1 6 3	
Narasimhaswami temple ..	Do.	10	11	..	W	2 23	2 0 0	5 0 0	.	7 0 0	1 4 1	5 11 1	
Peria Chatram	Do.	3	21	..	D	2 0	1 0 0	..	3 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	1 0 0	
Ranga Reddi, Kattubadidar.	Do.	4	31, 32 & 33	..	W	7 50	7 0 0	..	..	7 0 0	..	..	
Ramaswami Ayyar ..	Do.	..	40	..	D	2 5	0 6 0	.	..	0 6 0	..	7 0 0	
Maniyam Ramaswami Ayyar.	Do.	6	37	..	D	3 50	4 0 0	..	..	4 0 0	..	0 6 0	
Karnam Virappa Pillai ..	Do.	7	38	..	D	5 0	5 0 0	..	..	5 0 0	..	4 0 0	
Toti Sellan	Do.	8	3	..	D	7 6	6 3 0	..	..	6 3 0	..	5 0 0	
Talaiyari Raman	Do.	9	34 & 35	..	D	3 63	3 2 0	..	4 2 0	7 4 0	..	6 3 0	
Dasabandham	Do.	5	7	B	W	5 24	..	6 9 0	..	6 9 0	1 10 2	7 4 0	
Blacksmith	Do.	..	16	..	D	0 41	..	..	0 15 0	0 15 0	..	4 14 10	
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	40 62	29 3 0	12 12 0	8 1 0	50 0 0	6 3 0	43 13 0	
Srinivasa Kavandan ..	Penal charge for water.	1	1	E	D	1 12	..	..	1 9 0	1 9 0	..	1 9 0	
		..	41	..	W	0 50	..	..	2 0 0	2 0 0	..	2 0 0	
Ayyaswami Kavandan ..	Do.	2	7	A	D	0 67	..	..	1 12 0	1 12 0	..	1 12 0	
		..	1	A	D	0 50	..	..	0 9 0	0 9 0	..	0 9 0	
Blacksmith	Do.	..	16	..	D	0 41	..	..	0 7 0	0 7 0	..	0 7 0	
Ramaswami Kavandan ..	Do.	..	15	..	P	9 15	..	..	0 3 0	0 3 0	..	0 3 0	
	Total ..		..	..	..	3 35	..	..	6 8 0	6 8 0	..	6 8 0	
Ayyaswami Kavandan ..	Sivayijama cultivation.	..	17	..	D	2 55	5 2 0	..	..	5 2 0	..	5 2 0	

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Ramaswami Kavandan ..	Poramboke cultivation.	..	15	..	P	0 25	0 8 0	..	0 5 0	2 13 0	0 2 0	2 11 0
	Enhanced charge ..	..	..	..	..	..	2 0 0	..	..			
Solai Subbaraya Kavandan.	Poramboke cultivation.	..	25	..	P	0 28	0 9 0	..	..	2 13 0	..	2 13 0
	Enhanced charge ..	..	..	..	..	..	2 4 0	..	..			
	Total ..		..	..	..	0 53	5 5 0	..	0 5 0	5 10 0	0 2 0	5 8 0
Ranga Reddi	Tree-tax	..	15	..	P	..	0 1 9	..	..	0 1 9	..	0 1 9
Ramakrishna Kavandan ..	Do.	..	15	..	P	..	0 1 9	..	..	0 1 9	..	0 1 9
Raghava Kavandan ..	Do.	..	18	B	P	..	0 3 6	..	..	0 3 6	..	0 3 6
Venkatachala Kavandan ..	Do.	..	25	..	P	..	0 3 9	..	..	0 3 9	..	0 3 9
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	0 10 9	..	..	0 10 9	..	0 10 9
Ayyaswami Kavandan ..	Tope rent	..	39	..	D	..	25 0 0	..	..	25 0 0	..	25 0 0
Srinivasa Kavandan ..	Rent of scattered trees.	..	26	..	P	..	5 0 0	..	..	5 0 0	..	5 0 0
Do. ..	Value of trees on darkhast lands.	..	1	D	D	..	3 5 0	..	..	3 5 0	..	3 5 0

Abstract.

	Actual cultivation.	Other occupation.	Extent.	Assessment and other charges.
	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	RS. A. P.
1. Quite-rent on minor inams			34·97	29 3 0
2. Charge for water on minor inams			2·78	5 1 0
3. Penal water charge on minor inams and other lands			0.41	0 7 0
			2·94	6 1 0
4. Assessed and unassessed lands occupieid with or without application but not included in holdings.	2·55	..		5 2 0
5. Occupation of poramboke land—				
(i) (a) Ordinary assessment	0·43	0·10		1 1 0
(b) Enhanced charge	..	..		4 4 0
(ii) Water-rate (ordinary)	0·15	..		0 3 0
6. Water on charge for achukattu cultivation	..	2·41		6 10 0
7. Revenue from taxes on trees and tope rents	..	..		0 10 9
8. Other items	..	.		..
			Total ..	68 3 9

No. 8—*Cancelled.*

No. 8-A.—Statement of lands irrigated or charged as irrigated under the in the village of taluk of , district of for fasli 13 .

Items. (1)	Extent. (2)		Assessment or charge for water. (3)	Remarks. (4)
GOVERNMENT.	ACS.	C.	RS. P.	
1. (a) Occupied Government wet including registered "double crop" and "compounded wet".	..	..		
(b) Occupied inam wet, including single crop and double crop	..	..		
2. Actual cultivation on wet (first crop only) .. (a) Flow ..	..	..		
(b) Lift ..	..	..		
3. Wet waste (whether remitted or charged)	..	..		
4. Second irrigated crop on "single crop" wet land (a) Flow ..	..	..		
(b) Lift ..	..	..		
5. Second irrigated crop on "double crop" and "compounded wet" lands .. .. (a) Flow	..	..		
(b) Lift ..	..	..		
6. First irrigated crop on "dry" .. .. .. (a) Flow ..	..	..	Nil.	
(b) Lift ..	..	..		
7. Second irrigated crop on "dry" .. .. .. (a) Flow ..	..	..		
(b) Lift ..	..	..		
8. Area on which irrigated crops stand through both seasons	..	..		
9. Wet waste remitted	..	..		
10. Amount of remissions other than "waste"	..	..		
11. Miscellaneous revenue	..	..		
11. (a) Assessment on poramboke	..	..		
11. (b) Enhanced water cess and water-rate on poramboke	..	..		
(c) Any other item of revenue due to irrigation not covered by other items.	..	..		

No. 8-B.—Statement of lands irrigated or charged as irrigated under the in the village of , taluk of , district of for fasli 13

Items. (1)	Extent. (2)		Assessment or charge for water. (3)	Remarks. (4)
GOVERNMENT.	ACS.	C.	RS. P.	
1. (a) Occupied Government wet including registered "double crop" and "compounded wet".				
(b) Occupied inam wet, including single crop and double crop				
2. Actual cultivation on wet (first crop only)				
3. Wet waste (whether remitted or charged)				
4. Second irrigated crop on "single crop" wet land				
5. Second irrigated crop on "double crop" and compounded wet lands ..				
6. First irrigated crop on "dry"				
7. Second irrigated crop on "dry"				
8. Wet waste remitted				
9. Amount of remissions other than "waste"				
10. Miscellaneous revenue				

INSTRUCTIONS.

GOVERNMENT.

ITEM 1 (*a*).—Columns (2) and (3) should be posted from columns (3) and (4) respectively of the total given for "Government wet" under each source in statement No. 2.

ITEM 1 (*b*).—Column (2) should be posted from coulmn (3) of the total given for "inam wet" under each source *in statement* No. 2. Column (3) should be left blank.

ITEM 2.—Column (2) should be posted from colum (9) of the total above stated; column (3) should be left blank.

ITEM 3.—The difference between items 1 and 2 is item 3. Columns (3) should be left blank.

ITEM 4.—Columns (2) and (3) should be posted from colums (11) and (13) respectively of statement No. 6.

ITEM 5.—Column (2) should be posted from coloumn (14) of statement No 2.

ITEM 6.—Columns (2) and (3) should be posted from columns (6) and (8) respectively of statement No. 6.

ITEM 7.—Should be posted from colums (11) and (13) of statement No. 6.

ITEM 8.—Should be posted from columns (3) and (4) of statement No. 5. Part II.

ITEM 9.—Column (3) should be posted from statement No. 5, Parts II and III. All fixed and occacional remissions should be show against this item.

ITEM 10.—Penal water-rate, water-rate on poramboke cultivation, etc., should be shown against this item under column (3). Column (2) should be left blank.

NOTE.—Under all items but 1 (*a*) and 1 (*b*) all lands, both Government and minor inam, are to be included.

No. 9.—Statement of local and special funds other than those collected on ryotwari lands and also local and special funds levied on unrelinquished eroded lands and charge for water for achukattu cultivation in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Serial number. (1)	Individual. Name. (2)	Assessment upon which land cess is calculated. Extent. (3)	Assessment. (4)	Faslijasti. (5-a)	Water-rate payable. (5-b)	Total assessment and water-rate. (6)	Land cess. (7)	Remarks. (8)
		ACS. C.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
	Inames.							
1	Krishnaswami temple	2 0	2 0 0	1 3 0	5 10 0	8 13 0	0 8 10	
2	Sankarachari matam	2 0	15 0 0	..	..	15 0 0	0 15 0	
3	Narasimhaswami temple	2 23	10 1 0	5 0 0	..	15 1 0	0 15 1	
4	Peria chatram	2 0	10 0 0	..	..	10 0 0	0 10 0	
5	Ranga Reddi, kattubadidar	7 50	45 8 0	..	..	45 8 0	2 13 6	
6	Ramaswami Ayyar	2 5	4 2 0	..	..	4 2 0	0 4 1	
7	Dasabandham, Nagasundaram Tangal	2 24	23 9 0	6 9 0	..	30 2 0	1 14 2	
8	Maniyam Ramaswami Ayyar	3 50	7 0 0	..	..	7 0 0	0 7 0	
9	Karnam Virappa Pillai	5 0	10 0 0	..	..	10 0 0	0 10 0	
10	Toti Sellan	7 6	10 9 0	..	..	10 9 0	0 10 7	
11	Talaiayri Raman	3 63	6 1 0	..	4 2 0	10 3 0	0 10 2	
12	Carpenter	0 46	0 11 0	..	..	0 11 0	0 0 8	
13	Blacksmith	0 45	0 14 0	..	0 15 0	1 13 0	0 1 10	
		40 12	145 7 0	12 12 0	10 11 0	168 14 0	10 8 11	
	Poramboke and sivayijama cultivation.							
1	Ayyaswami Kavandan	2 55	5 2 0	..	..	5 2 0	0 5 1	
2	Ramaswami Kavandan	0 25	0 8 0	..	0 5 0	0 13 0	0 0 10	
3	Solai Subraya Kavandan	0 28	0 9 0	..	..	0 9 0	0 0 7	
		3 8	6 3 0	..	0 5 0	6 1 0	0 6 6	
	Achukattu cultivation.							
1	Venkatachala Kavandan	2 41	6 10 0	..	..	6 10 0	0 6 8	

Unrelinquished eroded ryotwari lands—Nil.

No. 10—Section I.—Settlement Register for the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Year and particulars.	Field number and sub-division.	Dry. Extent.	Dry. Assessment.	Wet. Extent.	Wet. Assessment.	Total assessment.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
		ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	RS. A.	
				1. Srinivasa Kavandan (Agriculturist).			
Fasli 1334.							
Fields in the holding.	1-B	1 63	2 7	..	..	2 7	Transferred to single crop wet—taram 6, Assessment Rs. 7—5—0—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 8 of No. 7 register of fasli 35, dated 17th July 1925.
	1-E	1 48	2 4	..	..	2 4	
	12-B	..	..	3 16	15 13	15 13	This was subdivided into— RS. A. P. B/1 0·24 .. .. 1 3 0 and—B/2 2·92 .. .. 14 10 0 and—B/1 was transferred to 2. Ayyaswami Kavandan—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 100 of No. 6 register (Section I) of fasli 35, dated 21st July 1925.
	13-A	..	..	2 95	14 12	14 12	Transferred to double crop and assessed at Rs. 16—10—0—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 5 of No. 7 register of fasli 35, dated 22nd January 1926.
	13—B/1	..	..	0 67	3 5	3 5	
	19-A	..	..	0 61	3 1	3 1	
	29	..	..	0 19	1 2	1 2	Transferred to 2, Ayyaswami Kavandan—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 110 of No. 6 register (Section I) of fasli 35, dated 30th August 1925.
	3	..	..	0 14	0 13	0 13	
	41	..	..	1 75	7 0	7 0	
Total ..	..	3 11	4 41	9 47	45 14	50 9	
Fasli 1335.							
Deduct—							
(1) Transferred to 2. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	12-B/1	..	..	0 24	1 3	1 3	
(2) Transferred to waste.	29	..	..	0 19	1 2	1 2	
(3) Transferred to double crop.	1-B	1 66	2 7	..	..	2 7	
	13-A	..	..	2 95	14 12	14 12	
Total ..	..	1 63	2 7	3 38	17 1	13 8	
Balance ..	..	1 48	2 4	6 9	28 13	21 1	
Add—							
(1) Lands taken upon darkhast.	1-D	1 64	2 7	..	..	2 7	*Vide* Tahsildar's order No. 4 of No. 4 register of fasli 35, dated 3rd August 1925.
	43	2 17	2 11	..	..	2 11	*Vide* Tahsildar's order No. 1 of No. 4 register of fasli 35, dated 30th July 1925.
(2) Sold by order of court and purchased by Srinivasa Kavandan.	18-C	..	..	0 40	2 0	2 0	*Vide* Tahsildar's order No. 220 of No. 5 register (Section II) for fasli 35, dated 14th October 1935.
(3) Transferred from 3. Karinarayana Kavandan.	12-C/1	0 53	1 1	..	..	1 1	*Vide* Tahsildar's order No. 480 of No. 6 register (Section I) of fasli 35, dated 30th November 1925.
(4) Transferred to waste..	1-B	..	..	1 63	7 5	7 5	
(5) Transferred to double crop.	13-A	..	..	2 95	16 10	16 10	
Total ..	..	4 34	6 3	4 98	25 15	32 2	
Total occupation ..	..	5 82	8 7	11 7	54 12	63 3	

No. 10—Section I.—Settlement Register for the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Year and particulars.	Field number and sub-division.	Dry. Extent.	Dry. Assessment.	Wet. Extent.	Wet. Assessment.	Total assessment.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
		ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	RS. A.	
				2. *Ayyaswami Kavandan (Agriculturist).*			
Fasli 1334. Fields in the holding.	1-A 1-C	10 40	15 10	..	..	15 10	All lands und r under cultivation by tenant.
	—	1 69	2 9	..	..	2 9	
	1 1-F	5 25	7 14	..	..	7 14	Relinquished in fasli 1335—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 1 of No. 5 register of fasli 35, dated 28th July 1925.
	7-A	..	..	1 96	8 13	8 13	Transferred to dry fifth taram and assessed at Rs. 2—15—0—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 9 of No. 7 register of fasli 35, dated 17th July 1925.
	9	..	..	3 23	18 2	18 2	
	10	..	..	0 30	1 8	1 8	
	12-A	..	..	0 78	3 14	3 14	
	13-B — 2	..	..	0 66	3 5	3 5	Transferred to double crop and assessed at Rs. 3—12—0 *vide* Tahsildar's order No. 16 of No. 7 register of fasli 35 dated 24th August 1925.
	17	2 55	5 2	..	..	5 2	Sold for arrears of revenue and bought in by Government—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 444 Gl. of 25 dated 27th June 1925.
	19-B	..	..	1 33	8 5	8 5	Transferred to single crop and assessed at Rs. 6—10—0- *vide* Tahsildar's order No. 15 of No. 7 register of fasli 35, dated 22nd August 1925.
	20	..	..	0 10	0 8	0 8	Taken up for public purpose—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 22 of No. 7 register of fasli 35, dated 7th September 1925.
Total	..	19 89	31 3	8 36	44 7	75 10	
Fasli 1335.							
Deduct—							
(1) Land relinquished ..	1-F	5 25	7 14	..	..	7 14	
(2) Sold for arrears of revenue and bought in by Government.	17	2 55	5 2	..	—	5 2	
(3) Taken up for public purposes.	20	..	..	0 10	0 8	0 8	
(4) Transferred to dry ..	7-A	..	..	1 96	8 13	8 13	
(5) Transferred to double crop.	13-B — 2	..	..	0 66	3 5	3 5	
(6) Transferred to single crop.	19-B	..	..	1 33	8 5	8 5	
Total ..	..	7 80	13 0	4 5	20 15	33 15	
Balance ..		12 9	18 3	4 31	23 8	41 11	
Add—							
(1) Lands taken upon darkhast.	4	2 10	3 2	..	..	3 2	*Vide* Tahsildar's order No. 3 of No. 4 register of fasli 35, dated 3rd August 1925.
	44	..	..	2 64	10 9	10 9	*Vide* Tahsildar's order No. 6 of No. 4 register of fasli 35, dated 30th August 1925.
(2) Transferred from I. Srinivasa Kavandan.	12-B — 1	..	..	0 24	1 3	1 3	*Vide* Tahsildar's order No. 25 of No. 6 register (Section I) of fasli 35, dated 30th July 1925.
	29	..	..	0 19	1 2	1 2	*Vide* Tahsildar's order No. 110 of No. 6 register (Section I) of fasli 35, dated 30th August 1925.

No. 10—Section I.—Settlement Register for the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Year and particulars. (1)	Field number and sub-division. (2)	Dry. Extent. (3)	Dry. Assessment. (4)	Wet. Extent. (5)	Wet. Assessment. (6)	Total assessment. (7)	Remarks. (8)
		ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	RS. A.	
2. *Ayyaswami Kavandan (Agriculturist)*—cont.							
Add—cont.							
(3) Sold for arrears of revenue and purchased by Ayyaswami Kavandan.	36	..	..	1 15	8 10	8 10	*Vide* Tahsildar's order No. Gl. 595 of 1925, dated 14th August 1925.
(4) Transferred to dry.	7-A 13-B	1 96	2 15	..	..	2 15	
(5) Transferred to double crop.	— 2	..	..	0 66	3 12	3 12	
(6) Transferred to single-crop.	19-B	..	..	1 33	6 10	6 10	
Total ..		4 6	6 1	6 21	31 14	37 15	
Total occupation ..		16 15	24 4	10 52	55 6	79 10	

No. 10—Section II.—Particulars of settlement in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Number and name of registered holder. (1)	Holdings as per section I. Dry. Extent. (2)	Dry. Assessment. (3)	Wet. Extent. (4)	Wet. Assessment. (5)	Total. Extent. (6)	Total. Assessment. (7)	*Deduct* increment and baling remissions and revenue alienated. (8)	Remainder. (9)	Extra charge as per statement No. 6. (10a)	Charge for water as per statement No. 6. (10b)	Total. (11)
	ACS.	RS. A.	ACS.	RS. A.	ACS.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
1. Srinivasa Kavandan	5·82	8 7	11·7	54 12	16·89	63 3	1 12	61 7	2 6	4 5	68 2
2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	16·15	24 4	10·52	55 6	26·27	79 10	..	79 10	2 0	15 14	97 8
3. Karinarayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	0·21	0 7	1·27	6 6	1·40	6 13	..	6 13	1 11	..	8 8
4. Ranga Reddi and Narayana Reddi.	4·27	6 9	..	..	4·27	6 9	..	6 9	..	..	6 9
5. Solai Subbaraya Kavandan ..	1·88	3 0	..	..	1·88	3 0	..	3 0	..	..	3 0
6. Karuppan	2·00	2 8	..	..	2·00	2 8	..	2 8	..	..	2 8
7. Venkatachala Kavandan	2·41	3 0	..	..	2·41	3 0	..	3 0	..	..	3 0
MISCELLANEOUS PATTA.											
8. Krishnaswami temple	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. Sankarachar madam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Narasimhaswami temple	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Peria chatram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Ranga Reddi, Kattubadidar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Ramaswami Ayyar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Dasabandham	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Maniyam Ramaswami Ayyar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16. Karnam Virappa Pillai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Totti Sellan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18. Talaiyari Raman	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Carpenter	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20. Blacksmith	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Ramaswami Kavandan ..	..	..	..	..			..	..	..	..	..
TREE PATTA.											
22. Ranga Reddi	..	..	..	..	..	..		..			
23. Ramakrishna Kavandan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Raghava Kavandan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Venkatachala Kavandan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
SPECIAL PATTA. (Land held on cowle.)											
26. Srinivasa Kavandan	1·00	1 8	..	..	1·00	1 8	..	1 8	..	..	1 8
Total ..	33·74	49 11	22·86	116 8	56·60	106 3	1 12	164 7	6 1	20 3	190 11

No. 10—Section II.—Particulars of settlement in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335—*cont.*

Number and name of registered holder.	*Deduct* other remissions as per statement No. 5 on lands in holding. (12)	Remainder. (13)	*Add* net miscellaneous revenue as per statement No. 7. (14)	*Add* land-cess on holding (col. II). (15)	*Add* land-cess as per statement No. 9. (16)	*Add* local funds exclusive of land-cess. (17)	Special funds. (18)	Grand total. (19)	Grand total as rounded. (20)
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1. Srinivasa Kavandan	2 6 7	65 11 5	3 9 0	4 4 1	..	..	..	75 8 6	73 9 0
2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	14 7 8	83 0 4	7 7 0	6 1 6	0 5 1	..	..	96 13 11	96 14 0
3. Karinarayana Kavandan and Muniya Kavandan.	0 6 9	3 1 3	..	0 8 6	..	..	..	8 9 9	8 10 0
4. Ranga Reddi and Narayana Reddi.	..	6 9 0	..	0 6 7	..	..	..	6 15 7	7 0 0
5. Solai Subbaraya Kavandan ..	..	3 0 0	2 13 0	0 3 0	0 0 7	..	..	6 0 7	6 1 0
6. Karuppayan	..	2 8 0	..	0 2 6	..	..	..	2 10 6	2 11 0
7. Venkatachala Kavandan ..	..	3 0 0	6 10 0	0 3 0	0 6 8			10 3 8	10 4 0
MISCELLANEOUS PATTA.									
8. Krishnaswami temple	..	..	1 6 3	..	0 8 10	..	..	1 15 1	1 15 0
9. Sankaracharimadam	..	..	..	..	0 15 0	..	..	0 15 0	0 15 0
10. Narasimhaswami temple ..	..	..	5 11 11	..	0 15 1	..	..	6 11 0	6 11 0
11. Peria chatram	..	..	1 0 0	..	0 10 0	..	..	1 13 0	1 10 0
12. Renga Reddi, Kattubadidar ..	..	..	7 0 0	..	2 13 6	..	..	9 13 6	9 14 0
13. Ramaswami Ayyar	..	..	0 6 0	..	0 4 1	..	..	0 10 1	0 10 0
14. Dasabandham	..	..	4 14 10	..	1 14 2	..	..	6 13 0	6 13 0
15. Maniyam Ramaswami Ayyar ..	..	..	4 0 0	..	0 7 0	..	..	4 7 0	4 7 0
16. Karnam Virappa Pillai ..	..	..	5 0 0	..	0 10 0	..	..	5 10 0	5 10 0
17. Totti Sellan	..	..	6 3 0	..	0 10 7	..	..	6 13 7	6 14 0
18. Talaiyari Raman ..	..	..	7 4 0	..	0 10 2	..	..	7 14 2	7 14 0
19. Carpenter	..	..	..	..	0 0 8	..	..	0 0 8	0 0 3
20. Blacksmith	..	..	1 6 0	..	0 1 10	..	..	1 7 10	1 8 0
21. Ramaswami Kavandan ..	..	..	2 14 0	..	0 0 10	..	..	2 14 10	2 15 0
TREE PATTA.									
22. Ranga Reddi	..	..	0 1 9	..	..	..	..	0 1 9	0 2 0
23. Ramakrishna Kavandan ..	..	..	0 1 9	..	..	..	..	0 1 9	0 2 0
24. Raghava Kavandan	..	..	0 3 6	..	..	..	..	0 3 6	0 4 0
25. Venkatachala Kavandan ..	..	..	0 3 9	..	..	..	..	0 3 9	0 4 0
SPECIAL PATTA. (Land held on cowle).									
26. Srinivasa Kavandan	1 8 0 (Cowle remission).	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 1 6	0 1 6
	18 13 0	171 14 0	68 3 9	11 14 8	11 6 1	..	..	263 6 6	263 11 2

Enclosure A to No. 10.—Statement showing the names of deceased registered holders on ryotwari tenure and inamdars and the individuals in whose names the holdings are to be registered in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Deceased registered holders on ryotwari tenure and inamdars.		Date of death.	Heirs to the deceased and their relationship to him and age.	Recommendations of the village officers.	Name of the persons in whose name the registry of the holding is ordered with reasons, if any (the number and date to be noted here).
Patta number, joint or single.	Name.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
5. Single ..	Varada Kavandan ..	13th July 1925.	Solai Subbaraya Kavandan, son, aged 27 and Venkata Kavandan, son, aged 21.	Solai Subbaraya Kavandan being the managing member of the undivided family, the holding may be registered in his name.	Register in the name of Solai Subbaraya Kavandan—Tahsildar's order No. 150 of No. 6 (Section II) register for fasli 1335, dated 23rd August 1925.

Enclosure B *to* No. 10.—*Register of changes in Revenue Registry in* No. 27. Musanur village, Kavali *taluk*, Nellore district.

Survey number and subdivision.	Ryotwari or inam.	Dry, wet, poramboke or unassessed.	xtent.	Number and name of the registered holder or inamdar for ryotwari and inam lands and description of *poramboko in* the case of poramboke.	Fasli year 1917–18 (1327).			Fasli year 1918–19 (1328).			Fasli year 1919–20 (1329).		
					Date of verification and results.	Number and date of village officer's report of change to the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar.	Cur. number in taluk special registers and date of Tahsildar's or Deputy Tahsildar's final order and the number of patta assigned.	Date of verification and results.	Number and date of village officer's report of change to the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar.	Cur. number in taluk special registers and date of Tahsildar's or Deputy Tahsildar's final order and the number of patta assigned.	Date of verification and results.	Number and date of village officer's report of change to the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar.	Cur. number in taluk special registers and date of Tahsildar's or Deputy Tahsildar's final order and the number of patta assigned.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
			ACS.										
1	R.	P.	1·45	Tank-bed	No change. A.B.—7-8-17.	..	..	No change. A.B.—17-9-18.	..	..	No change. A.B.—18-7-19.	..	..
2	R.	W.	0·05	22. Dudekula Musili Sahib. Revised for fasli 1327. 22. Shaik Khasim ..	No change. The registered holder requests that his name may be altered into Shaik Khasim by which he is fairly clearly known. The village officer corroborates this. A.B.—7-8-17.	No. 21, dated 7th August 1917.	Change of name ordered—No. 35 Cur., dated 5th September 1917.	No change. A.B.—17-9-18.	..	..	No change. A.B.—18-7-19.	..	..
3	R.	W.	0·34	98. Varigonda Narasigadu.	No change. A.B.—7-8-17.	..	..	No change. A.B.—22-7-18.	..	..	No change. A.B.—18-7-19.	..	..
4-1	R.	P.	0·41	Tank-bed	There is no subdivision according to the Settlement Register but there are subdivisions in the field measurement book. Both are of the same description—may be clubbed. A.B.—7-8-17.	No. 23, dated 7th August 1917.	Clubbing ordered—No. 48-Cur. dated 3rd September 1917 and Dis. No. 435, dated 8th November 1917.	No change. A.B.—17-9-18.	..	..	No change. A.B.—18-9-19.	..	..
4-2	R.	P.	0·32	Tank-bed .. .. Revised for fasli 1327.									
4	R.	P.	0·73	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

5-1	R.	W.	0·21	77. Pothipoka Khaliji. Do. Kondadu. Revised for fasli 1327. 77. Pothipoka Kondadu.	Pothipoka Kondadu, sole enjoyer Kaliji relinquished her rights in favour of Kondadu five or six years ago. A.B.—7-8-17.	No. 25, dated 7th August 1917.	Kaliji's name ordered to be removed from patta—50-P.T.R., dated 8th September 1917 and Dis. No. 815, dated 19th October 1917.	No change. A.B.—17-9-18.	..	..	No change. A.B.—18-7-19.	..	
2	R.	W.	0·21	79. Vadla Mahalakshmi.	No change, A.B.—7-8-17.	..	..	No change. A.B.—17-9-18.	..	..	No change. A.B.—18-7-19.	..	..
6	I.	W.	4·53	Title-deed No. 455, Varigonda Seshayya.	Varigonda Seshayya. Portion acquired for public purpose this year. A.B.—7-8-17.	7th August 1917 with sketch.	Subdivision and transfer to poramboke ordered—Cur. No. 58-7, Rg. and Dis. No. 256, dated 15th October 1917.	*Subdivision* 1, Gaddam Srinivasayya —sale four months ago, division 2— no change. A.B.—17-9-18.	No. 38, dated 17th Septembers 1918.	Transfer ordered — No. 58-T.R., dated 20th October 1918 and Dis. No. 814, dated 15th November 1918.	No change. A.B.—18-7-19.	..	..
				Revised for fasli 1327.									
1	I.	W.	3·15	Title-deed No. 445, Varigonda Seshayya.									
2	R.	P.	1·88	Donka									
				Revised for fasli 1328.									
1	I.	W.	3·15	Title-deed No. 455, Gaddam Srinivasayya.									
7	I.	W.	4·53	Title-deed No. 255, Varigonda Seshayya.	No change. A.B.—7-8-17.	..	..	No change. A.B.—17-9-18.	..	..	No change. A.B.—18-7-19.	..	..
8	R.	W.	1·47	274. Nambum Krishna Reddi.	No change. A.B.—8-8-17.	..	..	No change. A.B.—19-9-18.	..	..	No change. A.B.—16-8-19.	..	..
9	R.	D	153·13	Waste	Portions are under sivayijama cultivation. Parties have applied for subdivision and assignment of portions in their occupation. They have been measured and sketches submitted on 16th June 1917. A.B.—8-8-17.	8th August 1917 with sketch.	Portions applied for have been treated as separate numbers and assigned—Cur. No. 34-7 Rgr. and Dis. No. 955, dated 9th October 1917.	No change. A.B.—19-9-18.	..	..	No change. A.B.—17-8-19.	..	..
				Revised for fasli 1327 ..									
9	R.	D.	99·48	Waste									
761	R.	D.	8·23	20. Ramudu									
762	R.	D.	7·55	26. Vonkadu									
763	R.	D.	9·50	30. Appigadu									
764	R.	D.	11·05	45. Tummudu									
765	R.	D.	8·40	50. Muthiyalu									
766	R.	D.	8·94	60. Ellayya									
10	R.	D.	1·65	Waste	Portion applied for on darkhast by Revur Vasudevayya. He is cultivating it on sivayijama—No. 35 Dar. A.B.—10-8-17.	12th August 1917 with subdivision sketch.	Subdivision sanctioned and assignment ordered—No. 35, Dar. and Dis. No. 74-R., dated 7th October 1917.	No change, A.B.—20-9-18.	..	..	No change. A.B.—17-8-19.	..	..
				Revised for fasli 1327.									
0-1	R.	D.	1·00	Waste									

Enclosure B to No. 10.—Register of changes in Revenue Registry in No. 27. Musanur village, Kavali taluk, Nellore district—*cont.*

Survey number and subdivision. (1)	Ryotwari inam. (2)	Dry, wet, poramboke or unassessed. (3)	Extent. (4)	Number and name of the registered holder or inamdar for ryotwari and inam lands and description of poramboke in the case of poramboke. (5)	Fasli year 1917–18 (1327). Date of verification and results. (6)	Fasli year 1917–18 (1327). Number and date of village officer's report of change to the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar. (7)	Fasli year 1917–18 (1327). Cur. number in taluk special registers and date of Tahsildar's or Deputy Tahsildar's final order and the number of patta assigned. (8)	Fasli year 1918–19 (1328). Date of verification and results. (9)	Fasli year 1918–19 (1328). Number and date of village officer's report of change to the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar. (10)	Fasli year 1918–19 (1328). Cur. number in taluk special registers and date of Tahsildar's or Deputy Tahsildar's final order and the number of patta assigned. (11)	Fasli year 1919–20 (1329). Date of verification and results. (12)	Fasli year 1919–20 (1329). Number and date of village officer's report of change to the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar. (13)	Fasli year 1919–20 (1329). Cur. number in taluk special registers and date of Tahsildar's or Deputy Tahsildar's final order and the number of patta assigned. (14)
2	R.	D.	0·55	115. Revur Vasudevayya.	Revur Sriramulu has been enjoying sub-division I measuring 2·19 acres for a long time and Revur Ramakrishnayya has been enjoying sub-division 2. By mistake the names were transposed at the time of Settlement. Registry to be altered according to enjoyment. Parties consent. A.B.—10-8-17.	12th August 1917.	Change of registry ordered—No. 55—P.T., dated 3rd September 1917 and Dis. No. 1015, dated 20th November 1917.	No change. A.B.—20-9-18.	..	..	No change. A.B.—18-8-19.	..	..
11-1	R.	W.	2·19	7. Revur Ramakrishnayya. Revised. 353. Revur Sriramulu,									
11-2	R.	W.	1·69	Do. Revised. 7. Revur Ramakrishnayya.									

Enclosure C to No. 10—Section I.—Subsidiary register maintained by the karnam of village of taluk, for fasli for application for transfer of revenue registry referred to him by the Tahsildar.

Serial number.	Survey number and subdivision to which the change relates.	Tahsildar's reference number and date.	Date of receipt by the village officers.	Date of resubmission by the village officers with reports.	Number and date of the Tahsildar's final orders.	Date of receipt of the Tahsildar's orders by the village officers.	Remarks. [Here enter whether the change has been given effect to.]
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Enclosure C to No. 10—Section II.—Subsidiary register maintained by the karnam of village of taluk, for fasli for cases arising from the verification or overcheck of enjoyment entries and cases other than those in Section I.

Serial number,	Survey number and subdivision to which the change relates.	Date of detection of the change.	Date of report of Tahsildar.	Number and date of Tahsildar's orders.	Date of receipt of Tahsildar's orders by village officers.	Remarks. [Here enter whether the change has been given effect to.]
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)

Enclosure D to No. 10.—Karnam's progress report showing the detection of unregistered cases of transfer of revenue registry in the village of taluk, for the month of

Village number and name.	Name of karnam.	Total number of cases in the village.	Total inspected by karnam in the month.	Number inspected up to the month.	Total number of cases requiring changes in the month.	Total number of cases requiring changes up to the month.	Total number of cases reported to the taluk office in the month.	Total number of cases reported up to the month.	Number pending with the karnam.	Number inspected by the karnam up to the inspection of Revenue Inspector.	Number inspected in the month of the Revenue Inspector's inspection.	Total number inspected by the Revenue Inspector.	Percentage of Revenue Inspector's check.	Number inspected by the Tahsildar in the month.	Number inspected by the Tahsildar up to the month.	Number disposed of by the Tahsildar in the month.	Number disposed of by the Tahsildar up to the month.	Number pending in taluk office.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)

G. 11.—Patta granted to one Srinivasa Kavandan in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district.

Monthly kists.

January	25	naye-Paise in the rupee.
February	25	„
March	25	„
April	25	„

The assessment exhibited in the patta must be paid to the monegar according to the kistbandi as per margin, except for cultivation without permission, the charge for which should be paid within 30 days of the imposition of the same being notified to you.

Section I.—Particulars of fields in the holding.

NOTE.—The assessment entered in this patta represents only the commuted value of the Government share of the produce on surface cultivation and the lands are liable to pay an additional assessment if minerals are discovered and worked in them.

Year and particulars.	*Field* number and sub-division.	Dry.		Wet.		Total assess-ment.	Remarks.
		Extent.	Assess-ment.	Extent.	Assess-ment.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
		ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	RS. A.	
		1.—*Srinivasa Kavandan* (*Agriculturist*).					
Fasli 1334.							
Fields in the holding.	1-B	1 63	2 7	..	..	2 7	Transferred to single crop wet, *taram* 6, assessment Rs. 7-5-0—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 25 of No. 7 register of fasli 1335, dated 21st Sep. 1935.
	1-E	1 48	2 4	..	..	2 4	
	12-B	..	..	3 16	15 13	15 13	This was subdivided into B/1 0·24 acre, Rs. 1-3-0 and B/2 2·92 acres, Rs. 14-10-0 and B/1 was transferred to 2. Ayyaswami Kavandan—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 100 of No. 6 register (section i) of fasli 1335, dated 21st July 1925.
	13-A	..	..	2 95	14 12	14 12	Transferred to double crop and assessed at Rs. 16-10-0—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 75 of No. 7 register of fasli 1335, dated 22nd Jan. 1926.
	13-B	..	..	0 67	3 5	3 5	
	1/19-A	..	..	0 61	3 1	3 1	
	29	..	..	0 19	1 2	1 2	Transferred to 2. Ayyaswami Kavandan—*vide* Tahsildar's order No. 110 of No. 6 register section i) of fasli 1335, dated 30th Aug. 1925.
	30	..	..	0 14	0 13	0 13	
	41	..	..	1 75	7 0	7 0	
Total ..	..	3 11	4 11	9 47	45 14	50 9	
Fasli 1335.							
Deduct—							
(1) Transferred to 3. Ayyaswami Kavandan.	12-B	..	..	0 24	1 3	1 3	
	1/29	..	..	0 18	1 2	1 2	
(2) Transferred to wet ..	1-B	1 63	2 7	..	..	2 7	
(3) Transferred to double crop.	13-A	..	..	2 95	14 12	14 12	
Total ..	..	1 63	2 7	3 38	17 1	19 8	
Balance ..	..	1 48	2 4	6 9	28 13	31 1	

No. 11—Section I.—Particulars of fields in the holding—*cont.*

NOTE.—The assessment entered in the patta represents only the commuted value of the Government share of the produce on surface cultivation and the lands are liable to pay an additional assessment if minerals are discovered and worked in them.

Year and particulars.	Field number and sub-division.	Dry.		Wet.		Total assessment.	Remarks.
		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
		ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	RS. A.	
1—*Srinivasa Kavandan (Agriculturist)*—cont.							
Add—							
(1) Lands taken up on darkhast.	1-D	1 64	2 7	..	..	2 7	Vide Tahsildar's order No. 4 of No. 4 register of fasli 1335, dated 3rd Aug. 1925.
	43	2 17	2 11	..	..	2 11	Vide Tahsildar's order No. 1 of No. 4 register of fasli 1335 dated 30th July 1925.
(2) Sold by order of court and purchased by Srinivasa Kavandan.	18-C	..	..	0 40	2 0	2 0	Vide Tahsildar's order No. 220 of No. 6 register (section ii) for fasli 1335, dated 14th Oct. 1925.
(3) Transferred from 3. Karinarayana Kavandan.	12-C/1	0 53	1 1	..	..	1 1	Vide Tahsildar's order No. 480 of No. 6 register (section i) of fasli 1335, dated 30th Nov. 1925.
(4) Transferred to wet ..	1-B	..	..	1 63	7 5	7 5	
(5) Transferred to double crop.	13-A	..	..	2 95	16 10	16 10	
Total ..	..	4 34	6 3	4 98	25 15	32 2	
Total occupation ..	..	5 82	8 7	11 07	54 12	63 3	

Enclosure A to No. 11.—Patta granted to Venkatachala Kavandan, an inhabitant of the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, on account of the demand consisting of miscellaneous items of revenue payable for fasli 1315.

Monthly kists.

January 25 naye-Paise in the rupee.
February 25 „
March 25 „
April 25 „

The following are the particulars of the miscellaneous revenue payable by you amounting to As. 3-9 which you will punctually discharge through the monegar according to the instalments noted in the margin, except for cultivation without permission, the charge for which shall be paid within 30 days of imposition of the same being notified to you :—

NOTE.—The amount entered in this patta represents only the commuted value of the Government share of the produce on surface cultivation and the lands are liable to pay an additional assessment if minerals are discovered and worked in them.

Items. (1)	Amount. (2)	Remarks. (3)
	RS. A. P.	
Tree-tax as per statement No. 7	0 3 9	
Total ..	0 3 9	
Total as rounded ..	0 4 0	

No. 12.—Abstract statement of settlement in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

—	Total holdings.						Deduct waste remitted.					
	Dry.		Wet.		Total.		Dry.		Wet.		Total.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
	ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.			ACS. C.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	RS. A.
Difference	33 74	49 11	22 86	166 8	56 60	166 3	..	..	0 39	2 10	0 39	2 10
Fasli 1335	30 36	47 6	21 18	109 15	51 54	157 5	..	..	0 66	3 12	0 66	3 12
Lastfasli	+ 3 38	+ 2 5	+ 1 68	+ 6 9	+ 5 6	+ 8 14	..	..	— 0 27	— 1 2	— 0 27	— 1 2

—	Remainder charged.																
	Dry.					Wet.						Total.						Total of columns (26) and (27).
	Extent.			Assessment.	Charge for water.	Extent.			Assessment.	Fasli jasti.	Charge for water.	Extent.			Assessment.	Fasli jasti.	Charge for water.	
	Actual cultivation.	Waste charged.	Total.			Actual cultivation.	Waste charged.	Total.				Actual cultivation.	Waste charged.	Total.				
	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(22-a)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(27-a)	(28)
	ACS. C.	ACS. C.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	ACS. C.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	ACS. C.	ACS. C.	ACS. C.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A. P.
Fasli	29 39	4 35	33 74	49 11	19 11	20 26	2 21	22 47	113 14	6 1	0 8	49 65	6 56	56 21	163 9	6 1	20 3	189 13 0
Last fasli	27 16	3 20	30 36	47 6	23 6	18 72	1 80	20 52	106 3	4 13	0 8	45 88	5 0	50 88	153 9	4 13	23 14	182 4 0
Difference	+2 23	+1 15	+3 38	+2 5	—3 11	+1 56	+0 41	+1 95	+7 11	+1 4	..	+3 77	+1 56	+5 33	+10 0	+1 4	—3 11	+7 9 0

No. 12.—Abstract statement of settlement in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335—*cont.*

—	Deduct remissions and deductions as per statement No. 5 other than those for waste and those shown in No. 7 account. (29)	Remainder. (30)	Add net miscellaneous revenue as per statement No. 7. (31)	Total of revenue including miscellaneous revenue. (32)	Local and special funds. Cess. Land cess as per statement No. 10-II. (33-a)	Local and special funds. Cess. Education cess as per statement No. 10-II. (33-b)	Local and special funds. Cess. Land cess as per statement No. 9. (34-a)	Local and special funds. Cess. Education cess as per statement No. 9. (34-b)
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.				
Fasli 1335	17 15 0	171 14 0	68 3 9	240 1 9	....	....	....	....
Last fasli	18 8 0	163 12 0	53 11 0	217 7 0				
Difference	— 0 9 0	+8 2 0	+ 14 8 9	+22 10 0				

—	Local and special funds—*cont.* Cess—*cont.* Total land cess. (35-a)	Total education cess. (35-b)	Irrigation cess and other special funds as per statement No. 10-II. (36-a)	Irrigation cess and other special funds as per statement No. 9. (36-b)	Total. (37)	Total of columns (32) and (35) (land revenue and land cess). (38)	Total of columns (36) and (38) (total beriz). (39)	Total (beriz) rounded as per village account No. 10-II. (40)
					RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Fasli 1335	....	....	....	....	23 4 9	263 4 9	263 6 6	263 11 2
Last fasli	....	....	....	....	22 8 5	239 15 5	239 15 5	240 5 5
Difference	....	....	....	....	+ 0 12 4	+ 23 7 1	+ 23 7 1	25 5 9

No. 13—Chitta of daily collections in the village of in the taluk district for the month of 19

Date of receipt.	Number and name of the registered holder.	By whom paid.	For what fasli.	Land revenue and land cess.			Total.
				(a) Land revenue and land cess excluding items entered in (b).	(b) Other items.		
					Amount.	Description.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

No. 14.—Abstract of collections from each individual in the village of in the taluk, district.

Fasli.	Land revenue and land cess.	Other items.		Remarks.
		Amount.	Description	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)

Enclosure A to No. 14.—Demand, collection and balance statement for the village of Salavai in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

(1)	Fasli. (2)	Fasli 1333. (3)	Fasli 1334. (4)	Current fasli. (5)	Total. (6)	Process-service fees. (7)	Interest. (8)	Special funds. (9)	Remarks. (10)
		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		
Demand	..	37 0 0	40 0 0	263 6 6	340 6 6	2 0 0	4 0 3	..	
Collections.									
1. Srinivasa Kavandan	..	15 0 0	25 0 0	71 2 5	111 2 5	2 0 0	1 11 2	..	
2. Ayyaswami Kavandan	..	20 0 0	8 0 0	96 13 11	124 13 11	..	2 1 5	..	
3. Karinarayana Kavandan, etc.	..	..	4 0 0	8 9 9	12 9 9	..	0 0 10	..	
4. Ranga Reddi, etc.	..	..	..	7 0 0	7 0 0	..	..	..	
5. Solai Subbaraya Kavandan	..	..	..	4 0 0	4 0 0	..	..	..	
6. Karuppan	..	..	..	2 10 6	2 10 6	..	..	..	
7. Venkatachala Kavandan	..	..	..	10 3 8	10 3 8	..	..	..	
8. Krishnaswamy temple	..	..	..	1 15 1	1 15 1	..	..	..	
9. Sankarachar mutam	..	..	..	0 15 0	0 15 0	..	..	..	
10. Narasimhaswami temple	..	..	..	6 11 0	6 11 0	..	..	..	
11. Peria chatram	..	..	..	2 0 0	2 0 0	..	..	..	
12. Ranga Reddi, Kattubadidar	..	..	..	9 13 6	9 13 6	..	..	..	
13. Ramaswami Ayyar	..	..	..	0 10 1	0 10 1	..	..	..	
14. Dasabandham	..	..	..	7 0 0	7 0 0	..	..	..	
15. Maniyam Ramaswami Ayyar	..	..	..	4 7 0	4 7 0	..	..	..	
16. Karnam Veerappa Pillai	..	..	..	5 10 0	5 10 0	..	..	..	
17. Thoti Seshan	..	..	..	6 8 0	6 8 0	..	..	..	
18. Talaiyari Raman	..	..	..	7 6 0	7 6 0	..	..	..	
19. Carpenter	..	..	..	0 0 8	0 0 8	..	..	..	
20. Blacksmith	..	..	..	1 7 10	1 7 10	..	..	..	
21. Ramaswami Kavandan	..	..	..	2 14 10	2 14 10	..	..	..	
22. Ranga Reddi	..	..	..	0 1 9	0 1 9	..	..	..	
23. Ramakrishna Kavandan and	..	..	..	0 1 9	0 1 9	..	..	..	
24. Raghva Kavandan	..	..	..	0 3 6	0 3 6	..	..	..	
25. Venkataswami	..	..	..	0 3 9	0 3 9	..	..	..	
26. Srinivasa Kavandan (special patta) ..	..	..	..	0 1 6	0 1 6	..	..	..	
Irrecoverable arrears written off	..	2 0 0	..	..	2 0 0	..	0 2 6	..	
Total ..	..	37 0 0	37 0 0	258 11 6	332 11 6	2 0 0	3 15 11	..	
Deducted overpayment ..	..	..	..	0 9 5	0 9 5	..	..	..	
Balance ..	..	..	3 0 0	5 4 5	8 4 5	..	0 0 4	..	

Enclosure B to No. 14.—Statement showing the particulars of arrears reported to be irrecoverable in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1315.

Number and name of the individual.	Fasli.	Demand. Distribution of land revenue and land-cess. Land revenue including miscellaneous.	Land cess.	Total.	Collection up to date.	Balance.	Recommendations of the village officers.	Certificate of the Revenue Inspector.	Certificate of the Tahsildar.	Amount recommended by the Tahsildar to be written off.	Order of the Divisional Officer.	Amount decided by the Divisional Officer. Land revenue including miscellaneous.	Land-cess.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.				RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
5. Solai Subbaraya Kavandan.	1315	5 13 0	0 3 7	6 0 7	Collected before the issue of process, 3 0 0 Collected after the issue of process against immovable property, 1 0 0 4 0 0	2 0 7	The property of the defaulter was all sold and there is nothing left to realize the arrears.	There was an arrear of Rs. 3-0-7, for which the lands held on roytwari tenure were sold. Owing to want of proper bids, the lands were bought in by Government for a nominal value of one rupee. The balance of Rs. 2-0-7 could not be recovered as the defaulter has no other property in the village or elsewhere. I have tested all the items mentioned in this statement, by examination of the village accounts and careful enquiry.	I certify that after careful enquiry and after exhausting all forms of process, the amount shown in this statement is found to be irrecoverable. It may be written off the accounts and the lands ordered to be resold at the earliest opportunity.	Land revenue, 1 10 1 and land-cess, 0 6 6	Treat the amount shown in column (11) as irrecoverable and resell the lands at the earliest opportunity giving widest publicity in the village. (Initialled) A.B., *Sub-Collector.*	1 10 1	0 6 6	2 0 7

Enclosure C to No. 14.—Statement showing the details of overpayments realized in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Number and name of the individuals. (1)	Item. (2)	Fasli. (3)	Demand. (4)	Collection. (5)	Over-payments. (6)	In what month the overpayment was made and in what amount included. (7)	In what month the overpayment was refunded or adjusted, and if the former, the method of refund. (8)	Remarks. (9)
			RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.			
Section I.—Adjustable.								
4. Ranga Reddi, etc.	Land revenue and cess.	1335	6 15 7	7 0 0	0 0 5	The overpayment was made in May and is included in the amount of Rs. 22-9-0 remitted into the treasury during the month.	August 1926.	
11. Periya Chatram.	Do.	Do.	1 10 0	2 0 0	0 6 0	(as above)	(as above)	
14. Dasabandam.	Do.	Do.	6 13 0	7 0 0	0 3 0	The overpayment in the third case was made in June and is included in Rs. 15-7-0 remitted into the treasury during the month.	(as above)	
Section II.—Refundable.								
Nil.								
Section III.—Neither adjustable nor Refundable.								
Nil.								

No. 16—Remittance list for the period from 5th to 27th January 1926 of the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Due date of remittance—27th January 1926. Date on which remitted—27th January 1926.

Name and official designation of the person who is taking the remittance. } Toti Sellan.

Items.	For fasli	Amount collected.		Particulars of deductions and remittance.	Amount.	Remarks.
		For this village.	For other villages.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.	
Land revenue, miscellaneous and cess.	1333	2 0 0	..	Payment to village officers—		
	1334	5 0 0	..	Headman	13 0 0	
	1335	57 0 0	3 0 0	Karnam	14 0 0	
Process-fees ..	1335	2 0 0	..	Totis (two)	15 0 0	
Interest	1335	0 4 4	..	Talaiyari	7 8 0	
Price of land sold for arrears of revenue and purchased by Ayyaswami Kavandan.	1335	50 0 0	..	Beriz deductions paid to Srinivasa Acharya, Manager of Krishnaswami temple.	12 0 0	
	Total ..	117 4 4	3 0 0			
				Total ..	61 8 0	
				Amount actually remitted—		
				In notes	..	
				In sovereigns	..	
				In half sovereigns	..	
				In full rupees	56 0 0	
				In half rupees	0 8 0	
				In quarter rupees	1 8 0	
				In two-anna piece	0 10 0	
				In one-anna piece	..	
				In half-anna piece	0 1 0	
				In quarter-anna piece ..	0 1 3	
				In pie piece	0 0 1	
				Total ..	58 12 4	
				Grand total ..	120 4 4	

(Signed) RAMASWAMI AYYAR,
Headman.
(Signed) VIRAPPA PILLAI,
Karnam.

Shroffed and found correct.

Shroff. *Treasury (Nagadi) Gumasta.* *Head Accountant.* *Tahsildar.*

506—19—20

No. 16.—Statement showing the liability of each individual in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1335.

Number and name of the registered holder.	Fasli to which demand appertains.	Items.	Up to the end of January 1926. Kist.	Amount collected or written off.	Advance collections, if any.	Balance.	Up to the end of February 1926. Kist.	Amount collected or written off.	Advance collections, if any.	Balance.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
			RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1 Srinivasa Kavandan	1333	Land revenue, miscellaneous.	15 0 0	15 0 0	..	..	15 0 0	15 0 0	..	..
	1334	Do. ..	25 0 0	15 0 0	..	10 0 0	25 0 0	20 0 0	..	5 0 0
	1335	Do. ..	18 6 0	16 0 0	..	2 6 0	37 10 0	37 0 0	..	0 10 0
2 Ayyaswami Kavandan	1333	Do. ..	20 0 0	13 0 0	..	7 0 0	20 0 0	20 0 0	..	..
	1334	Do. ..	10 0 0	..	..	10 0 0	10 0 0	0 14 8	..	9 1 4
	1335	Do. ..	23 0 0	20 0 0 and so on.	..	3 0 0	45 2 0	44 0 0	..	1 2 0
Total ..	1333	Land revenue, miscellaneous.	37 0 0	30 0 0	..	7 0 0	37 0 0	37 0 0	..	..
	1334	Do. ..	40 0 0	20 0 0	..	20 0 0	40 0 0	25 14 8	..	14 1 4
	1035	Do. ..	66 0 0	60 8 0	4 2 8	9 10 8	130 0 0	129 6 4	2 2 11	2 12 7
			143 0 0	110 8 0	4 2 8	36 10 8	207 0 0	192 5 0	2 2 11	16 13 11
3 Srinivasa Karandan	1334	Interest	0 12 7	0 12 7	..	..	0 12 7	0 12 7	..	..
	1335	Do.	0 12 11	0 12 11	..	..	0 13 9	0 13 9	..	..
	1334	Do.	1 1 5	1 1 5	..	..	1 1 5	1 1 5	..	..
	1335	Do.	0 12 9	0 12 9 and so on.	..	..	0 14 1	0 14 1	..	..
Total ..	1334	Interest	1 14 0	1 14 0	..	..	1 14 0	1 14 0	..	..
	1335	Do.	1 12 3	1 12 3	..	..	1 14 1	1 14 1	..	..
			3 10 3	3 10 3	..	..	3 12 1	3 12 1	..	..
			and so on for other items.							
			Abstract.							
Total ..	1333	Land revenue, miscellaneous.	37 0 0	30 0 0	..	7 0 0	37 0 0	37 0 0	..	..
	1334	Do. ..	40 0 0	20 0 0	..	20 0 0	40 0 0	25 14 8	..	14 1 4
	1335	Do. ..	66 0 0	60 8 0	4 2 8	9 10 8*	135 0 0	129 6 4	2 2 11	7 12 7†
	1334	Interest.	1 14 0	1 4 0	..	..	1 14 0	1 14 0	..	..
	1335	Do.	1 12 3	1 12 3	..	..	1 14 1	1 14 1	..	..
	1335	Process-fees	2 0 0	2 0 0	..	..	2 0 0	2 0 0	..	..

* This amount includes Rs. 2-9-0, the collection of which has been ordered to be suspended temporarily on the ground that its remission is practically certain at the jamabandi. The net recoverable, balance is therefore Rs. 7-1-8.

† This amount includes Rs. 5-2-0, the collection of which has been ordered to be suspended temporarily on the ground that its remission is practically certain at the jamabandi. The not recoverable balance is therefore Rs. 2-10-7.

No. 17.—Interest account of ryots in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli 1315.

Name of individual.	Month.	Balance of arrears at the beginning of the month. Revenue.	Balance of arrears at the beginning of the month. Interest.	Amount collected or written off during the month. Revenue.	Amount collected or written off during the month. Interest.	Balance at the end of the month. Revenue.	Balance at the end of the month. Interest.	Interest charged during the month on the amount of revenue in column (7).	Total interest due at the end of the month.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
	Section I.—Land Revenue and Cess.								
1. Srinivasa Kavandan.	1905.								
	July	40 0 0	0 12 7	4 10 0	0 12 7	35 6 0	..	0 2 10	0 2 10
	August	35 6 0	0 2 10	..	..	35 6 0	0 2 10	0 2 10	0 5 8
	September ..	35 6 0	0 5 8	6 10 4	0 5 8	28 11 8	..	0 2 8	0 2 8
	October	28 11 8	0 2 3	..	..	28 11 8	0 2 3	0 2 8	0 4 6
	November ..	28 11 8	0 4 6	8 8 6	0 4 6	20 3 2	..	0 1 7	0 1 7
	December ..	20 8 2	0 1 7	5 3 2	0 1 7	15 0 0	..	0 1 2	0 1 2
	1906.								
	January	15 0 0	0 1 2	5 0 0	0 1 2	10 0 0	..	0 0 10	0 0 10
	February	10 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 0	..	0 0 5	0 0 5
	March	5 0 0	0 0 5	..	..	5 0 0	0 0 5	0 0 5	0 0 10
	April	5 0 0	0 0 10	5 0 0	0 0 10	..	..	..	..
		..	..	40 0 0	1 11 2	..	..	0 14 7	..
2. Ayyasami Kavandan.	1905.								
	July	30 0 0	1 1 5	2 14 7	1 1 5	27 1 5	..	0 2 2	0 2 2
	August	27 1 5	0 2 2	..	..	27 1 5	0 2 2	0 2 2	0 4 4
	September ..	27 1 5	0 4 4	4 1 5	0 4 4	23 0 0	.	0 1 10	0 1 10
	October	23 0 0	0 1 10	1 14 2	0 1 10	21 1 10	..	0 1 8	0 1 8
	November ..	21 1 10	0 1 8	1 1 10	0 1 8	20 0 0	..	0 1 7	0 1 7
	December ..	20 0 0	0 1 7	..	..	20 0 0	0 1 7	0 1 7	0 3 2
	1906.								
	January	20 0 0	0 3 2	3 0 0	0 3 2	17 0 0	..	0 1 4	0 1 4
	February	17 0 0	0 1 4	7 14 8	0 1 4	9 1 4	..	0 0 9	0 0 9
	March	9 1 4	0 0 9	2 1 4	0 0 9	7 0 0	..	0 0 7	0 0 7
	April	7 0 0	0 0 7	..	..	7 0 0	0 0 7	0 0 7	0 1 2
	May	7 0 0	0 1 2	5 0 0	0 1 2	2 0 0	..	0 0 2	0 0 2
	June	2 0 0	0 0 2	..	..	2 0 0	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 4
		..	..	28 0 0	1 15 8	..	..	0 14 7	..

*Section II.—Special Funds—*Nil.

Specimen form of receipt.

No. 18.—*Specimen of receipt granted to pattadar in acknowledgment of sums paid by him on account of the revenue of lands held in*

village, taluk, district, for fasli

Month and date.	Name of the pattadar and by whom paid if not by the registered holder.	Amount paid for what year or fasli.	Patta number.	Survey number and sub-divisions.	Amount collected in Rs P. under									Total amount collected.		Signature of the Village Head-man and Karnam.	Remarks.
					Assessment due for each survey number as entered in the A register.	Tirvai jasti.	Fasli jasti.	Penal water charge.	Tax on trees.	Assessment on occupation of unoccupied dry lands and other items of miscellaneous revenue.	Land cess as per sections 74-B and 78 of the Tamil Nadu Local Boards Act.	Education cess as per Tamil Nadu Elementary Education Act.	Penal assessment levied as per Land Encroachment Act.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		(16)	(17)
														RS.	P.		
													Total..				

FORM No. 1.

(*See* rule 2 of the rules relating to the registration of vital statistics in rural areas.)

No. 19—Section I.—*Register of Births during the year in village of taluk of district.*

Annual number.	Monthly number.	Date of		Particulars of the child.				Name and residence of parents to whom the child is born.			Age of mother at confinement.	Number of the live birth.	Particulars of the informant.			Signature or mark of the informant if the information is given orally.	Signature of the Registrar.	Remarks.
		Birth.	Registration.	Male.	Female.	Nationality and caste.	Name (if any).	Father's name.	Mother's name.	Residence.			Name.	Description.	Residence.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)

NOTE.—(1) If a child is born dead, the entries should be made in red ink without being given any serial numbers and such cases should be excluded from the totals in the compilation of the returns.

(2) In making the entries in column (7), it should be stated whether the child born is a Hindu and if so of which caste and sub-caste or a Muhammadan or an Indian or of any other religion or an Anglo-Indian or a European British subject or a foreigner and if so, of what nationality.

(3) In the case of illegitimate births, the word "Illegitimate" should be entered in the remarks column and no person's name should be entered as that of the father except as provided in the second proviso to section 8 of the Madras Registration of Births and Deaths Act, 1899.

FORM No. 2.

(*See* rule 2 of the rules relating to the registration of vital satistic.)

No. 19—Section II,—*Register of deaths during the year in village of taluk of district.*

Annual number.	Monthly number.	Date of		Particulars relating to the deceased.																									Particulars of the informent.			Signature or mark of the informant if the information be given orally.	Signature of the Registrar.	Remarks. (Note in this column the exact cause of death in case of the deaths registered under all other causes.)
						Age.					Case of death.																							
		Death.	Registration.	Name with the names of both the parents.	Residence at the time of death	Year.	Months.	Days.	Male or female.	Nationality and caste.	Born dead.	All maternal deaths occurring during child birth or within one month thereof.	Cholera.	Plague.	Hydrophobia.	Cerebro-spinal meningitis.	Diphtheria.	Smallpox.	Measles.	Other fevers.	Respiratory diseases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Suicides.	Wounds and accidents.	Snake-bites.	Killed by wild beasts.	All other causes.	Name.	Description.	Residence.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)

NOTE.—(1) If a child is born dead, the entries should be made in red ink without being given any serial numbers and such cases should be excluded from the totals in the compilation of the returns.

(2) In making the entries in column (11) it should be stated whether the person deceased was a Hindu, and if so of which caste and sub-caste or a Muhammadan or an Indian Christian or any other religion of an Anglo-Indian or a European British subject or a foreigner and if so, of what nationality.

FORM No. 3.

(See Rule 3 of the rules relating to the registration vital statistics.)

Number of village as per census village statistics book. ______

including railway station

No. 19-A.—*Return of Births and Deaths registered in the village of limits during the month of* 19 .

In each class. Nationality and religion. (1)	Births. Male. (2)	Births. Female. (3)	Births. Total. (4)	Deaths. Male. (5)	Deaths. Female. (6)
European British subjects	..	..	..	..	..
Foreigners	..	..	..	..	..
Anglo-Indians	..	..	..	..	..
Indian Christians	..	..	..	..	..
Hindus	..	..	..	..	..
Muhammadans	..	..	..	..	..
Other classes					
Total births					
Total deaths ..					

REMARKS—

From each cause. Causes. (7)	Deaths. Male. (8)	Deaths. Female. (9)
Cholera		
Smallpox: Under one year		
Smallpox: One year and upwards but under ten years.		
Smallpox: Ten years and upwards		
Plague		
Fevers		
Dysentery and diarrhoea		
Respiratory diseases		
All maternal deaths occurring during child-birth or within one month thereof.		
Suicides		
Wounds and accidents		
Snake-bites		
Killed by wild beasts		
Hydrophobia		
All other causes		
Total deaths ..		
	Male,	Female.
Still-births ..		

At different ages. Age periods. (10)	Deaths. Male. (11)	Deaths. Female. (12)
Under one week		
One week and upwards but under one month.		
One month and upwards but under six months.		
Six months and upwards but under one year..		
Total under one year		
One year and upwards but under five years ..		
Five years and upwards but under ten years..		
Ten years and upwards but under fifteen years.		
Fifteen years and upwards but under twenty years.		
Twenty years and upwards but under thirty years.		
Thirty years and upwards but under forty years.		
Forty years and upwards but under fifty years.		
Fifty years and upwards but under sixty years.		
Sixty years and upwards		
Total deaths ..		

NOTE.—Still-births should be excluded both from births and deaths.

Signature of Registrar ______

Designation ______

Initials of the Health Inspector ______

Statement showing the number of confinements in each age group of the mother, in each order of live birth in the village of *taluk*

district *for the month of* 19 .

Age-groups of mothers at confinements.	Order of live birth. 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	Above 15 specify in each case the actual order of live birth.	Total number of confinements in each age-group.
12 years and under 15 years																	
15 ,, 20 ,, ...																	
20 ,, 25 ,, ...																	
25 ,, 30 ,, ...																	
30 ,, 35 ,, ...																	
35 ,, 40 ,, ...																	
40 ,, 45 ,, ...																	
45 years and above (specify the actual age at confinements of mother).																	
Total number of confinements in each order of live birth.																	

Date Initials of Health Inspector. Signature of Registrar.

No. 19-D.—*Nominal list of all unprotected children in the village of Salavadi, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district for the calendar year 1925.*

Serial number.	Serial number in the Register of births.	Name of unprotected children (including those born in other villages).	Sex.	Date of birth or age.	Name of parent or guardian.	Caste or race.	Name of the street and door number in the case of towns and the name of the hamlet in the case of villages.	To be filled in by the vaccinator. Date of vaccination.	To be filled in by the Health Inspector. Results. Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Absent.	Remarks (note here death or removal from village and the nature of vaccination—primary, secondary and re-vaccination).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1	..	Kuppan	M.	8 years.	Raman	Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe.	Salavadi ..	23-7-25	3	1	..	R.V.
2	1	Govindan	M.	16-1-25	Ramaswami kavandan	Hindu ..	No. 58, Car Street.	23-7-25	4	2	..	S.V.
3	2	Hussain	M.	23-1-25	Esuff Sahib ..	Muhammadam.	N. 13, East Street.	23-7-25	3	3	..	S.V.
4	3	Thayammal	F.	6-2-25	Govinda Chetti ..	Hindu ..	No. 5, Kandappa Mudali Street.	23-7-25	3	1	..	P.V.
5	4	Asirvatham	M.	19-2-25	Mariya Pillai ..	Native Christian.	No. 28, Church Street.	23-7-25	3	2	..	P.V.
6	5	Not named	F.	14-3-25	Ramaswami Ayyar ..	Brahman ..	No. 19, South Brahman Street.	23-7-25	3	1	..	R.V.
7	6	Ponnuswami	M.	15-3-25	Krishnaswami Pillai..	Hindu ..	No. 21, Kandappa Mudali Street.	....	..	..	..	Removed to Chidambaram in the first week of July 1925.
8	7	Khader Khan	M.	23-3-25	Muhammad Hussain.	Muhammadan.	No. 19, East Street.	....	..	..	..	Removed to Tanjore on 12th May 1925.
9	..	Muniswami	M.	3 years.	Kuttiya Kavandan ..	Hindu ..	No. 3, Car Street ..	23-7-25	4	2	..	S.V.
10	8	Ramakrishnan ..	M.	3-4-25	Subba Ayyar ..	Brahman ..	No. 10, South Brahman Street.	23-7-25	3	3	..	S.V.

NOTE.—Each case should be distinguished as primary vaccination or secondary vaccination or re-vaccination by noting in column (13), the letters P.V. (Primary Vaccination) or S.V. (Secondary Vaccination) or R.V. (Re-vaccination).

No. 19—Section III.—*Register of mortality except from natural decay, accidents and slaughtering among cattle horses, asses and mules in Salavadi village Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district during* 1925.

Date of death.	Name of owner.	Description of the animal, i.e., whether cow, bullock, buffalo, young stock, etc., or horses, ass or mule.	Number of deaths from. Contagious diseases. Rinderpest.	Anthrax.	Malignant sorethroat.	Black quarter or quarter-ill or evil.	Epizootic aphtha or foot-and-mouth disease.	Surra.	Other contagious diseases.	Total.	Non-contagious causes. Snake-bite.	Wild animals.	Criminal poisoning.	All other causes except natural decay, accidents and slaughtering.	Total.	Grand total [columns (11) and (16)].	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
3rd Jan. 1925 ..	Solai Subraya Kavandan	Bullock	1	..	..	..		..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	
28th Jan. 1925 ..	Ramaswami Kavandan ..	Young stock ..	..	1	..	..		..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	
18th Feb. 1925 ..	Viraswami Ayyar	Cow	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	
15th Mar. 1925 ..	M. K. Venkataswami Reddy.	Young stock ..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	1	
						and so on.											
		Total for the year ..	5	1	1	..	1	..	..	8	2	3	..	..	5	13	

No. 19—Section III-A.—*Statement showing the mortality except from natural decay accident and slaughtering among cattle, horses, asses and mules in the village of Salavadi, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district during the month of July* 1925.

Total stock by the latest census. ..	Number of cattle—159.	Number of horses—2.		Number of asses and mules—6.
Causes of death.	Number of deaths among			Remarks.
	Cattle.	Horses.	Asses and mules.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
I. DEATHS FROM CONTAGIOUS DISEASES—				
(*a*) Rinderpest	4	..	..	
(*b*) Anthrax	..	..	..	
(*c*) Malignant sore-throat	1	..	..	
(*d*) Black-quarter or quarter ill	..	..	..	
(*e*) Epizootic aphtha or foot-and-mouth disease ..	..	..	..	
(*f*) Surra	..	..	..	
(*g*) All other contagious diseases	..	..	..	
Total ..	5	..	..	
II. DEATHS FROM NON-CONTAGIOUS CAUSES—				
1. Snake-bite	..	..	..	
2. Wild animals	1	..	..	
3. Criminal poisoning	..	..	..	
4. All other causes except natural decay, accidents and slaughtering.	..	..	..	
Total ..	1	..	..	
Grand Total ..	6	..	..	

No. 20.—*Statement of rainfall and water-supply in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for the month of September* 1925.

Month and date.	Rainfall in inches.	Water-supply in each source and consumption during each month.					Remarks.
		Name of source.	Naga-samudram tangal.	Big tank.	Small tank.	River.	
		Capacity.	3 months.	3 months.	3 months.	..	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Balance at the end of August.	..	..	¼	¼	..	..	....
Supply during the month ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	State of season—Good.
30th August 1925	1½	..	10 days.	10 days.	5 days.	1½ feet.	State of standing crops—Good.
14th September 1925 ..	1½	..	15 ,,	15 ,,	10 ,,	1½ ,,	....
25th September 1925 ..	¾	..	5 ,,	5 ,,	..	½ foot.	Health of people and cattle—Good.
Total ..	3½	..	1½	1¼	½	..	
Consumption during the month ..			1	1	½	..	
Balance ..			¼	¼	..	..	

October 1925.

Month and date.	Rainfall in inches.	Name of source.	Naga-samudram tangal.	Big tank.	Small tank.	River.	Remarks.
Previous month's balance ..	..	..	¼	¼	..	..	State of season—Good.
Supply during the month ..	..	..	..	..	.	..	State of standing crops—Good.
26th September 1925 ..	½	..	..	..	..	..	Health of the people and cattle—Generally good.
11th October 1925	½	..	5 days.	5 days.	..	.	There were two attacks of cholera and one death during the month.
12th October 1925	1	..	10 ,,	10 ,,	5 days.	..	
15th October 1925	3½	..	1½ months.	1½ months.	15 ,,	2 feet.	
17th October 1925	1	..	10 days.	10 days.	5 ,,	..	
18th October 1925	¾	..	5 ,,	5 ,,	..	..	
Total ..	7	..	2½ months.	2½ months.	25 days.	..	
Consumption during the month			1	1	20 days.	..	
Balance ..			1½ months.	1½ months.	5 days.	..	

No. 21.—*Statement of Agricultural stock in the village of Salavadi, Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli* 1335.

Name of individual or village or tenure in the case of taluk return.	Cattle.									
	Males.					Females.				
	Breeding bulls, i.e., entire males over three years kept or used for breeding purposes.	Working bullocks, i.e., bullocks and uncastrated males over three years kept for work only.	Bulls and bullocks over three years not in use for breeding or work.	Young stock. Under one year.	Young stock. One to three years of age.	Breeding cows, i.e., cows over three years kept for breeding or milk production.	Cows over three years used for work.	Cows over three years not in use for work or breeding purposes.	Young stock. Under one year.	Young stock. One to three years of age.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5a)	(5b)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9a)	(9b)

Buffaloes.											
Males.					Females.						
Breeding bulls, i.e., entire males over three years kept or used for breeding purposes.	Working bullocks, i.e., bullocks and uncastrated males over three years kept for work only.	Bulls and bullocks over three years not in use for breeding or work	Young stock. Under one year.	Young stock. One to three years of age.	Breeding cows, i.e., cows over three years kept for breeding or milk production.	Cows over three years used for work.	Cows over three years not in use for work or breeding purposes.	Young stock. Under one year.	Young stock. One to three years of age.	Sheep.	Goats.
(10)	(11)	(12)	(13a)	(13b)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17a)	(17b)	(18)	(19)

Horse and ponies.							Ploughs.												
Horses.	Mares.	Young stock (colts and fillies) under one year.	Young stock (colts and fillies) 1 to 3 years of age.	Mules.	Donkeys.	Pigs.	Iron.	Wooden.	Carts.	Boats.	Indigo vats.	Sugarcane crushers worked by power.	Sugarcane crushers worked by bullocks.	Tractors.	Oil Engines with pumps for irrigation purposes.	Electric pumps for tube wells.	Oil Mills.	Looms.	Remarks.
(20)	(21)	(22a)	(22b)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)

No. 23.—*Statement showing the number of holdings of various valves held in the village of Salavadi in the Tindivanam taluk, South Arcot district, for fasli* 1335.

Classification of holdings.	Single holdings.				Joint holdings.					Remarks.
	Number of holdings.	Extent of holdings.		Amount.	Number of holdings.	Number of share-holders.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	
		Dry.	Wet.				Dry.	Wet.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
		ACS.	ACS.	RS. A. P.			ACS.	ACS.	RS. A. P.	
Rupee 1 and less	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Rupees 10 and less, but over Re. 1 ..	3	6·29	..	8 8 0	2	4	4·48	1·27	13 6 0	
" 30 " " Rs. 10 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
" 50 " " " 30 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
" 100 " " 50 ..	2	21·97	21·59	142 13 0	..	..	..	..	..	
" 250 " " " 100 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
" 550 " " " 250 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
" 1,000 " " " 500 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Over Rs. 1,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..	5	28·26	21·59	151 5 0	2	4	4·48	1·27	13 6 0	

No. 24.—*Statement showing the production of minerals in mines which do not come under the provision of the Indian Mines Act in the village of Salvadi, Tindivanam taluk, during the calendar year.*

Name or number of mine or excavation or pit.	Output during 19 .			Average number of persons employed daily.				
	Name of mineral worked.	Total amount of mineral worked or each quality or grade separately.	Total value of the mineral at the mine of each quality of grade.	Men.		Women.	Children.	Total.
				Above ground.	Below ground.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLOSING THE VILLAGE CASH ACCOUNTS AND RECONCILING THEM WITH THE TALUK CASH ACCOUNTS.

The following procedure should be observed in all districts annually, in closing the Village Cash Accounts and reconciling them with the Taluk Cash Accounts.

2. To close the Village Cash Accounts it is necessary to ascertain the actual collections and balance for the fasli.

This is done by adjusting the collections to the proper head of credit. This is necessary because there may be either (1) wrong credits, when the amount paid on account of one patta has been erroneously credited to another, or (2) excess credits when the amount credited to one head is in excess of the demand under that head, though there is at the same time a balance under one or more other heads, and may or may not be balanced under the patta as a whole.

Moreover, since the amounts collected from one individual cannot be adjusted towards the balance due by another it is necessary to deduct from the gross collections all overpayments, i.e., amounts paid in excess of the demand under the patta as a whole, in order to ascertain the actual balance to be collected for the village as a whole.

Wrong credits have to be corrected, the amount being transferred to the patta to which the payment really belongs. Excess credits have to be adjusted towards the balance under other heads.

3. The karnam's first business after the close of the fasli, as soon as the demand of the false has been finally settled, is to ge through Village Account No. 10-II which shows the settlement with each ryot. He must see that it is complete and correct in all details, and that all items which may have accrued after the jamabandi have been included and the whole correctly totalled.

Next he should examine Village Account No. 14, satisfy himself that the current demand under Land Revenue, Miscellaneous and Cess tallies which that in Account No. 10-II, that the arrear demands of previous fasli have been correctly entered against each individual, and that the demand under "Interest" agrees with the figures in Account No. 17.

After thus examining the demand he should check the collections in Account No. 14 with those in Account No. 13 to make sure that all receipts entered in No. 13 have been brought to No. 14. He should then total the collections in No. 14 and strike the balance. If there is an overpayment under any head he shoul enter it at the foot in a separate line under the balance line. Where, however, through error in calculating the demand there has been collected from a person who is not a registered holder in village sum differing by not more than ten naye Paise less or more from the amount strictly due, the difference should be ignored, and no attempt should be made to correct the demand. The sum collected should be accepted and passed as the correct demand in the remarks column should be entered and the totals of the "Balance" and "Overpayment" lines for each individual.

Collections remitted to the treasury up to the end of June should alone be included, those made subsequently being brought to the account of the ensuing fasli.

He should then look for wrong credits, excess credits and overpayments. All such credits and payments should be posted in Form A on the following principle. Under "deduct" he should enter (1) all wrong credits, (2) all excess credits and (3) all overpayments. The entire amount of such credits or payments should be entered under the individual and under the head to which they have been credited in Account No. 14. Under "Add" (1) all wrong credits should be entered under the individual to whom they really relate and (2) all excess credits should be entered under the heads under which there is a balance. If the total excess is equal to or greater than the total balance the amount to be entered under "Add" will be in each case the amount of the balance. If the excess is less than the balance it can of course only be adjusted as far as it will go. If there is an actual overpayment (an account paid in excess of the amount due

under the patta as a whole, either after adjustments have been made towards any balances, or in the absence of any such balances) it should be entered in the column headed "Net excess".

4. In posting this form the figures for the fasli to which it relates should be entered first and totalled for the village. Below these should be entered separately fasli by fasli the names of individuals against whom there is any arrear for previous faslis and the amounts outstanding against them.

5. Village Account No. 14-A should then be prepared. The correct demand should be entered from Account No. 14. The collection to be entered under each head are the figures in Account No. 14 *plus* or *minus* as the case may be, the entries under "Add" and "Deduct" respectively in Form A.

The collections under each head should then be totalled, and the difference between the demands and the total collections under each head will be the correct balance for the village under that head.

6. Village Account No. 14-C showing the net overpayment should then be prepared in three sections, the first showing overpaymentc under holding which are to be adjusted towards the demand under the same pattas for the following falsi, the second showing overpayments which cannot be so adjusted and must be refunded in cash (but including under the latter sum of ten naye Paise or less) and the third showing overpayments of ten naye Paise or less. The figures to be entered in column 6 of this account are those in the Column headed "Net" in Form A.

7. The Tahsildar shall then have the Village and Taluk Cash Accounts compared and checked, got Taluk Account Nos. 15-A, 15-C and 17 prepared and have the amounts of overpayments as shown in Village Account No. 14-C entered in Taluk Account No. 15.

He should then have a statement for the taluk prepared in Form A (*see* paragraph 3 above). In this the totals for each village under the various heads under "Add", "Deduct" and "Net Overpayment" should be entered. Grand totals for the taluk should be struck, and these should be entered at the foot of Taluk Accounts No. 15-A. These accounts and statement must be completed before the end of July. Taluk Account No. 15-C should only include amounts which are liable to be refunded or adjusted, i.e., those shown in the first and second sections of Village Account No. 14-C.

8. The Tahslidar shall then take steps to adjust the items which can be adjusted towards the demand of the following fasli and to refund the remainder in cash, as laid down in the Board's Standing Orders.

After comparing and checking the Village and Taluk Cash Accounts, the Tahsildar will submit to the Treasury Deputy Collector the necessary alteration memoranda in T. and A. Form No. 108 in respect of the alteration proposed in the statement in Form A. After the alteration have been approved by the Treasury Deputy Collecter, the Tahsildar will have the necessary alterations made in the Taluk and Village Account.

9. The Tahsildar shall then get the revised D.C.B. statement (Taluk Return No. 2) and Taluk Jamabandi Return No. 7 prepared. These should be submitted to the Collector before the 15th of August. He shall issue the notices prescribed in paragraph 3 of B.S.O. No. 37-A regarding the adjustment of the overpayments towards the old arrears of future kists.

The karnams shall under his orders in Account No. 14 the correct collections, balance and overpayment after adjustment under each head for each individual as entered in Account No. 14-A and Form A. They should also enter the overpayment shown in Account No. 14-C as adjustable in Village Account Nos. 14 and 16 of the succeeding fasli and in the pattadar's receipt as advanced payments.

They shall note in the remarks column of Account No. 14-C that adjustments have been made and the month in which they were made. They shall send the Village Accounts No. 16 for the months in which adjustments have been made to the Taluk Office,

showing the total amount of overpayments adjusted and included in the payments of the month. It is only after the receipt of Village Account No. 14-C that the requisite entries can be made in Taluk Account No. 15 and in the reconciliation memorandum accompanying the D.C.B. statement.

10. Except as prescribed in the foregoing paragraphs no alterations whatever shall be made in any circumstances in the Village or Taluk Accounts except for the correction of mere clerical errors, and even these must be attested by the initials of the Taluk Head Accountant in the case of the Taluk Accounts and by those of the Revenue Inspector in the case of Village Accounts.

11. Tahsildars and Revenue Inspectors shall see when on tour that overpayments have been adjusted and refunds made and entered in the Village Account Nos. 14 and 16 and in the ryot's receipts.

12. In order that karnams may not be put to unnecessary inconvenience, and their work in the villages interfered with by their being detained for more than a few days away from their villages the Tahsildar shall summon them in batches and give the Taluk D.C. and B. clerks extra help for the time being to enable them to check the accounts expeditiously. If this be done the karnams should not be detained away from their villages for more than two days on an average.

If possible the Divisional Officer should arrange for their being summoned in batches for this purpose to convenient centres as near their villages as possible.

No. 14.—*Abstract of Collections from each individual in the village of Taipakkam for fasli* 1316.

(1)	Land revenue and cess. (2)	Process-service fees. (3)	Interest. (4)	Special funds. (5)	Remarks. (6)
			No. 1, Raman.		
FASLI 1315.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Demand	5 0 0	..	..	..	
Collections.					
4th November 1906	3 0 0	..	..	..	
10th December 1906	1 0 0	..	..	..	
Irrecoverable amount written off	1 0 0	..	..	..	Tahsildar's Takid, dated 4th July 1907.
Total ..	5 0 0	..	..	..	
Balance ..	..	..	..	..	
FASLI 1316.					
Demand	32 13 6	..	1 2 1	..	
Collections.					
4th November 1906	3 0 0	..	..	..	
10th December 1906	4 0 0	..	0 5 7	..	
10th January 1907	5 0 0	..	0 1 7	..	
13th February 1907	15 0 0	..	0 1 4	..	
20th March 1907	12 0 0	..	0 4 3	..	
Total ..	39 0 0	..	0 12 9	..	
Balance ..	..	..	0 5 4	..	0 5 4
Overpayment ..	6 2 6	..	..	..	6 2 9
			No. 2, Viran.		
FASLI 1316.					
Demand	187 2 6	..	5 2 2	..	
Collections.					
2nd July 1906	..	..	1 0 0	..	
4th August 1906	..	..	0 3 10	..	
8th September 1906	..	..	0 1 5	..	
7th November 1906	..	..	1 0 5	..	
15th December 1906	10 0 0	..	0 12 0	..	
9th January 1907	62 0 0	..	0 11 2	..	
10th February 1907	75 0 0	..	0 2 5	..	
15th March 1907	35 0 0	..	0 3 1	..	
12th May 1907	15 2 6	..	0 4 8	..	
7th June 1907	..	..	0 2 8	..	
Irrecoverable amount written off	..	..	0 1 11	..	
Total ..	197 2 6	..	4 11 7	..	
Balance ..	..	..	0 6 7	..	0 6 7
Overpayment ..	10 0 0	..	..	..	10 0 0

No. 14-A.—*Demand, collection and balance statement for the village of Taipakkam.*

	Land revenue and cesses.					Process-service fees.	Interest.	Special fees.	Remarks.
	Fasli 1313.	Fasli 1314.	Fasli 1315.	Current fasli 1316.	Total.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
			RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		
Demand	..	..	15 0 0	380 6 0	395 6 0	8 14 0	6 4 3	..	..
Collections.									
1. Raman	..	..	4 0 0	33 10 8	37 10 8	..	1 2 1	..	
2. Veeran	..	..	..	187 2 6	187 2 6	..	4 11 7	..	
3. Veeran and Sellan	..	..	..	48 3 2	48 3 2	..	..	..	
4.	..	..	..	14 6 6	14 6 6	..	..	..	
5.	..	..	3 10 6	13 2 0	16 12 6	..	..	..	
6.	..	..	3 10 6	6 4 6	9 15 0	..	..	..	
7.	..	..	..	..	..	5 0 0	..	..	..
8.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Irrecoverable amount written off ..	..	..	1 0 0	..	1 0 0	..	..	..	
Total ..	..	..	12 5 0	362 0 2	374 5 2	5 0 0	5 13 3	..	
Balance ..	..	..	2 11 0	29 3 0	31 14 0	..	0 6 7	..	
Overpayment	..	..	..	10 13 2	10 13 2	1 2 0	..	..	

No. 14-C.—*Statement showing the details of overpayments realized in the village of Taipakkam for fasli* 1316.

Number and name of individuals.	Item.	Fasli.	Demand.	Collection.	Over-payment.	In what month the over-payment was made and in what amount included.	In what month the overpayment was adjusted.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Section I.								
			RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.			
1. Raman	Land revenue and cesses.	1316	32 13 6	33 10 8	0 13 2	Collected in February and March 1907 and including in Rs. 27 and Rs. 23–4–0 remitted to the Treasury in those months.	August 1907.	
4. Guruswami	Do.	1316	4 6 6	14 6 4	10 0 0	Collected in February and included in Rs. 27 remitted to the Treasury in that month.		
Section II.								
7. Nanjan	Process service fees.	1316	3 14 0	5 0 0	1 2 0	Collected in March and included in Rs. 23–4–0 remitted in that month.		

M. I. D. S. LIBRARY MADRAS.

LIST OF AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF TAMIL NADU GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

In Madras City:

Messrs. Account Test Institute, Egmore, Madras-8.
Messrs. The City Book Company, Madras-4.
Messrs. Higginbothams (Private) Limited, Madras-2. 2
Messrs. New Century Book House (Private) Limited, Madras-9.
Messrs. P. Varadachari & Company, Madras-1.
Messrs. C. Subbiah Chetty and Sons, Madras-5.
The Educational Agencies, Book-sellers, Madras-1.
Messrs. The Universal Book House, Moore Market, Madras-3.
Messrs. C. Sethuraman and Company, 33, Royapettah High Road, Madras-14.
Messrs. Mohan Pathipagam and Book Depot, Madras-5.
Messrs. C. Venkatesan Chetty and Company, No. 8-C, Pycrofts Road, Triplicane, Madras-5.
The South India Saiva Sidhantha Works Publishing Society (Tirunelveli) Limited, 1/10, Prakasam Salai, Madras.
The Sangam Publishers, 11, Sunkumara Chetty Street, Madras-1.
The Sangam Publishers, No. 11, Sunkurama Chetty Street, Madras-1.

In Mofussil of Tamil Nadu.

Sri E. M. Gopalakrishna Kone, Madurai District.
Sri A. Venkatasubban Company, Vellore, North Arcot District.
Messrs. Bharathamatha Book Depot, Thanjavur, Thanjavur District.
Messrs. P. V. Nathan & Co., Kumbakonam, Thanjavur District.
Messrs. Appar Book Stall, Thanjavur.
Messrs. P. N. Swaminathasivam & Co., Pudukottai, Tiruchirappalli District.
Messrs. S. Krishnaswami & Company, Tiruchirappalli.
Messrs. Palaniappa Brothers, Tiruchirappalli.
Messrs. R. Subramania Pillai, Tirunelveli, Tirunelveli District.
Sri B. Aruldoss, Villupuram Town, South Arcot District.
Messrs. Vasanthani Stores, Book Sellers, Cross Cut Road, Coimbatore.
Sri V. B. Ganesan, Villupuram, South Arcot District.
Messrs. Mercury Book Company, 223, Rajah Street, Coimbatore.
Sri S. M. Jegannathan, Book Seller and Publishers, Nagercoil, Kanyakumari District.
Messrs. Ganesh Stores, South Car Street, Sivakasi.
Messrs. Mary Martin Book-sellers, Kottagiri, Nilgiris.
Messrs. A. K. Chandriah Chettiar and Sons, Salem.
Messrs. The Parameswari Book Shop, Sub-dealer, Tamil Nadu Text Books, Salem-1.
Messrs. Meenakshi Pathipagam, Pudukottai.
Messrs. K. V. Narayana Iyer and Sons, Dindigul, Madurai District.
Messrs. Balaji Book House, Vellore, North Arcot District.
Messrs. Jayakumari Stores, Nagercoil, Kanyakumari District.
Messrs. Baby Stores, Book-sellers, Villupuram, South Arcot District.
Messrs. Dinamani Stores, Coimbatore-8.
Messrs. Bharathi Puthagalayam, Publishers and Book-sellers, I-B, Town Hall Road, Madurai-1.
Messrs. Kumaran Book Depot, Book-sellers, Erode-1.
Messrs. Vela Book Company Publishers and Book-sellers, No. 4, Annaji Rao Street, Erode.
Messrs. Radhamani Stores, 60, A, Raja Street, Coimbatore-1.
Messrs. Radhamani Stores, 60-A, Raja Street, Coimbatore-1.
Messrs. Ajantha Book Centre, Salem.

In Other State.

Messrs. Jain Book Agency, New Delhi-1.
Messrs. International Book House, Trivandrum.
Messrs. Firma K. L. Mukhopadhyay, Calcutta-12.
Messrs. Book Links Corporation, Narayanguda, Hyderabad-23.
Messrs. The Book Syndicate, Hyderabad-1.
Messrs. New Script, Calcutta-29.
Messrs. Labour Law Publications, Hyderabad.
Puthagalayam, Pondicherry.
Lyall Book Depot, Ludhiyana.
Kalidasan Agencies, Srivaikuntam.
Prabhu Book Service, Haryana.